



# Earthquake Research and Monitoring in the Pacific Northwest

## Pacific Northwest Seismograph Network & EarthScope

by Steve Malone  
Research Professor Emeritus  
Dept. Earth & Space Sciences  
University of Washington

Presentation using material from many seismologists and volcanologists  
EarthScope Workshop - Mount Rainier Learning Center - Apr. 2008





# Earthscope - Comparison to a regional seismic network (the PNSN)

Earthscope	PNSN
New effort - last 5 years	> 40 years old
New modern equipment	Much is old analog equipment
Well funded from one source	Only recently well funded, many sources
USArray - temporary	Permanent
Primarily for science	Many, sometimes conflicting, goals
Professional, full-time management and staff	Professorial, part-time management staff includes students





# **PNSN Mission:** **Public Service, Research, Education**

**The PNSN is responsible for**





# **PNSN Mission: Public Service, Research, Education**

**The PNSN is responsible for**

- **Seismic monitoring of Washington & Oregon as part of the USGS “Advanced National Seismic System” (ANSS)**
- **Supporting and engaging in research into earthquake and volcanic hazards**
- **Educating the geo-scientists of tomorrow**



# PNSN Clients / Stakeholders

- Scientists - UW and others
- Engineers - structural, civil
- Emergency response officials - local & state
- Students - university and secondary Schools
- Press - local and national
- Public - phone, web, e-mail and in person





# PNSN Organization

- UW - Recording Processing Center
- USGS CVO - share volcano monitoring
- Batelle Northwest Labs - service eastern Washington
- University of Oregon - service southern Oregon



# PNSN funding / support

## Operational funding

- U.S. Geological Survey
- State of Washington
- University of Washington
- U.S. Department of Energy

## Capital Expansion

- U.S. Geological Survey
- Murdock Charitable Trust
- National Science Foundation - USArray
- Oregon DOGAMI
- State of Washington - WDOT, EMD

## In-kind support

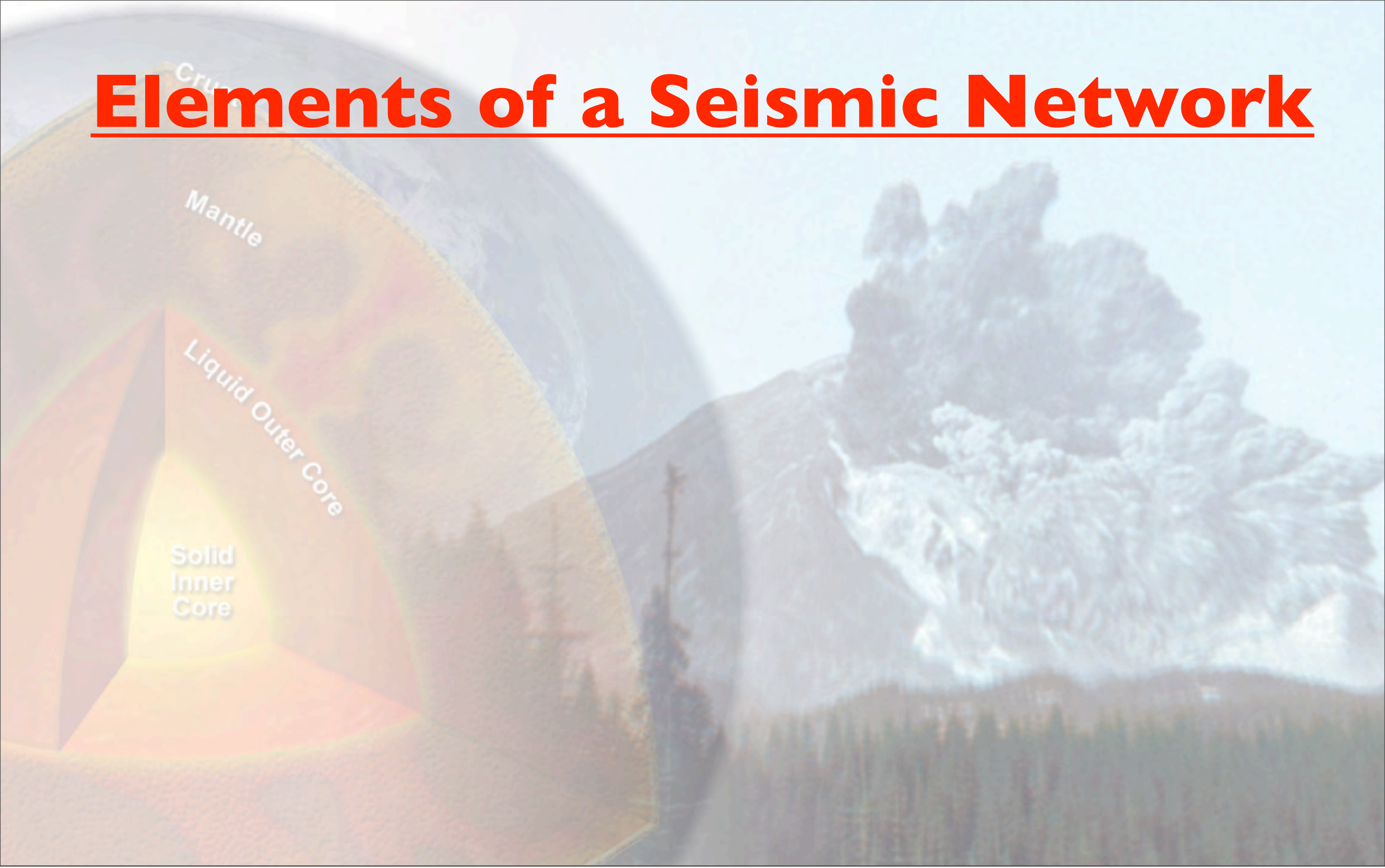
- Bonneville Power Administration
- IRIS DMC
- Puget Sound Energy
- Oregon DOT
- 34 School Districts
- 9 Municipalities
- 8 Private or public institutions

## Science research

- U.S. Geological Survey
- National Science Foundation
- State of Washington



# Elements of a Seismic Network





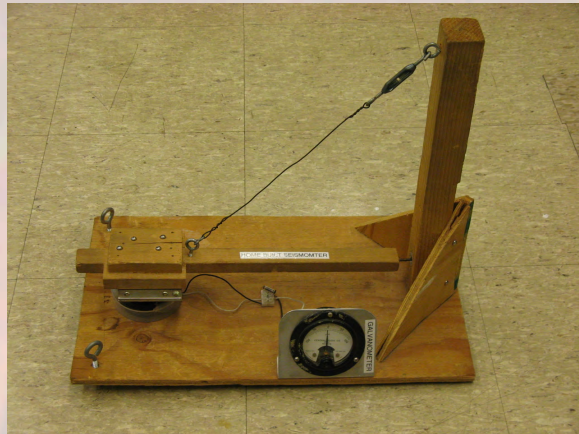
# Elements of a Seismic Network

- Seismometer - (sensor)
- Electronics (amplifier, digitizer/VCO)
- Telemetry (radio, telephone, internet)
- Receiver (discriminator, digitizer)
- Recording computer
- Detection software
- Display and analysis software

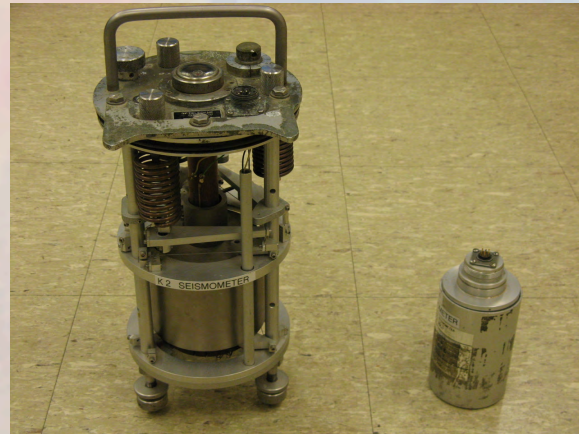


# Seismograph System

Toy Seismometer



Short-period seismometer



Broad-band seismometer



seismometer installation



Solid seismometer & electronics



telemetry installation



Receiving electronics and computers

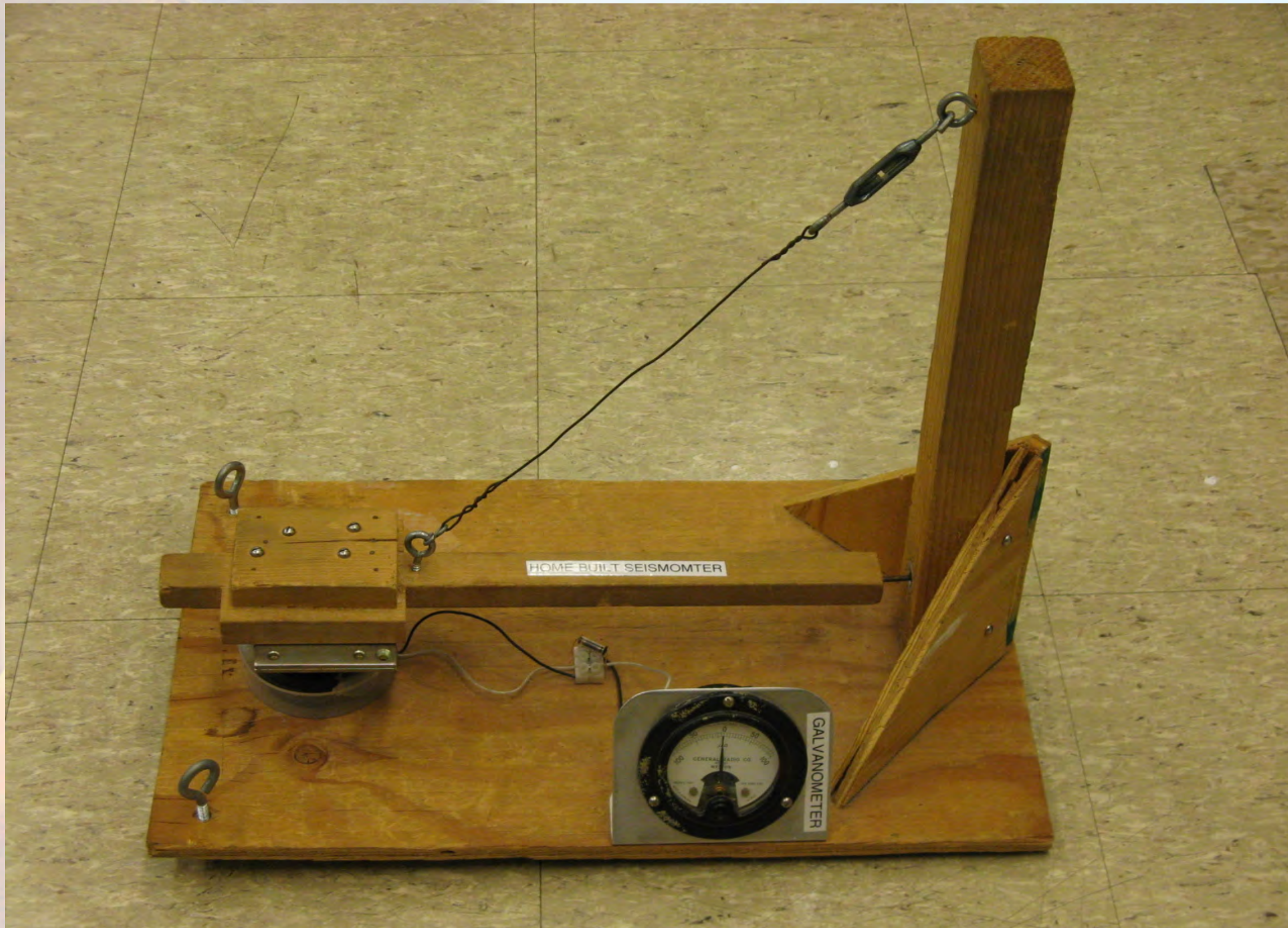


Display



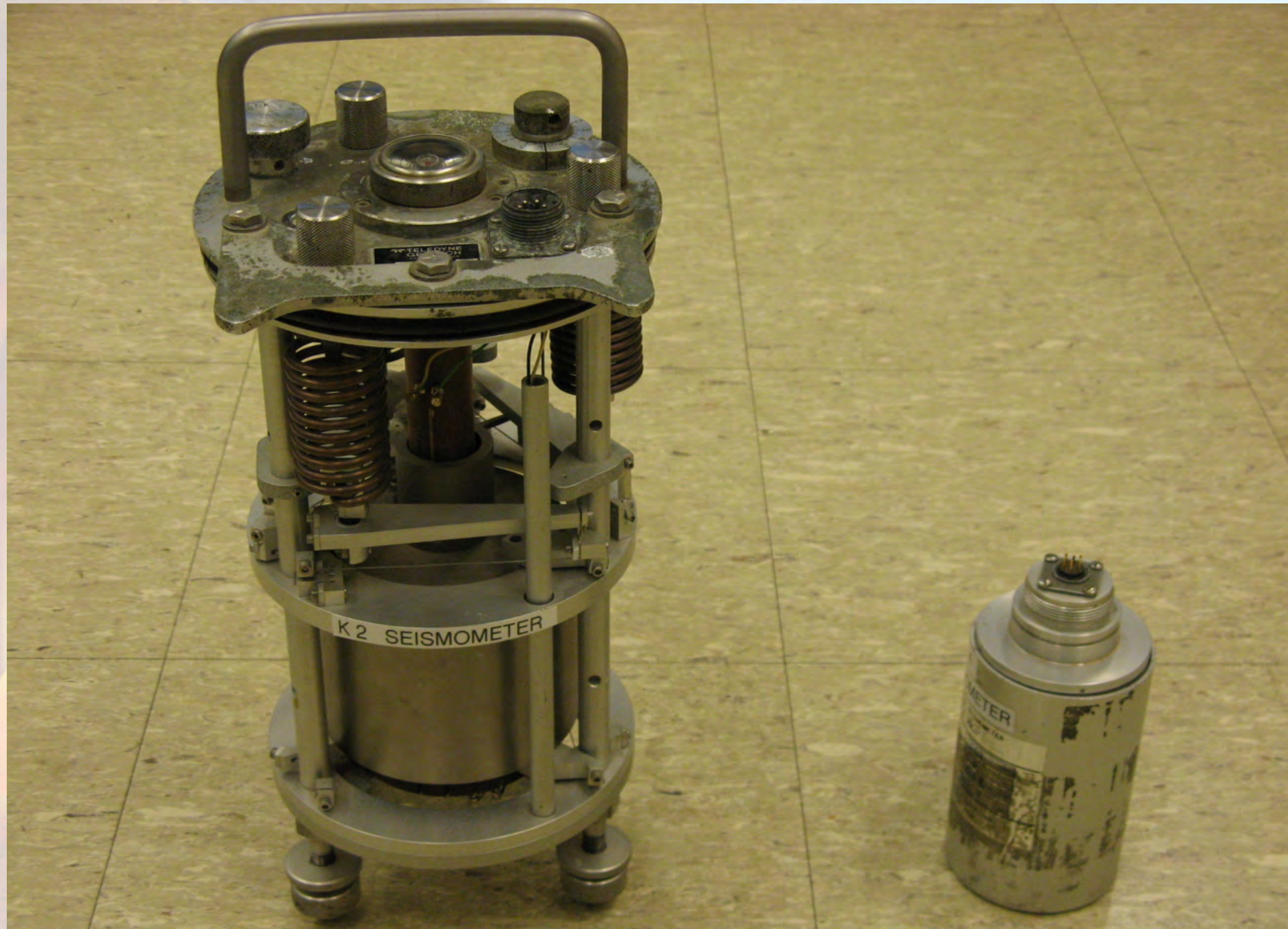


# Seismograph System





# Seismograph System





# Seismograph System





# Seismograph System





# Seismograph System





# Seismograph System





# Seismograph System





Crust

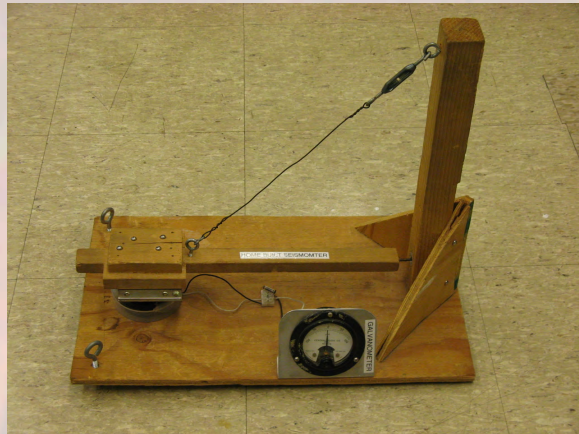
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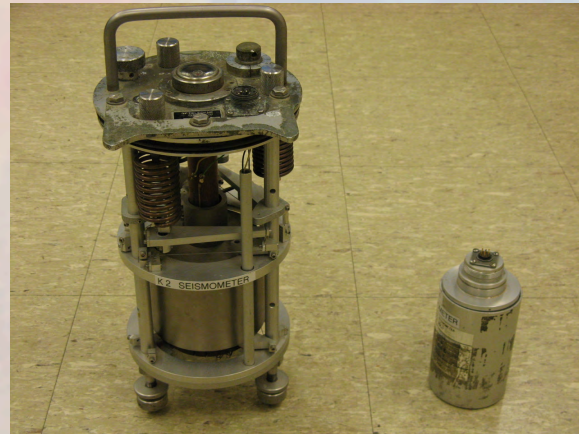


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Display





# PNSN

Pacific Northwest Seismic Network

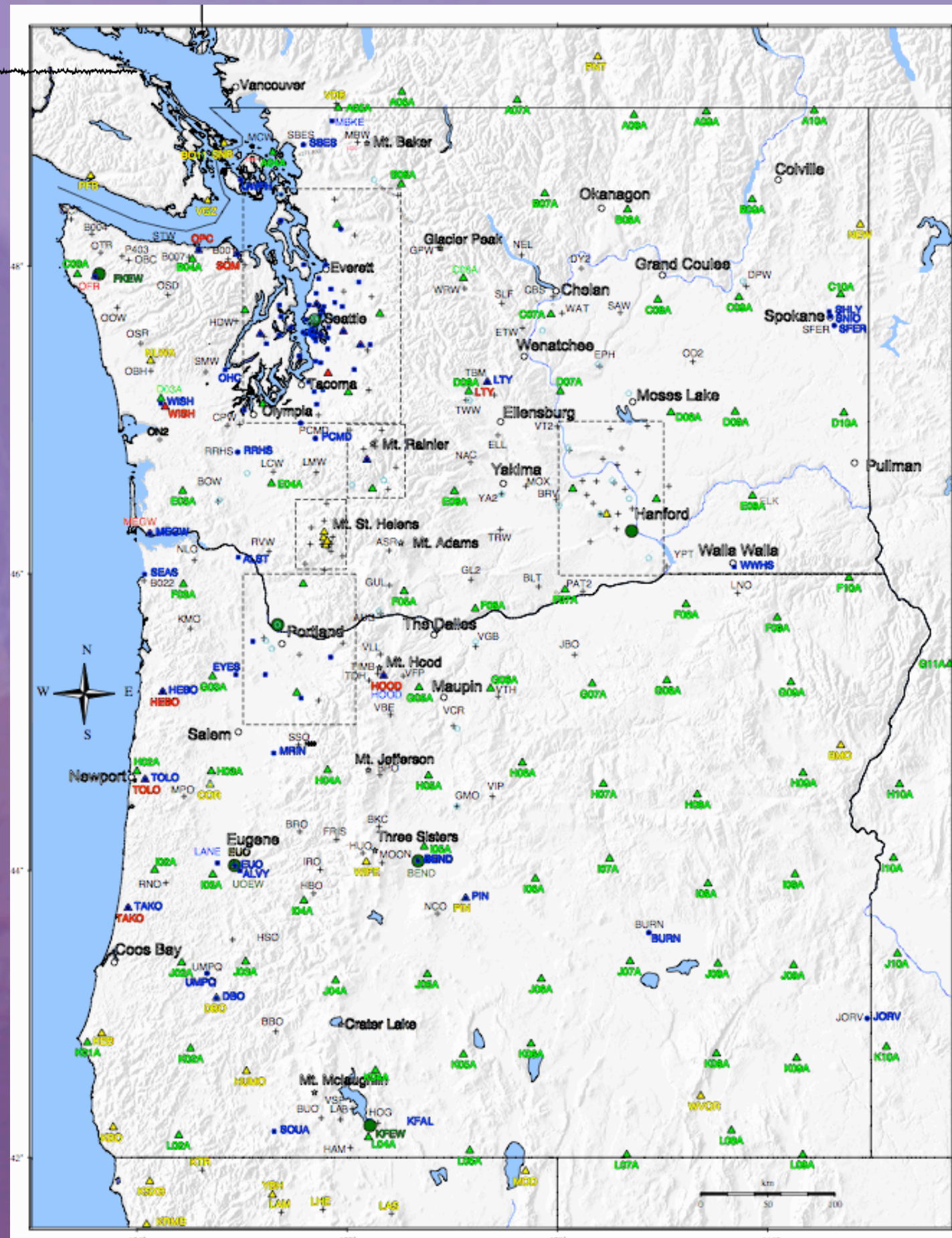
Mantle



Liquid Outer Core



Solid Inner Core

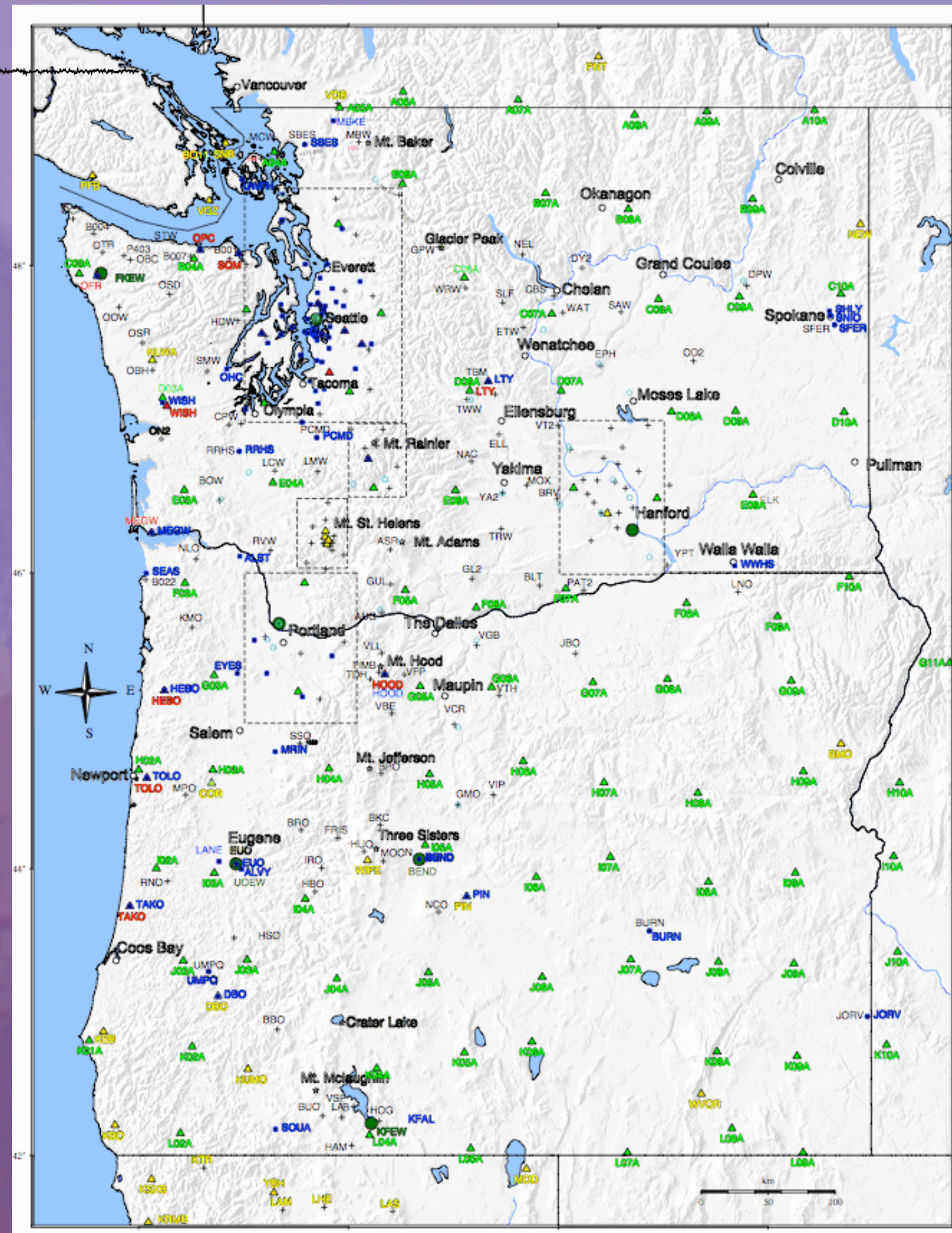




# PNSN

Pacific Northwest Seismic Network

- + 146 Short-period
- ▲ 22 Broad-band
- ▲ ~80 TA Broad-band
- ◻ 97 Strong-motion
- ~900 channels of data
- 6 data collection nodes
- 16 real-time computers

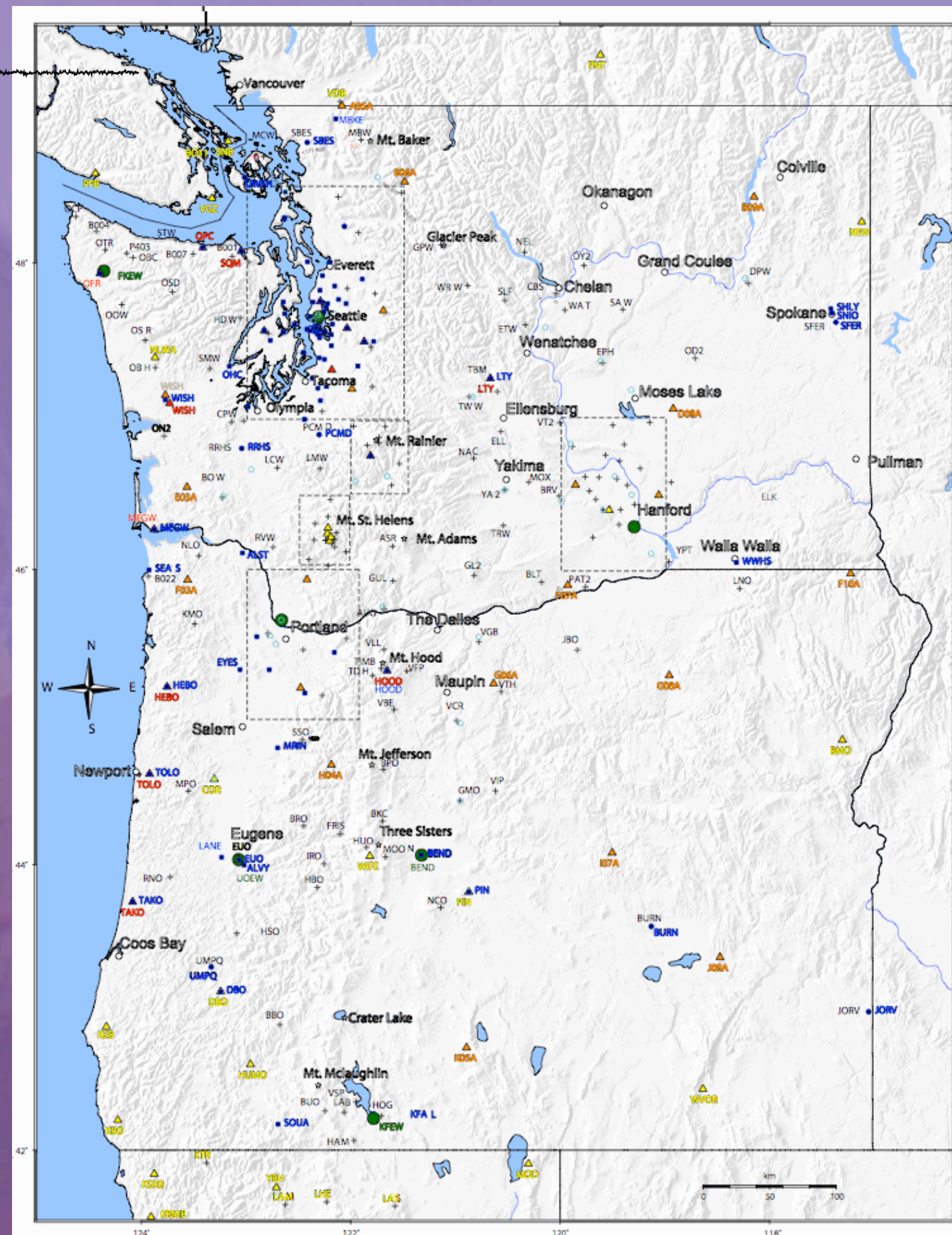




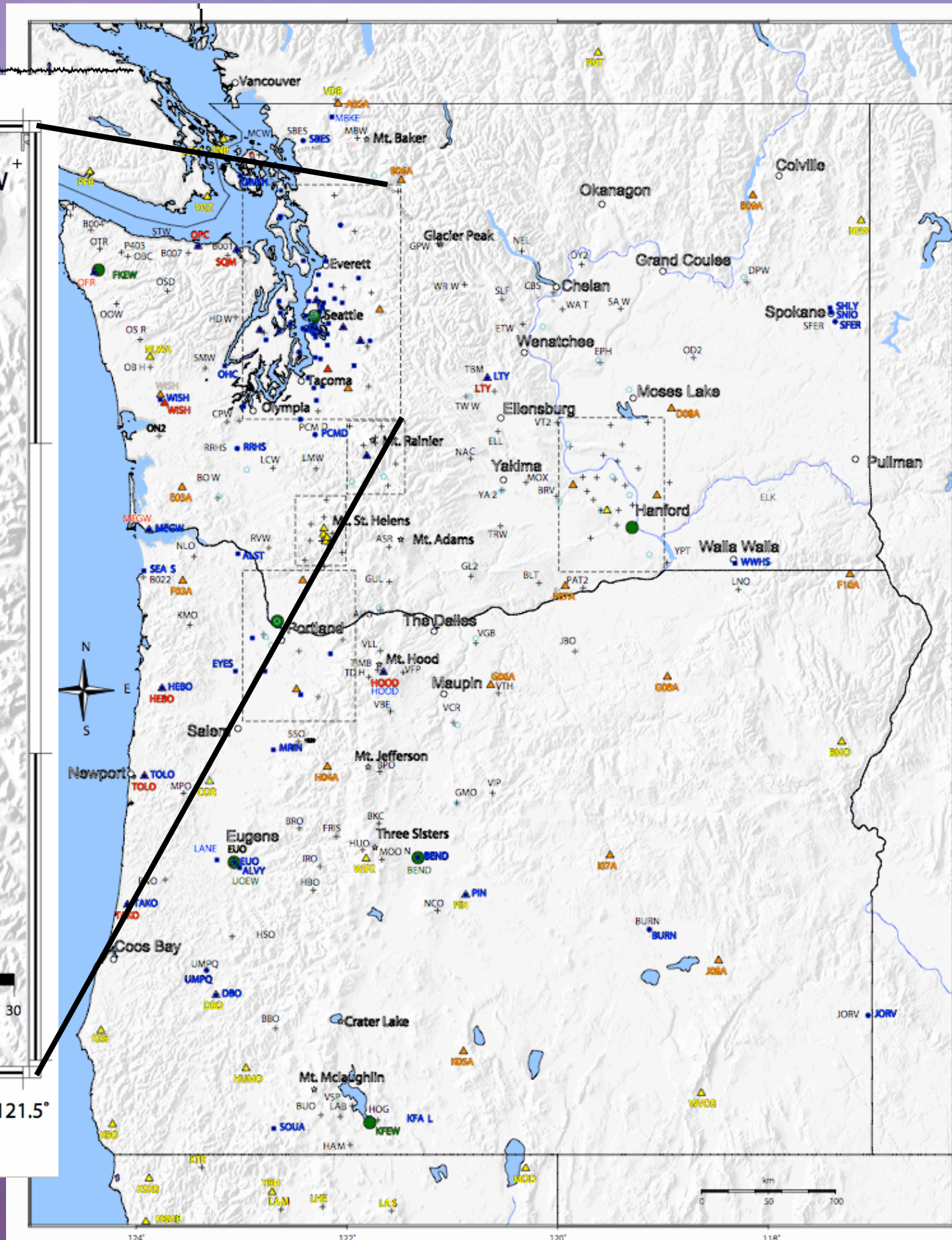
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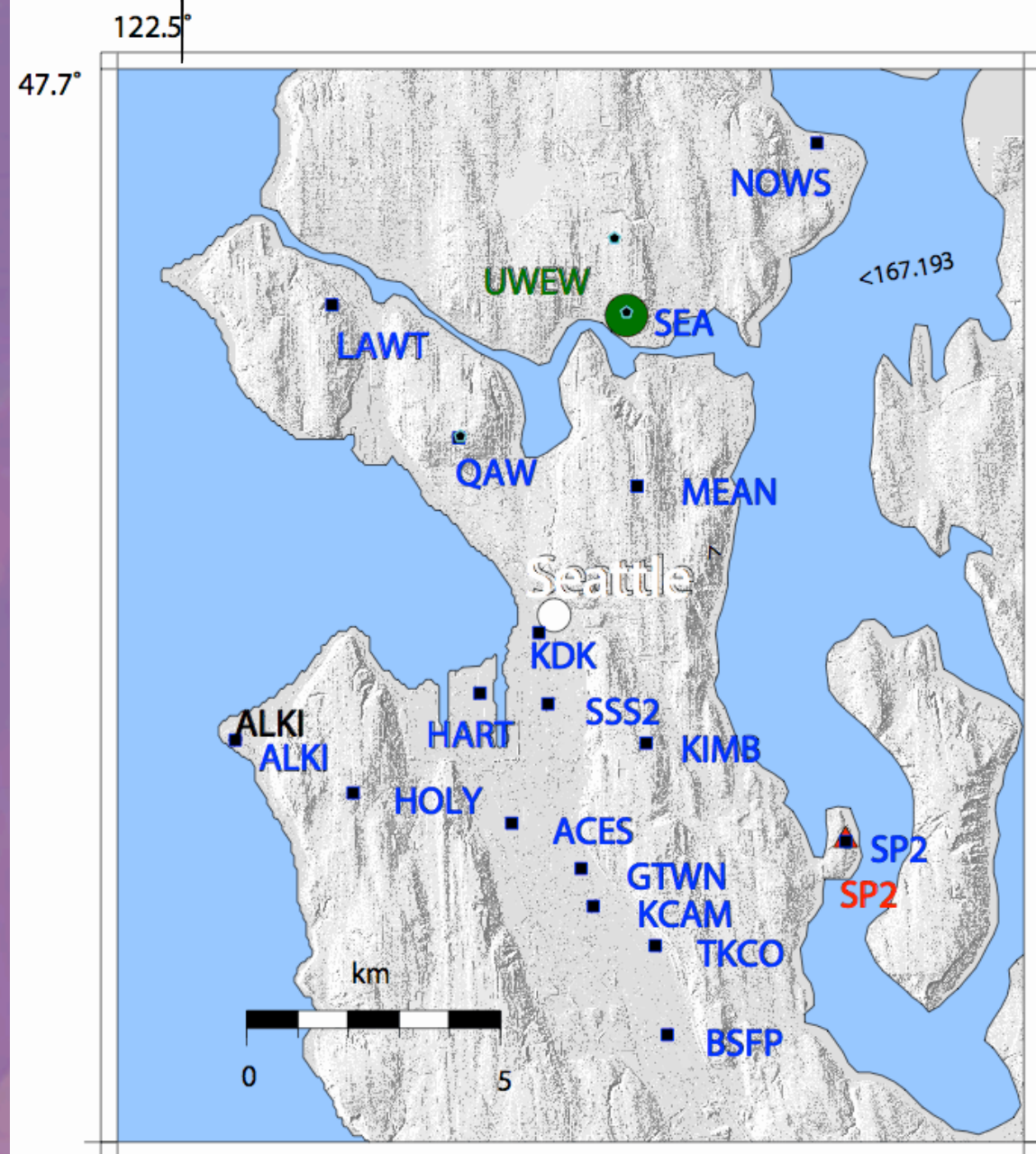
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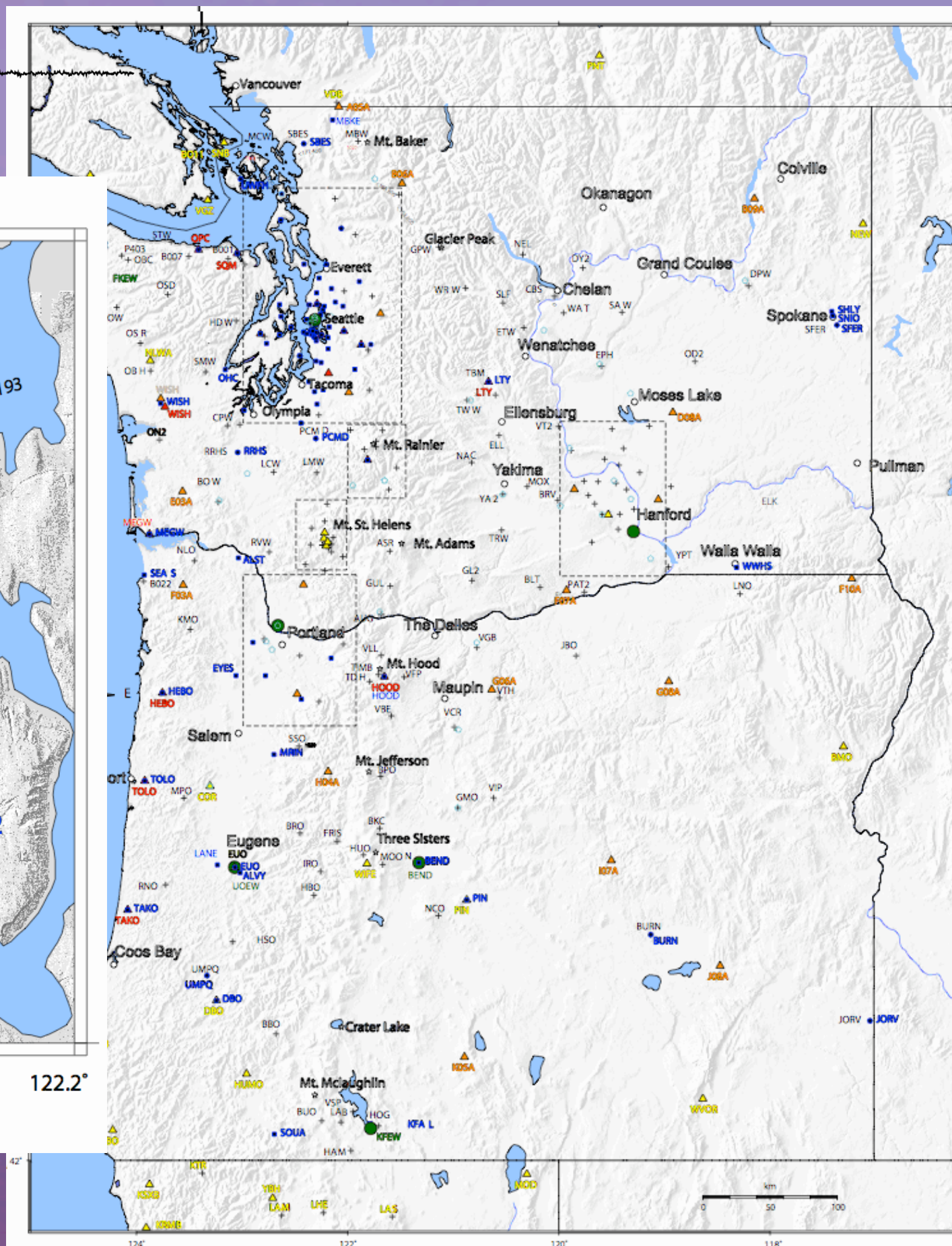






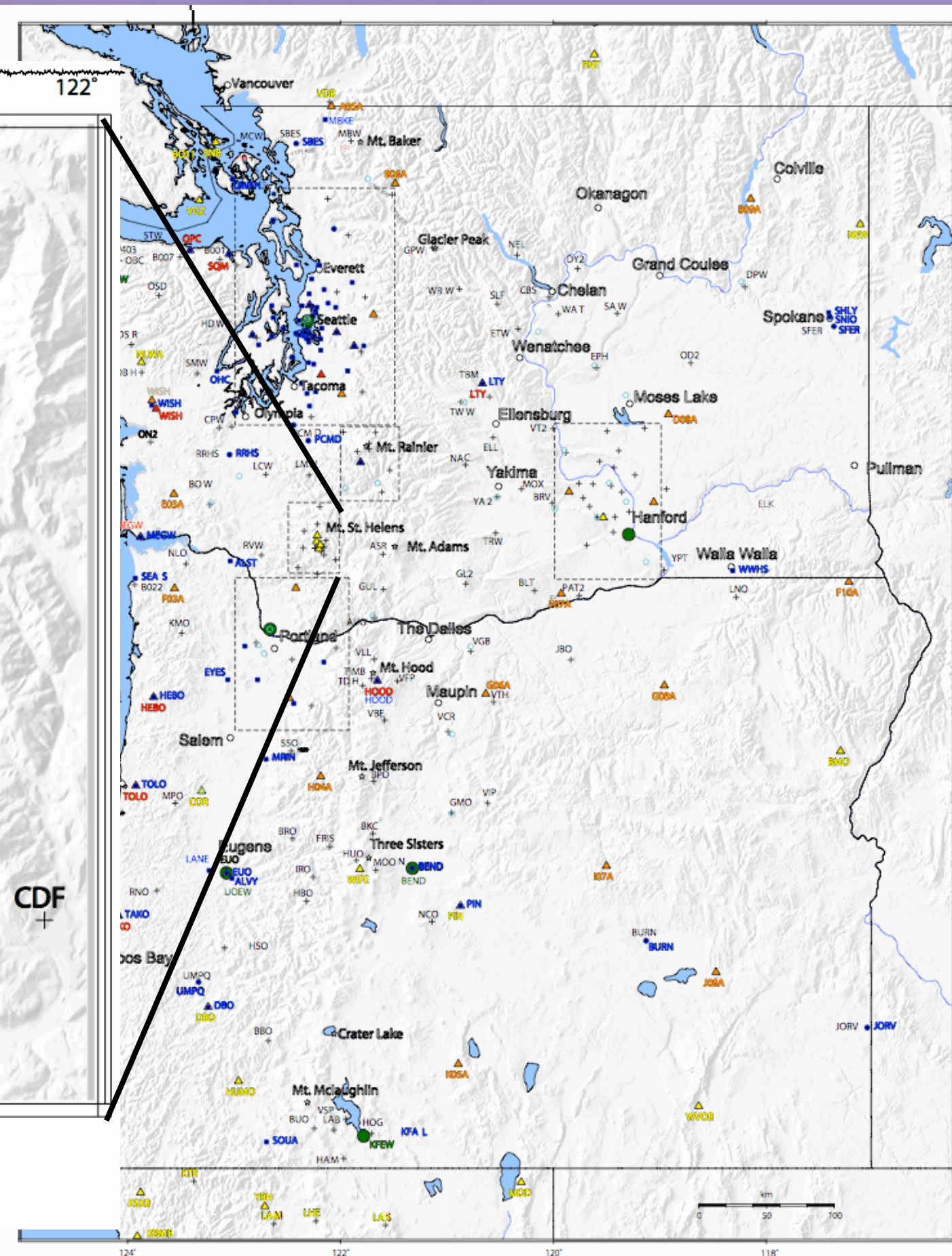


# Seattle



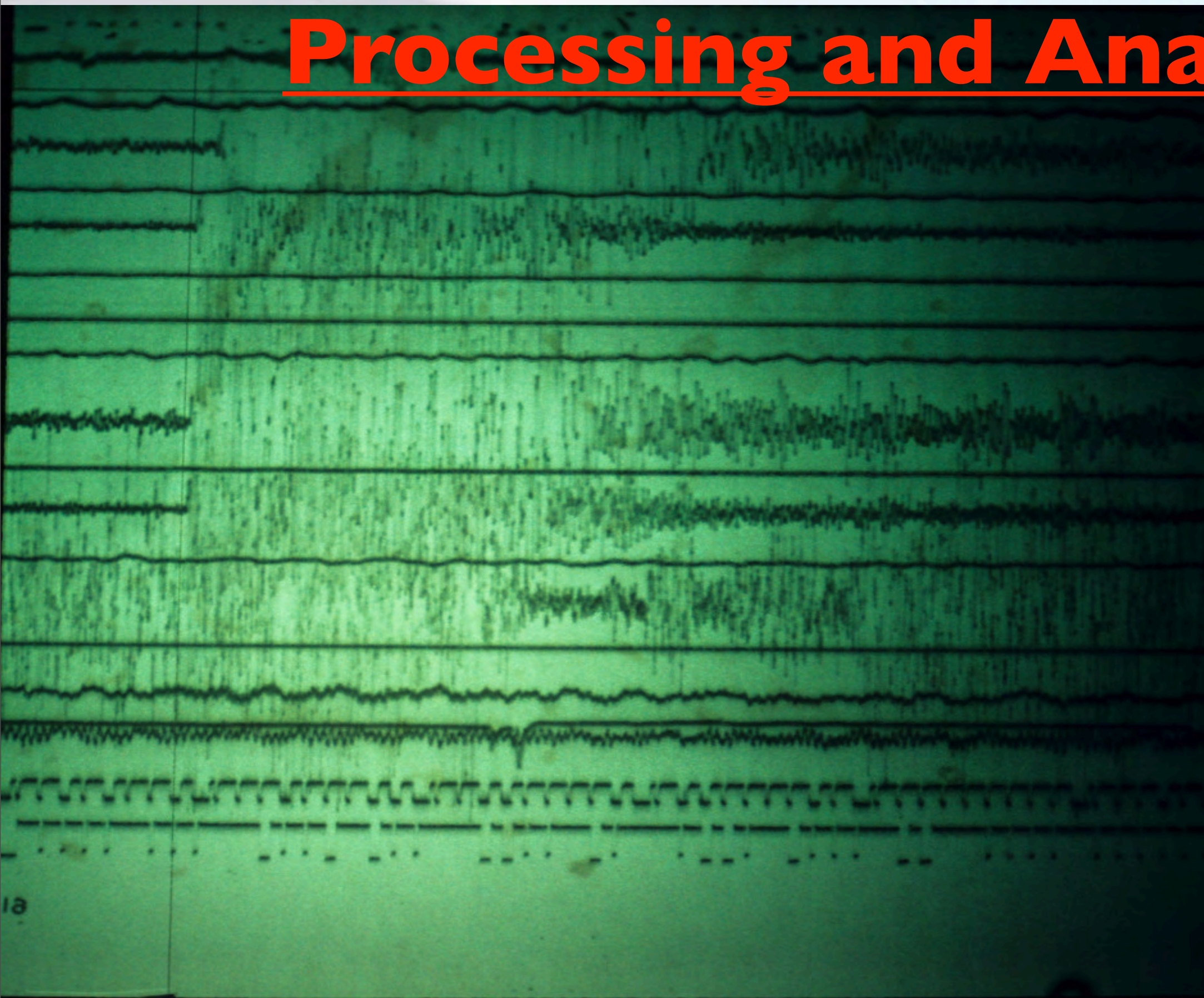


Pacific Northwest Seismic Network



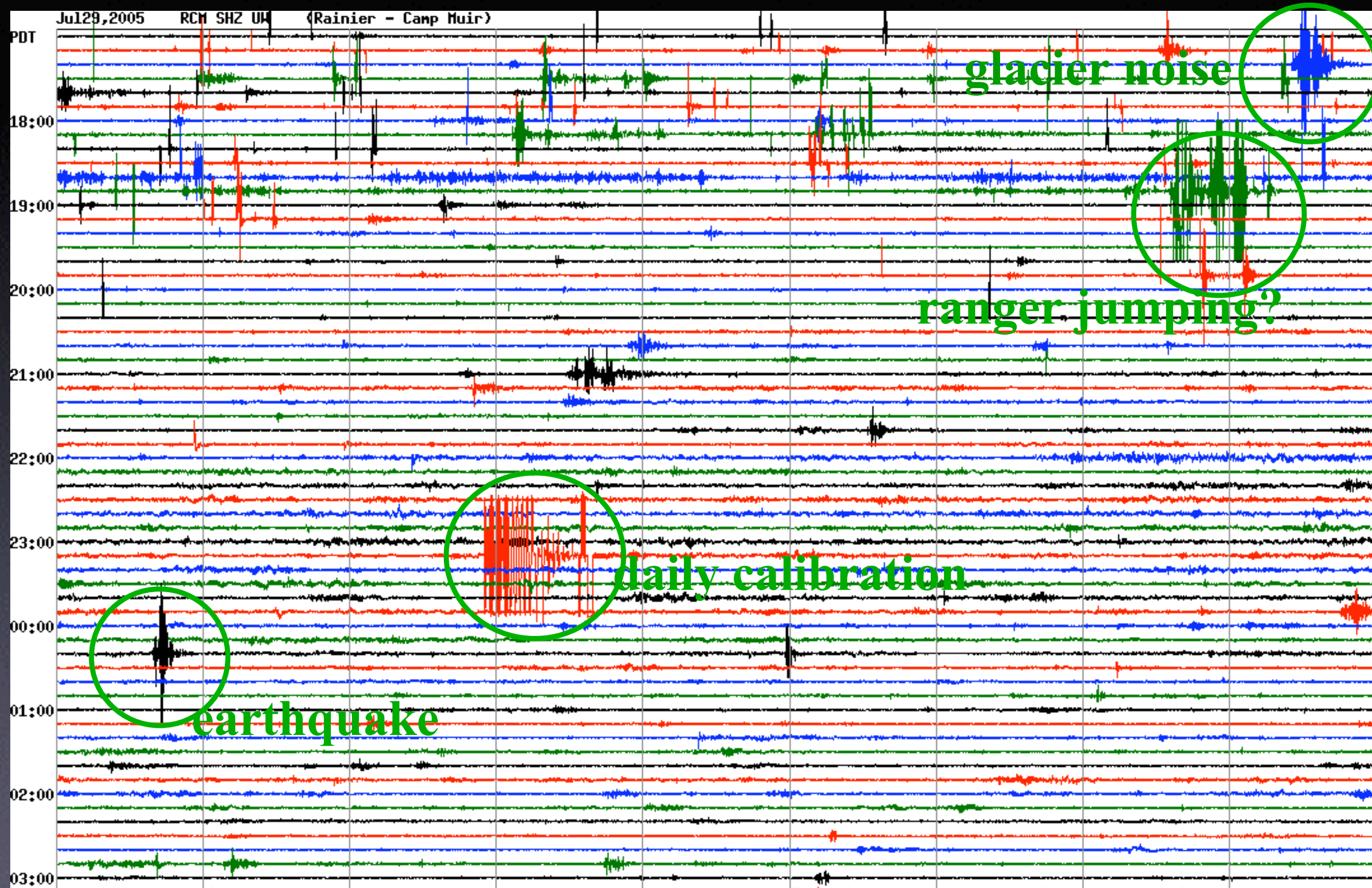


# Processing and Analysis





# Camp Muir



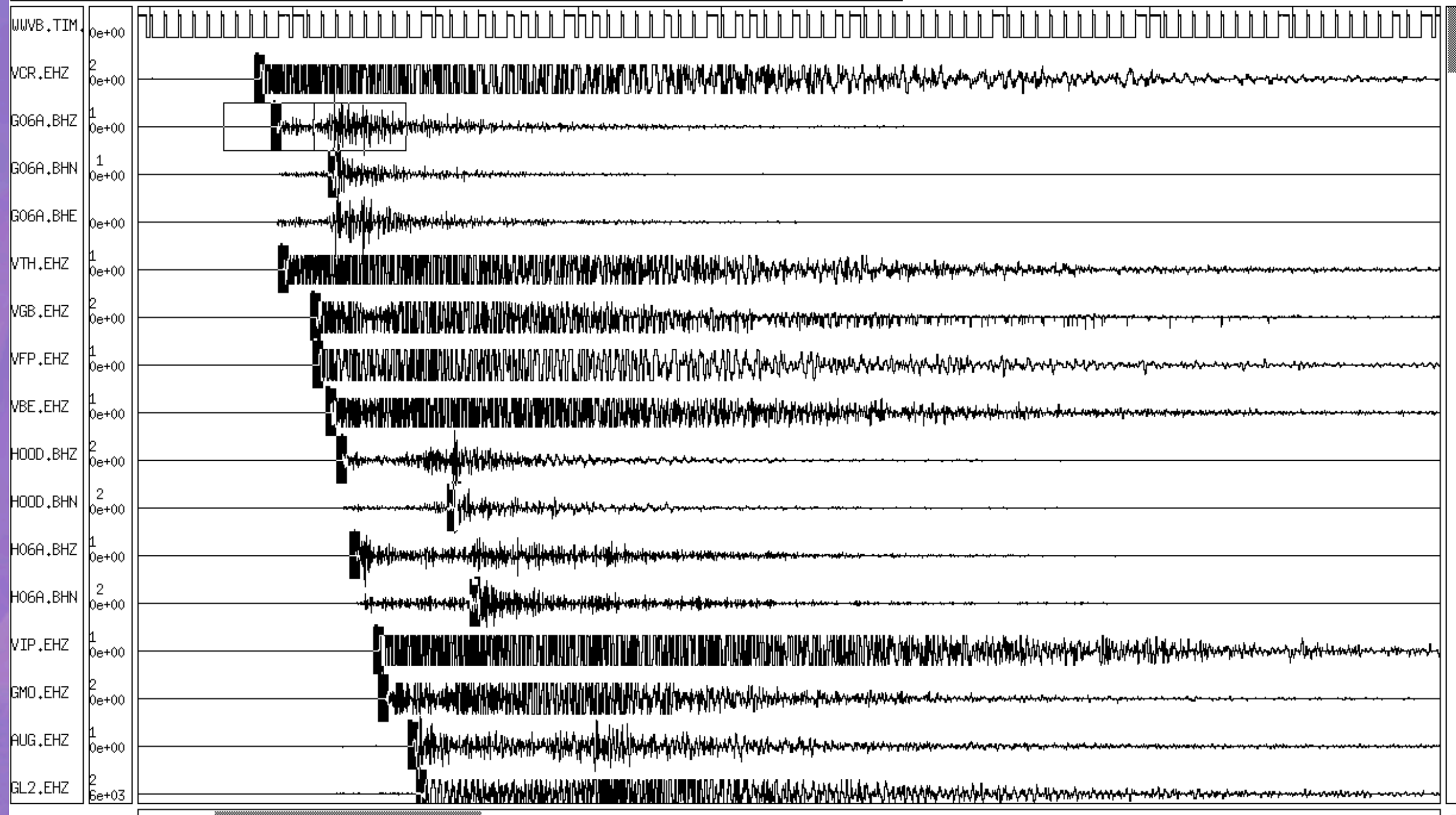


# Manual analysis

Pick File: 08040523385o Owner: pbodin  
Window starts: Apr 05, 2008 at 23:38:24.200  
Channels: 794 Length: 16273 points, 406 seconds

Location: 45.1287, -120.9407 Depth (km): 17.030 Mag.: 3.6  
No. of stations: 42 No. of phases: 42 Nearest Station: 16 km  
RMS Residual: 0.32 Quality: CA Event Type: " "

Event File Run Show/Hide Keep/Delete Picks Codas Cutoffs Sort Filter Compression Map... Help



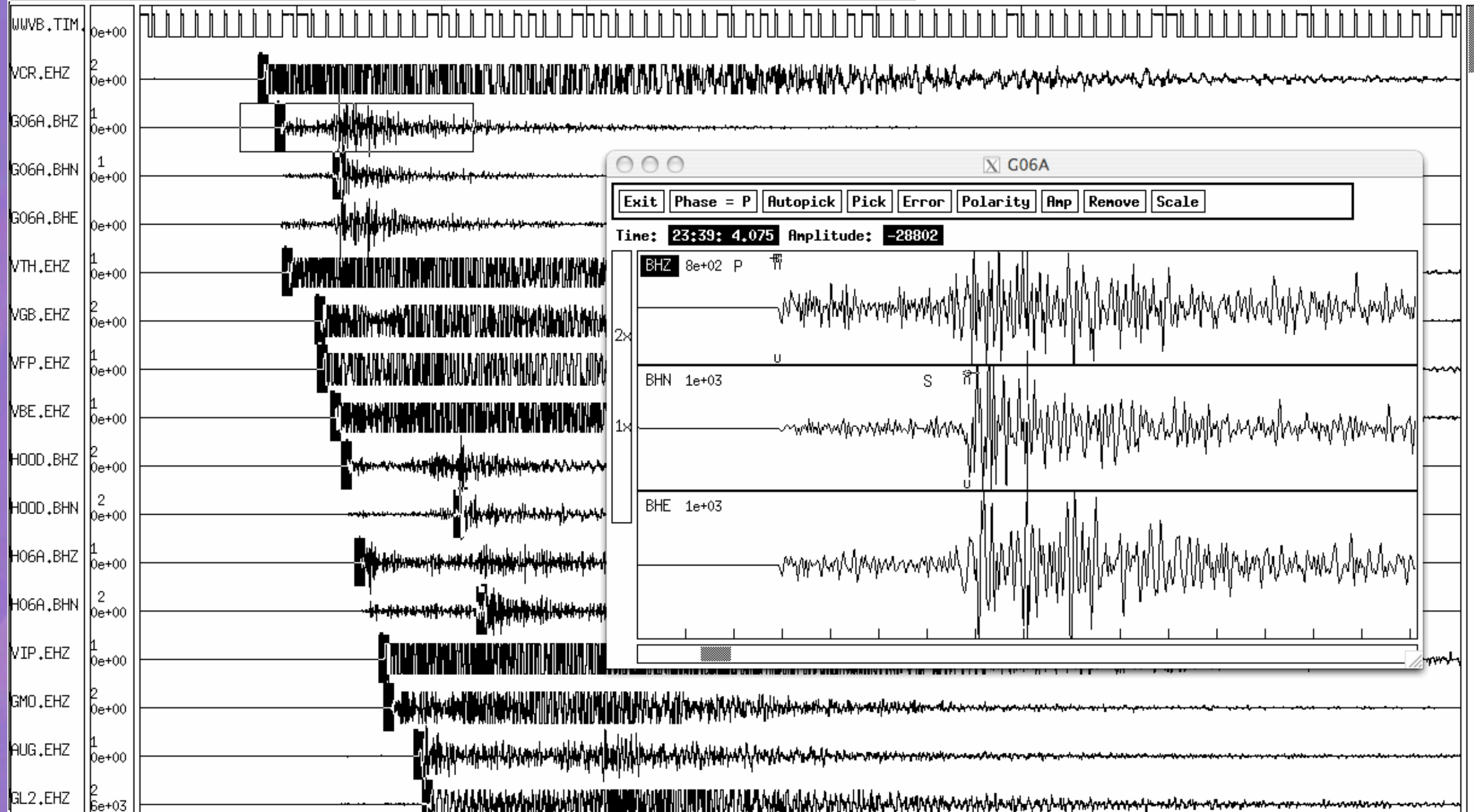


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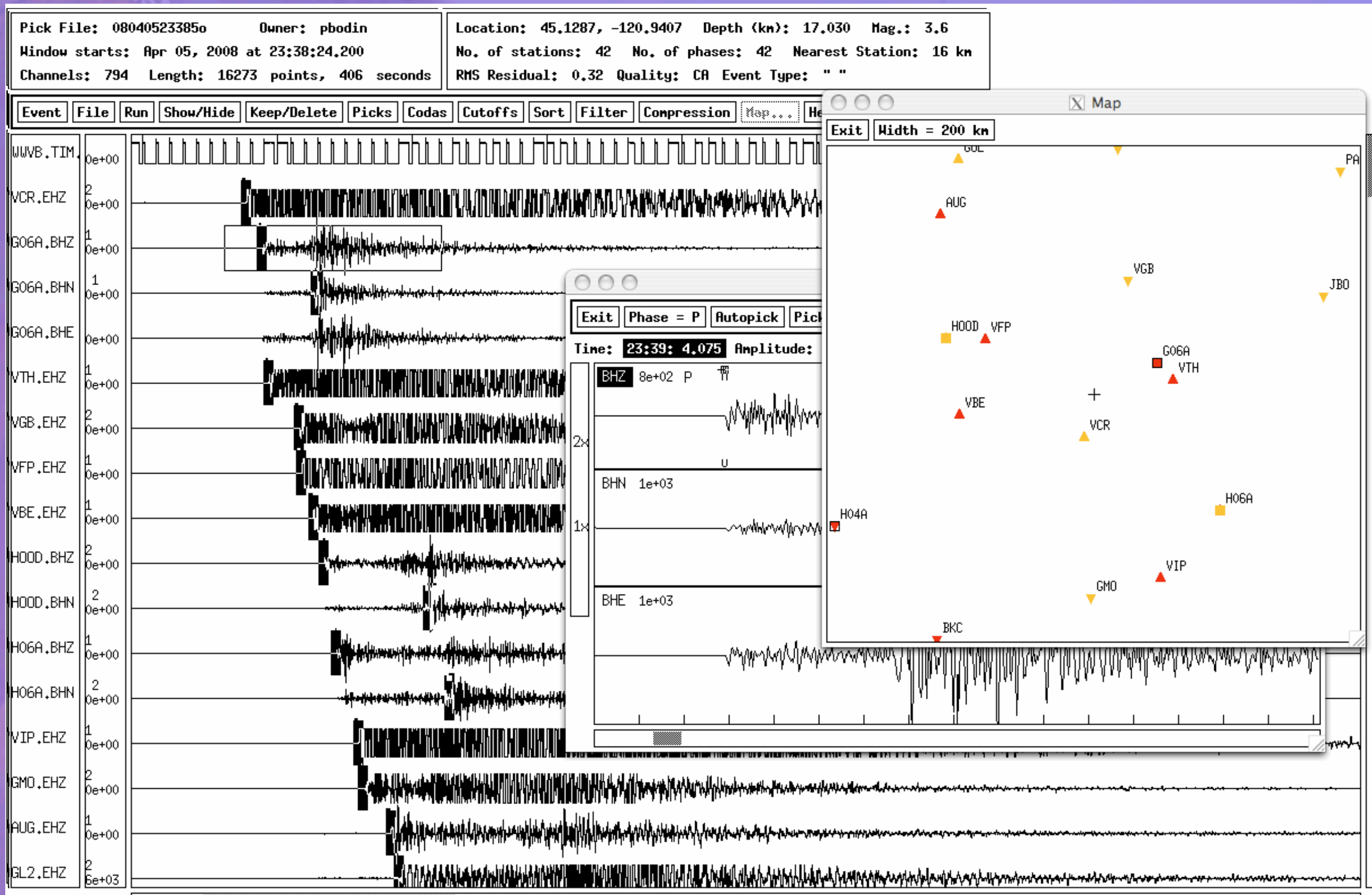
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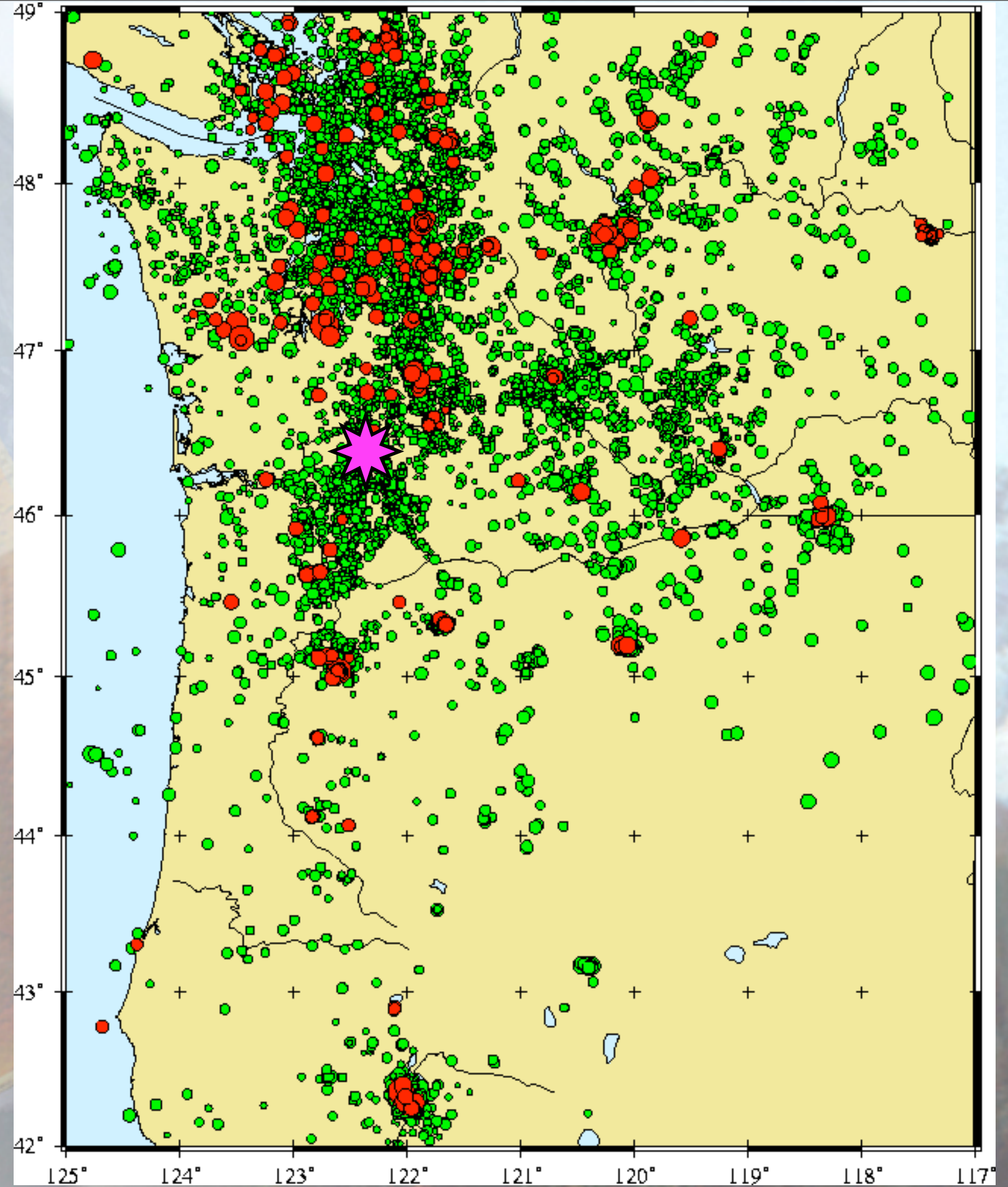




# Recent Earthquake Activity

Liquid Outer Core

Solid Inner Core



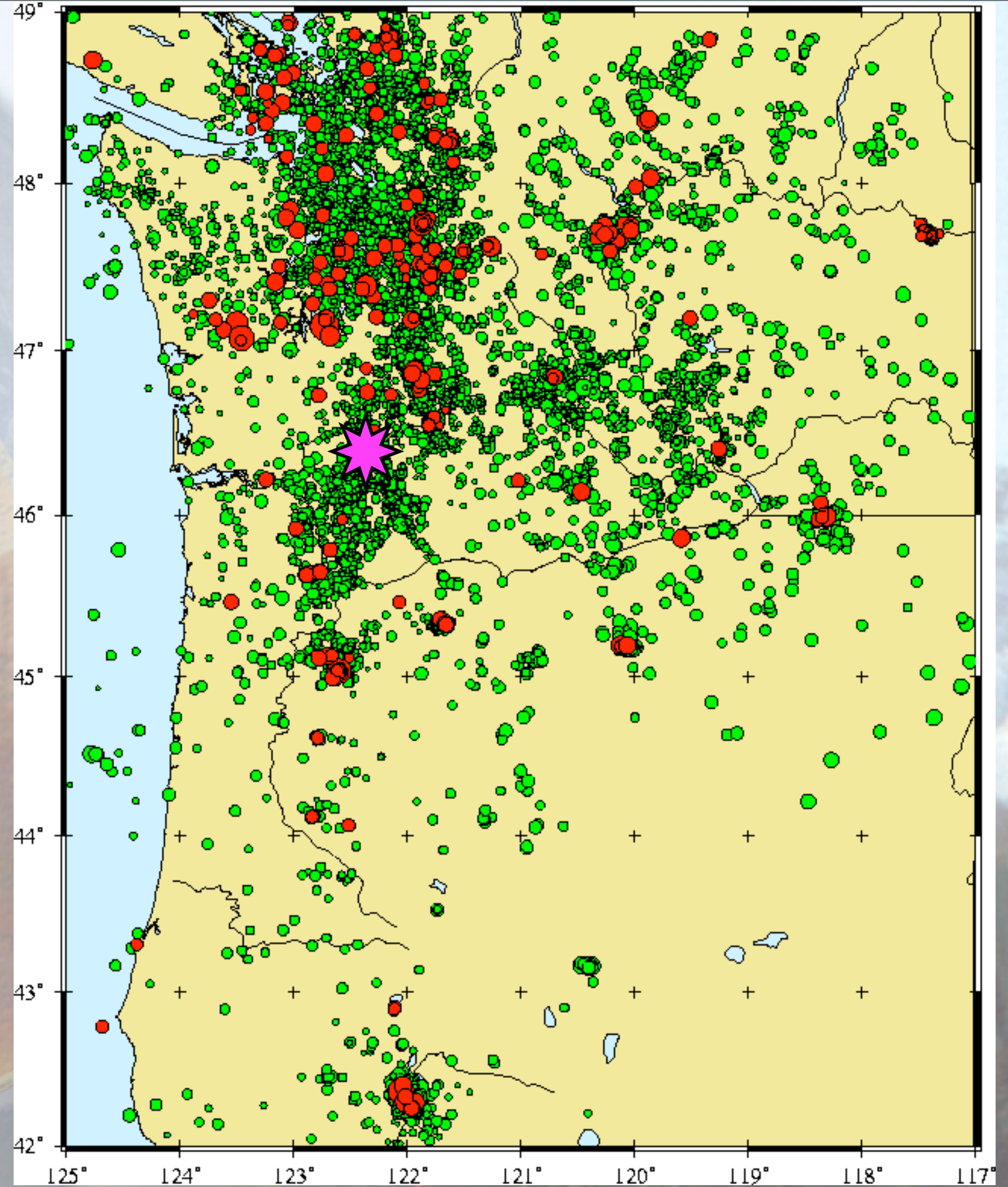


# Recent Earthquake Activity

1990 - 2004

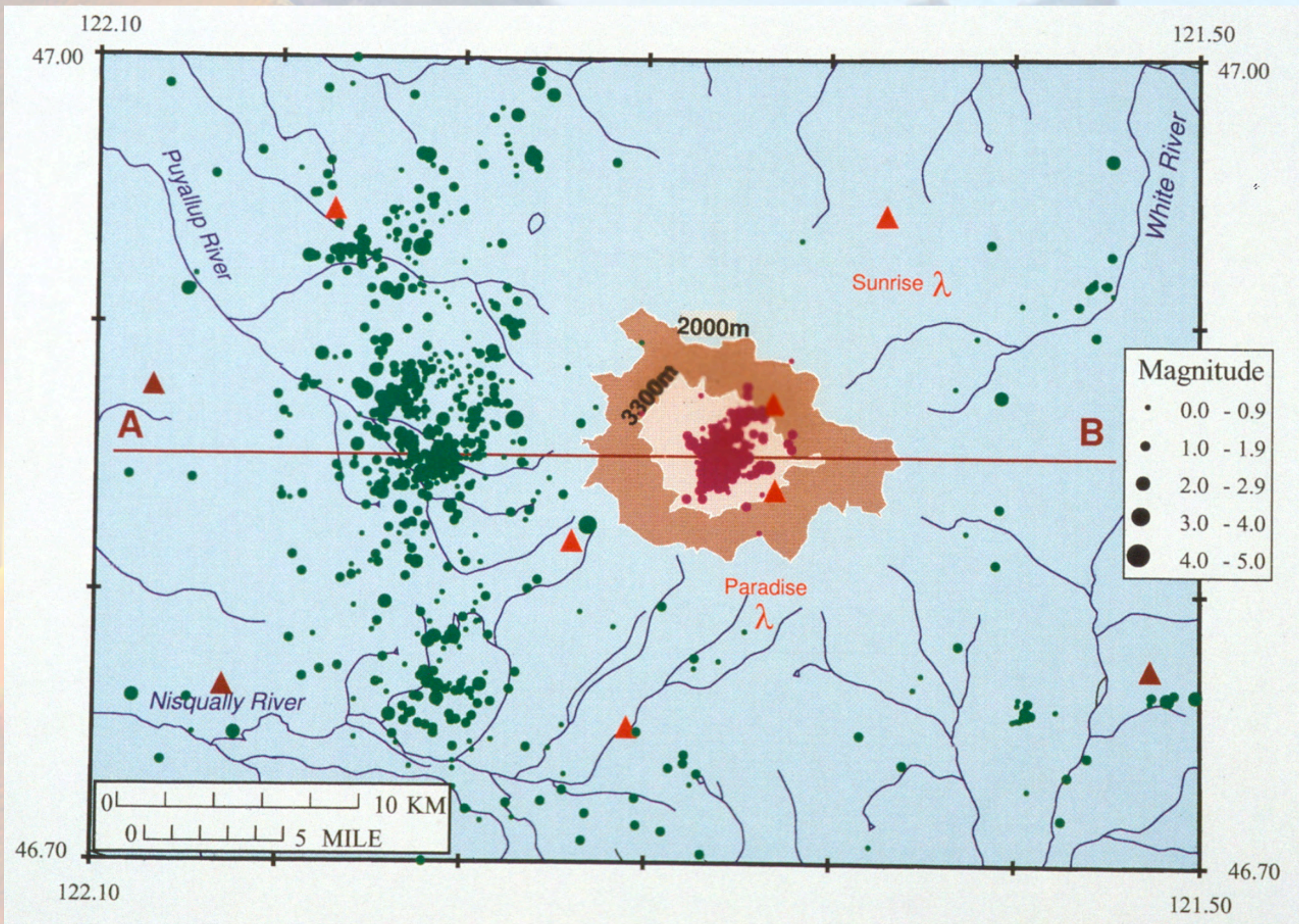
Mag > 0.5

- 27,900 events located
- 437 reported felt
- >2,000,000 at Mount St. Helens in 4 years





# Mount Rainier Seismicity







# **The PNSN using EarthScope facilities is involved in many different scientific Studies**

Just a few are highlighted here:





# **The PNSN using EarthScope facilities is involved in many different scientific Studies**

Just a few are highlighted here:

- Volcanic eruptions & Hazards
- Tectonics and earthquake hazards
- Episodic Tremor and Slip (ETS)
- Early Warning



# Volcano Research



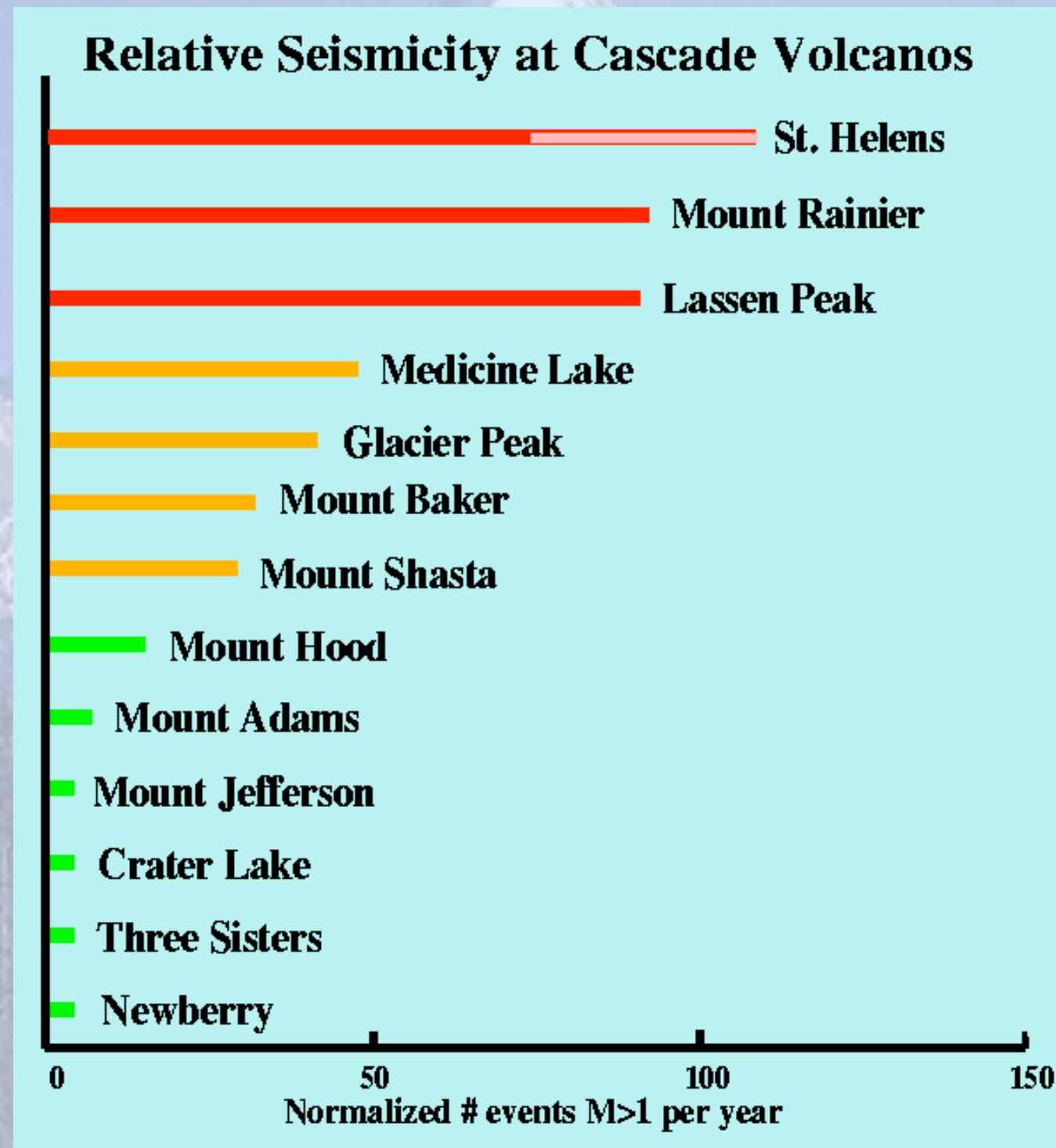


# Volcano Research

- All Cascade Volcanoes are monitored
- Primary research efforts have been at Mount St. Helens
- Addition of PBO borehole seismometers is exciting new data source

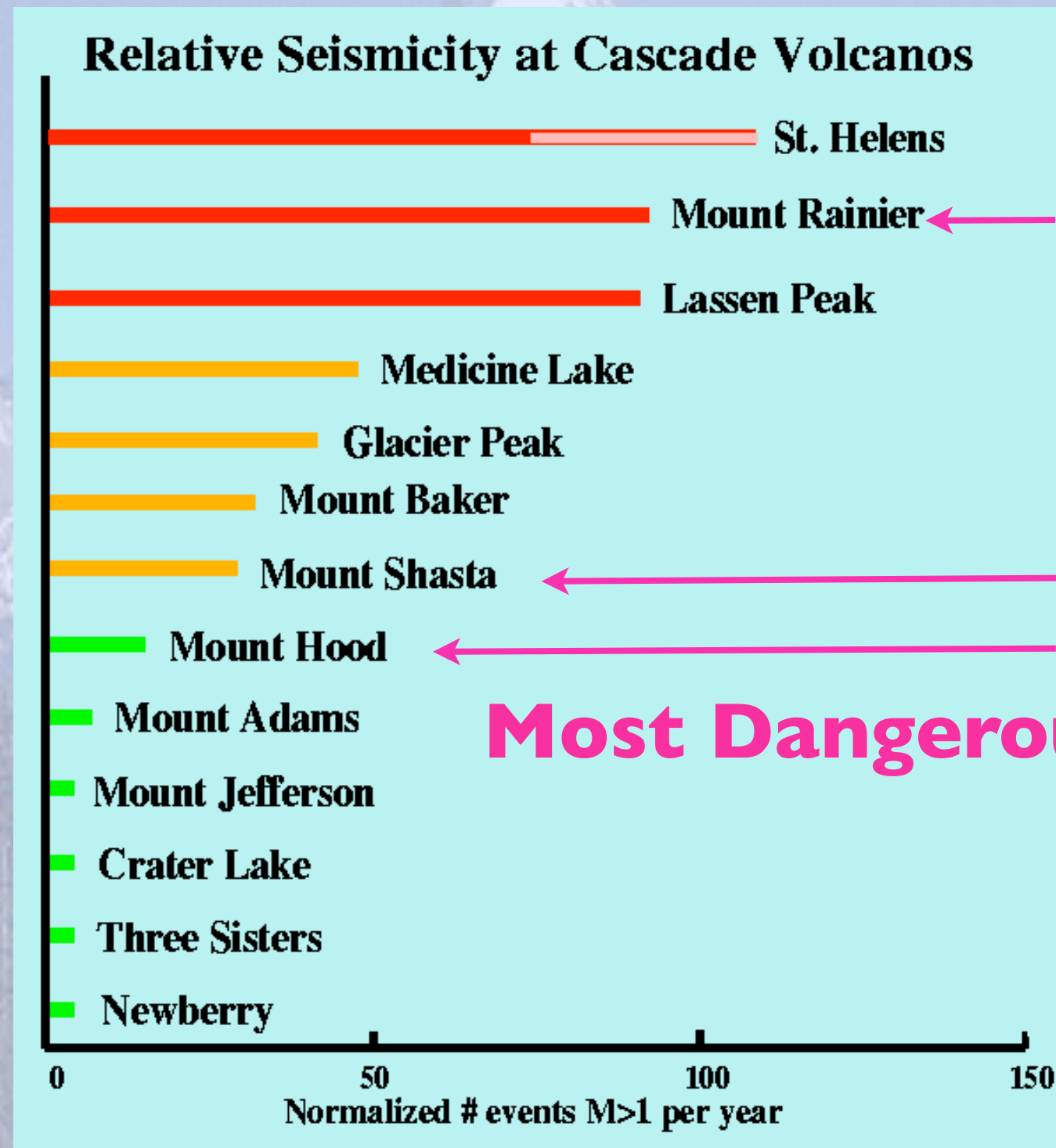


# Comparing Cascade Volcanoes





# Comparing Cascade Volcanoes





# Mount St. Helens - 1979





# Mount St. Helens - 1979

It all started with a Magnitude 4.1 earthquake on March 20, 1980

**FMW (Mt. Fremont, Rainier)**





SHW -24

082:0701Z

Helicorder records of the  
next several days from St.  
Helens West seismograph

March  
22

March  
23



SHW -24

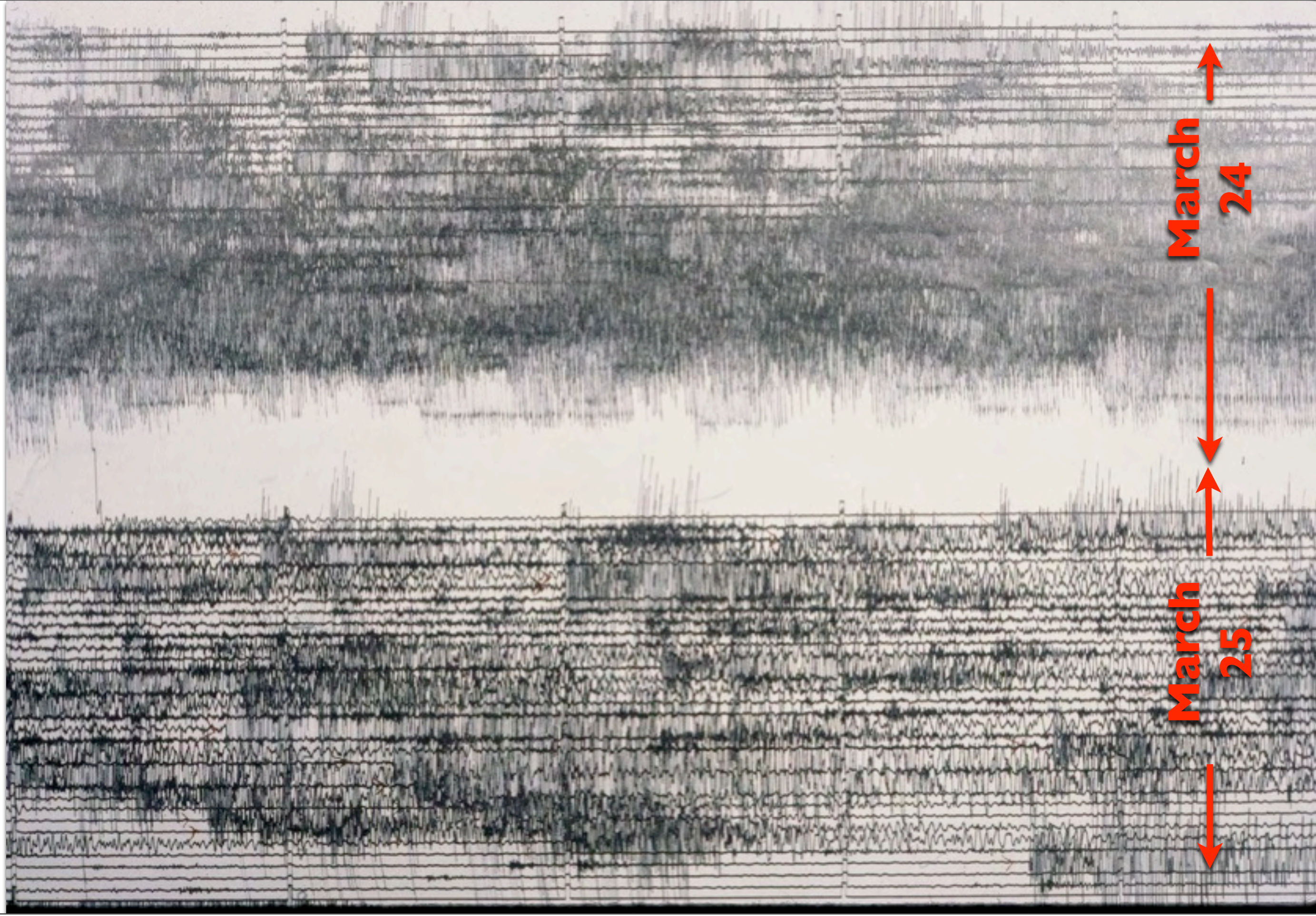
082:0701Z

3

March 22

March 23





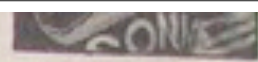


**March 24**

**March 25**

**High level of seismicity was interpreted.....**





### The Weather

DECREASING SHOWERS with periods of clearing. Increasing clouds tonight. Highs 45-55; lows 35-40. Winds south to southwest 10 to 20 mph. Chance of rain 30 percent. Table, Page F-8.

P-I Phone Listings, Page A-5

5★

THE VOICE OF THE NORTHWEST... SINCE 1861

Copyright 1980, Seattle Post-Intelligencer

# Seattle Post-Intelligencer

THURS.  
A.M.

Thursday, March 27, 1980

20c in Western Washington; Canada 30c; Elsewhere as Posted

## Evacuation Plans Made

# Mt. St. Helens Eruption 'Soon'



## Tremors Still Go On

By Michael Sweeney

Emergency service agencies around Mount St. Helens mapped evacuation plans last night as a Portland geologist predicted that the earthquake-rocked dormant volcano would erupt soon.

Leonard Palmer, a geologist at Portland State University, said flatly yesterday that a volcanic eruption on the Southwest Washington mountain "is imminent."

"It could appear within days," Palmer told The Associated Press. "There is very definitely a pattern of earthquakes before they (volcanoes) erupt."

The man most familiar with the geology of Mount St. Helens, U.S. Geological Survey geologist Donal Mullineaux, conceded that a similar pattern of earthquakes had preceded volcanic eruptions in Japan.

But Palmer's prediction of an imminent eruption "is not a statement that I would care to make," Mullineaux said.

"We can't even say yet whether these earthquakes are a volcano



Washington's largest newspaper

# The Seattle Times

Copyright 1980, Seattle Times Company

84 pages

20c

Good morning

**Rain likely**

The weather forecast calls for clouds with an increasing chance of rain today and rain likely tonight. Showers and periods of clearing tomorrow. Highs, 50 to 55. Lows, 35 to 40. Southerly winds, 5 to 15 miles an hour. Chance of rain: 30 per cent today, 50 per cent tonight. D 2.

**Northwest**

**Mystery illness.** A mysterious illness that has beached 30 seals may be linked to a spill of toxic chemicals off a container ship that ran into rough seas. D 1.

**Colacurcio involved.** James E. Eyre, Sr., facing charges of stealing more than \$350,000 from a Wenatchee church, testified that Frank Colacurcio, Seattle nightclub figure, got Eyre a \$40,000 personal loan. D 1.

**Adoption invalidated.** A King County judge overturned the adoption of an Indian girl, ruling she should live with relatives in California. D 1.

**Rising prices.** Natural-gas companies were granted rate increases totaling \$108 million to offset the higher cost of Canadian gas. D 2.

**Nation**

**Bank ripoff.** An Italian financier was convicted of looting New York's Franklin National Bank of \$45 million, causing it to collapse in the biggest bank failure in the nation's history. A 4.

**House probe.** The House of Representatives approved a probe of seven House members implicated in a Federal Bureau of Investigation bribery investigation. A 4.

## Mount St. Helens erupts; new crater heaves, cracks widen

A steaming, churning crater and widening cracks near the summit of Mount St. Helens were watched closely last night, following the mountain's first volcanic activity in more than a century.

"The crater is heaving and falling in," said Sylvia Brucchi of the United States Forest Service. "It's constantly increasing in size."

The mountain, dormant since 1857, erupted with a thunderous boom and a spray of ash about 1 p.m. yesterday. The blast was heard up to 45 miles away and the dark ashes covered the snow in several directions from the summit.

The continual widening of the cracks and crater caused uncertainty over how far the eruption would progress.

The oblong crater, created when sections of the mountain's snowy cone collapsed, was originally reported as about 200 feet across, but was estimated to be more than 300 feet wide by last night.

Ms. Brucchi said infrared photography of the summit showed "heat emissions" from the cracks, a hint of violent seismic activity inside the mountain.

The state Department of Emergency Services said all areas near the mountain were evacuated "on an advisory basis." Residents were told of the danger, but were





# Volcano Research continues

- Stay tuned ..... for the next presentation



# Rapid Notification research

**The Earthquake has just taken place.  
accurate information can help.**



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- Mobilize rescue efforts to the right place



# Rapid Notification research

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- Mobilize rescue efforts to the right place
- Direct inspection crews efficiently



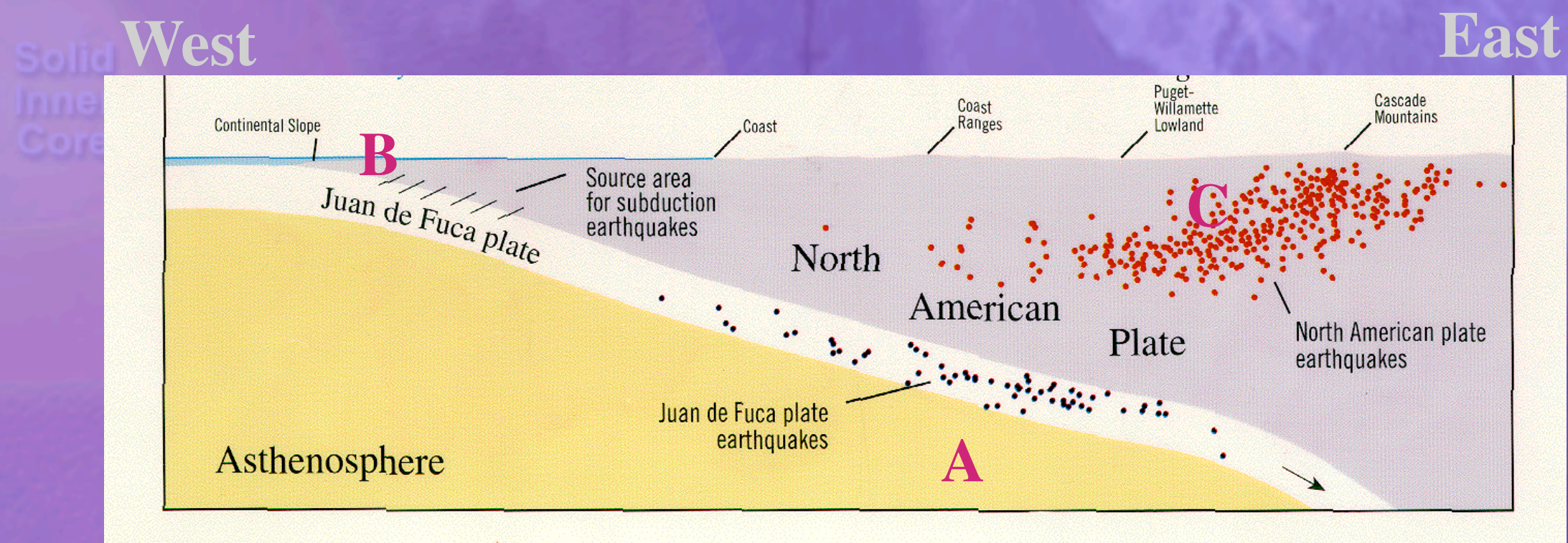
# Rapid Notification research

**The Earthquake has just taken place.  
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- Mobilize rescue efforts to the right place
- Direct inspection crews efficiently
- Estimate losses (costs) quickly



# Our Vulnerability



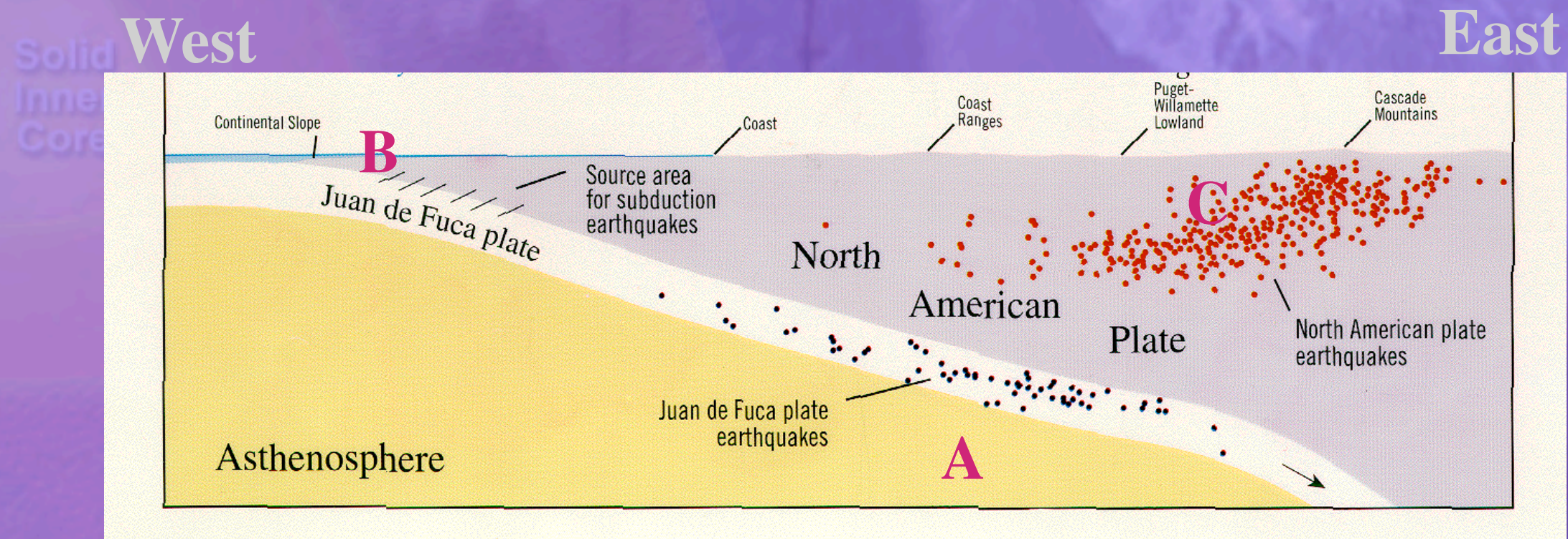
The Pacific Northwest is vulnerable to a number of different geologic hazards.



# Our Vulnerability

- **Seismic hazards**

- **A.** Benioff zone (earthquakes deeper than 40km)
- **B.** Cascadia mega-thrust (along 1000 km of coast)
- **C.** Crustal faults (most of region)
- Shaking amplification from deep basins with shallow, soft soils
- Many vulnerable structures (bridges, buildings dams)



The Pacific Northwest is vulnerable to a number of different geologic hazards.

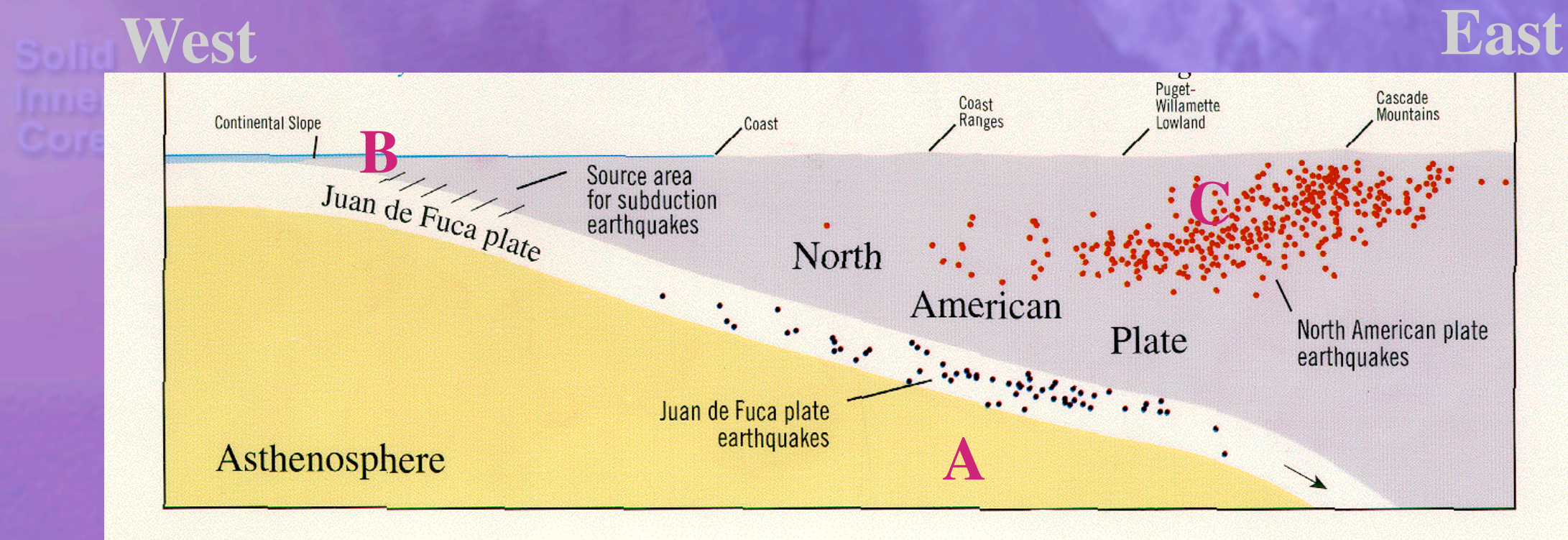


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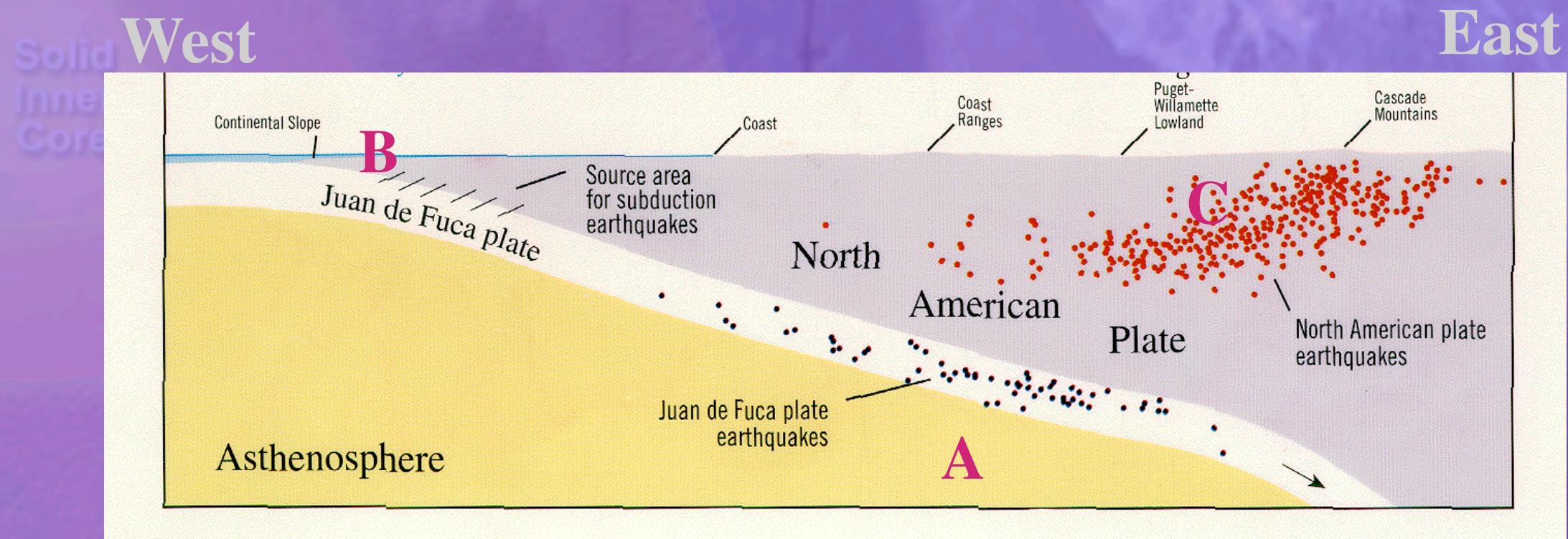
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- **Volcanic hazards**

- **Tsunami Hazards**



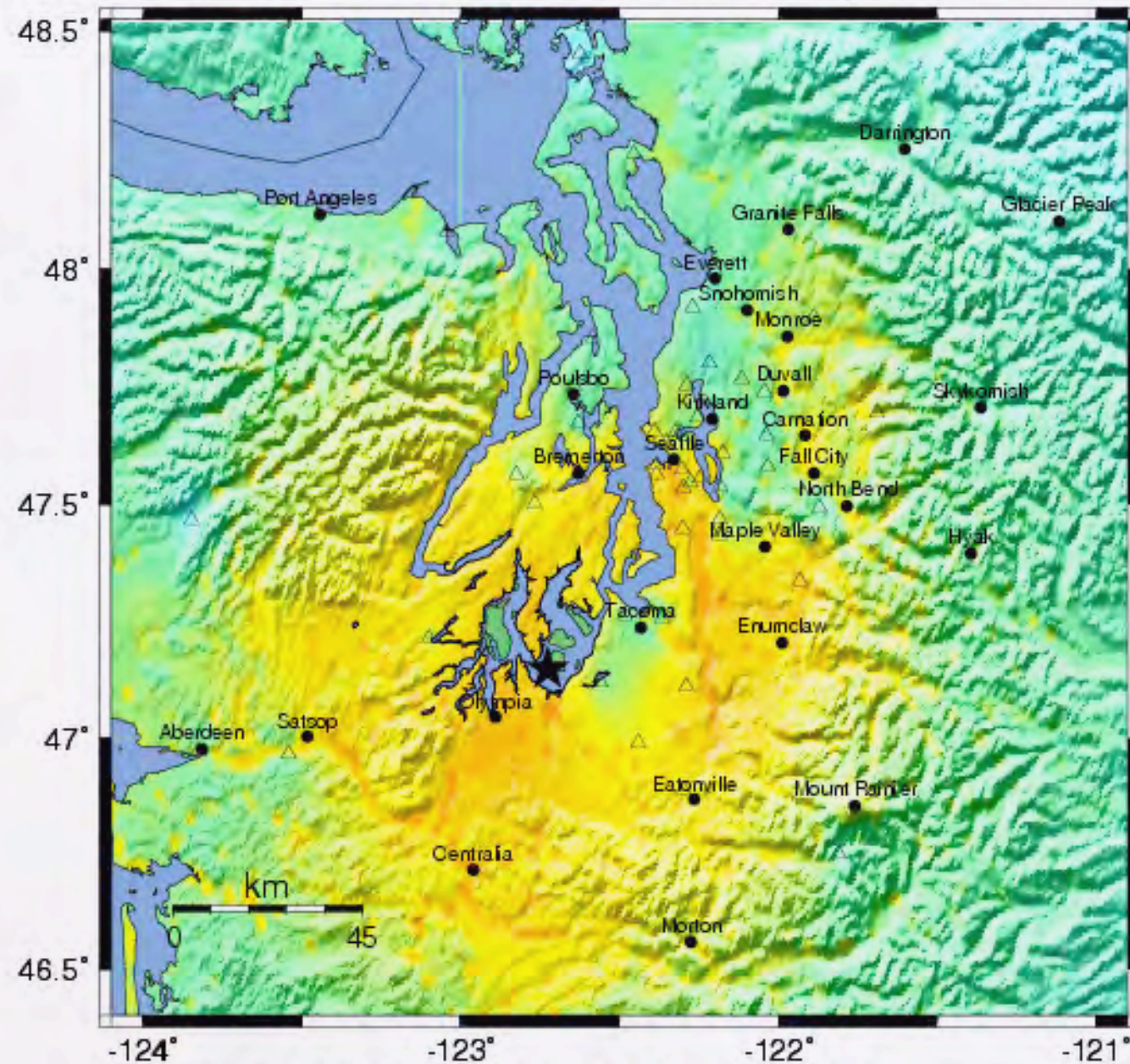
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# ShakeMap for 2001 Nisqually Earthquake

PNSN Rapid Instrumental Intensity Map Epicenter: 17.0 km NE of Olympia, WA

Wed Feb 28, 2001 10:54:00 AM PST M 6.8 N47.15 W122.73 Depth: 51.9km ID:0102281854



PROCESSED: Mon Oct 13, 2003 06:47:37 AM PDT, - NOT REVIEWED BY HUMAN

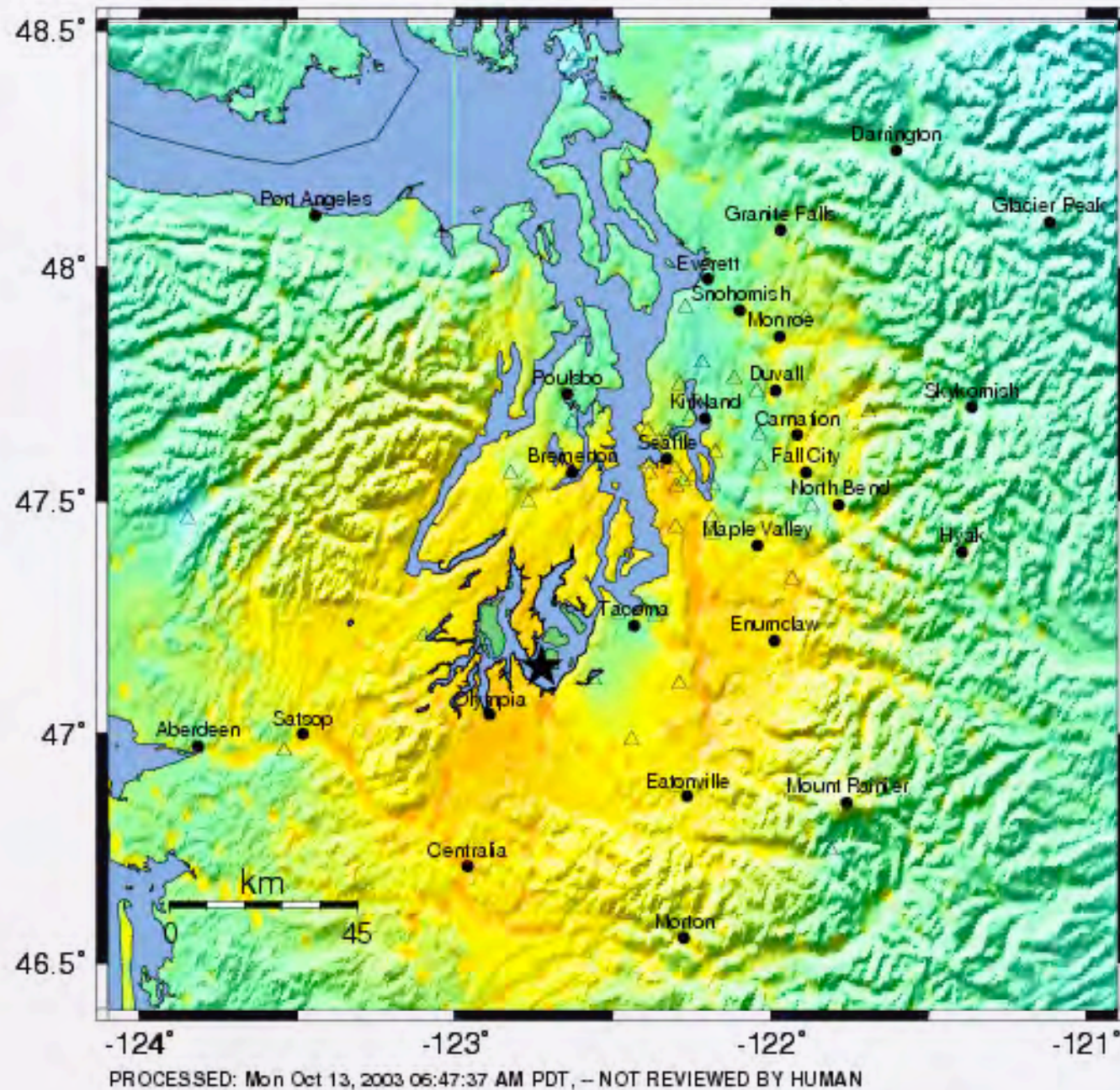
PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK ACC (%g)	<.17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124
PEAK VEL (cm/s)	<0.1	0.1-1.1	1.1-3.4	3.4-8.1	8.1-16	16-31	31-60	60-116	>116
INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	I	II-III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+



# ShakeMap for 2001 Nisqually Earthquake

Shows distribution of shaking  
based on earthquake source,  
geology and measured values  
at specific sites

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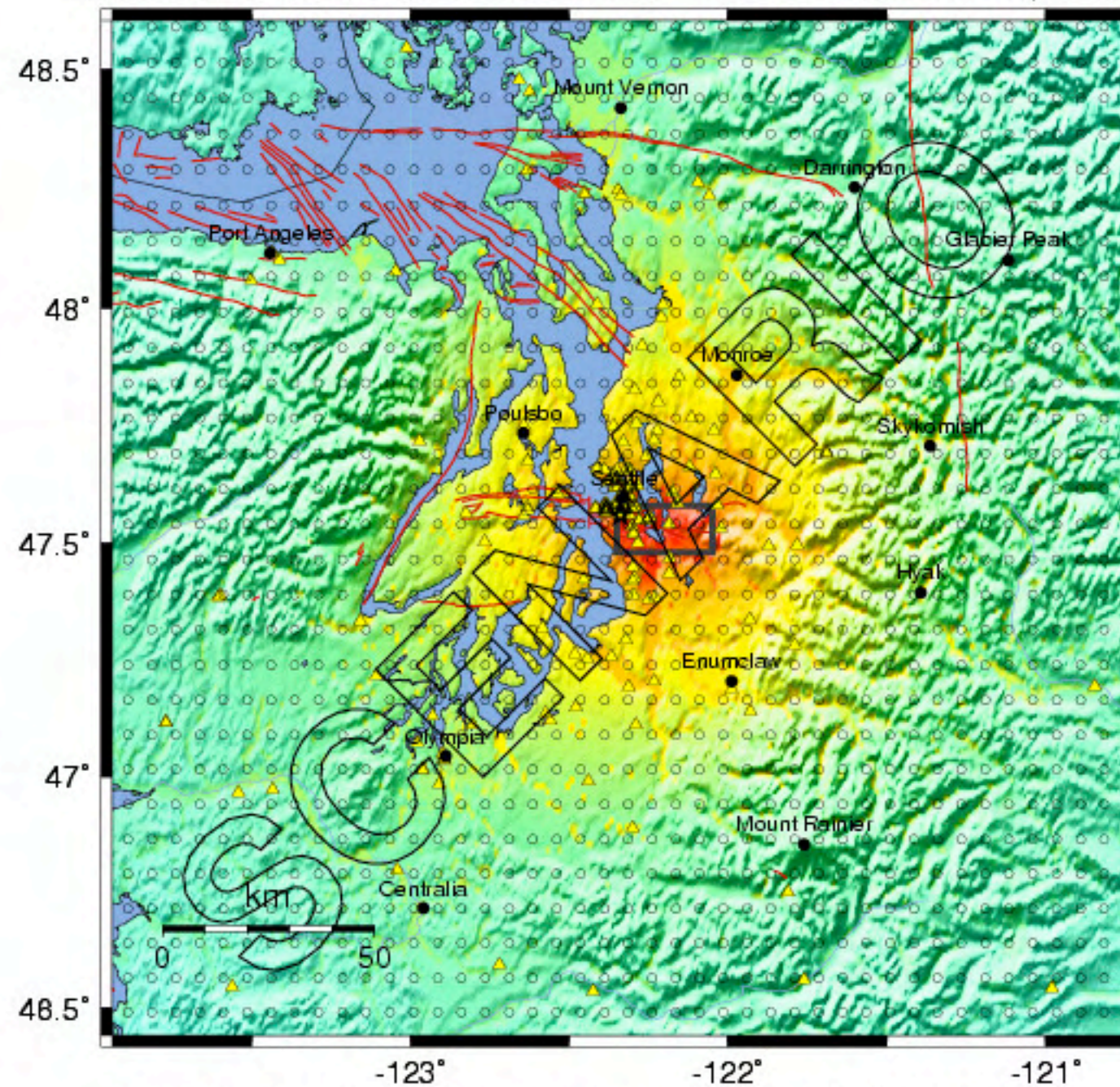


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INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	I	II-III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+



-- Earthquake Planning Scenario --  
ShakeMap for SoundShake08-3 Scenario

Scenario Date: Wed Mar 5, 2008 07:54:01 AM PST M 6.7 N47.56 W122.34 Depth: 10.0km



PLANNING SCENARIO ONLY -- Map Version 3 Processed Fri Feb 22, 2008 03:43:08 PM PST

PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK AOC (%g)	<.17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124
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Crust

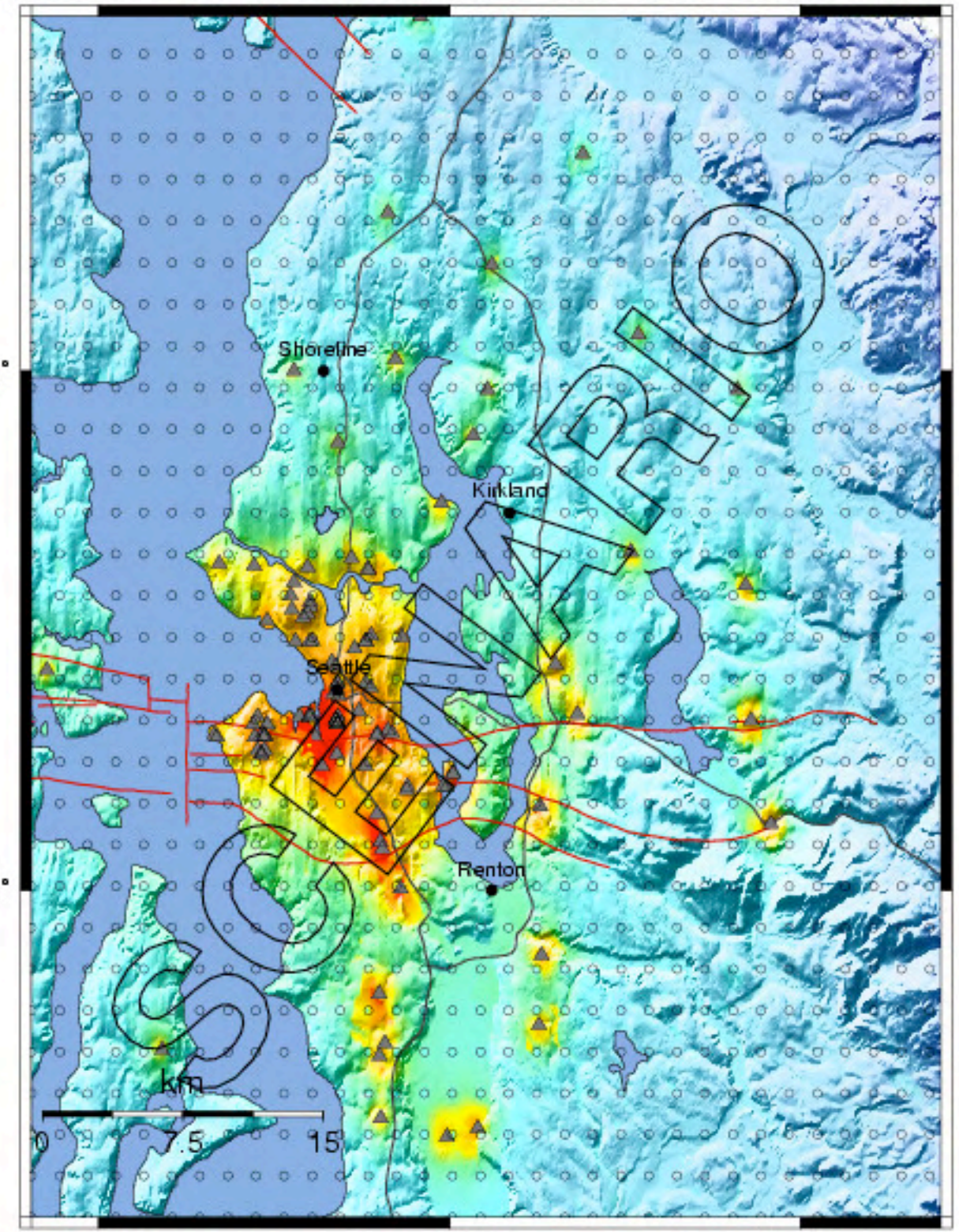
Mantle

Liquid Outer Core

Solid Inner Core

47.75°

47.5°

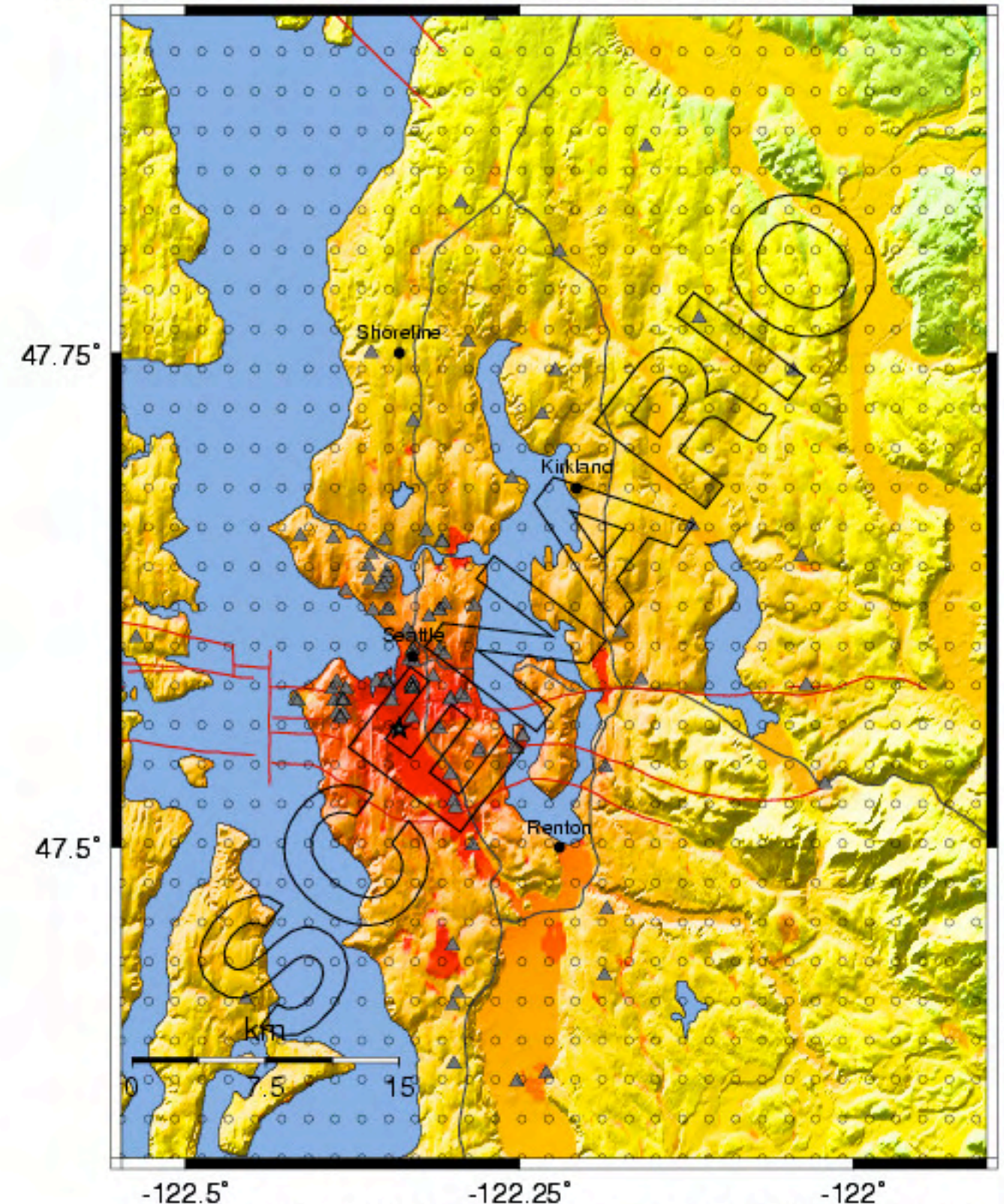


-122.5° -122.25° -122°

PLANNING SCENARIO ONLY -- Map Version 9 Processed Fri Feb 22, 2008 02:44:55 PM PST

PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK AOC(%g)	<.17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124

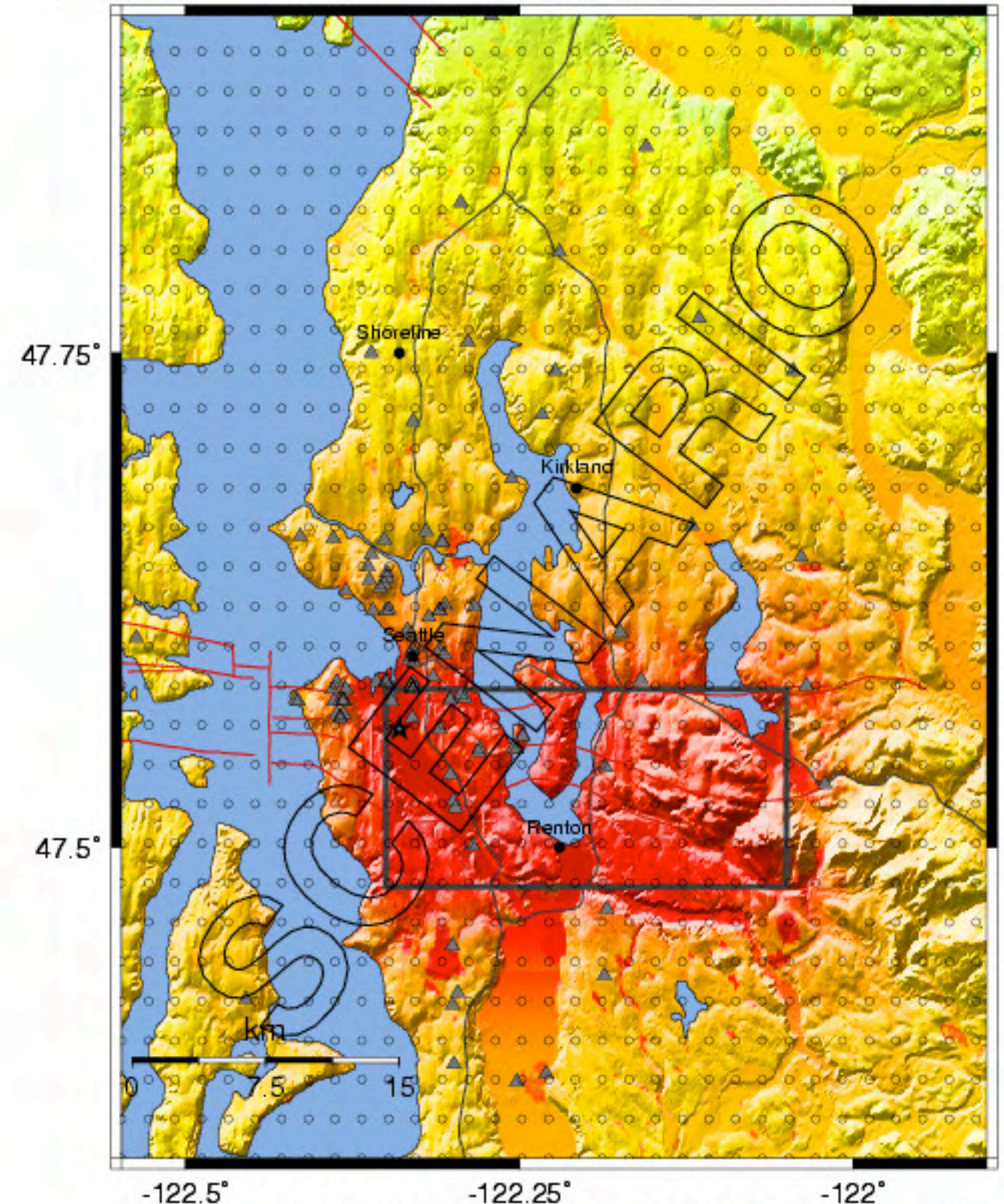




PLANNING SCENARIO ONLY -- Map Version 5 Processed Fri Feb 22, 2008 03:12:48 PM PST

PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK AOC.(%)	<.17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124





PLANNING SCENARIO ONLY -- Map Version 2 Processed Fri Feb 22, 2008 02:54:07 PM PST

PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK AOC.(%)	<.17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124



# **Episodic Tremor & Slip**

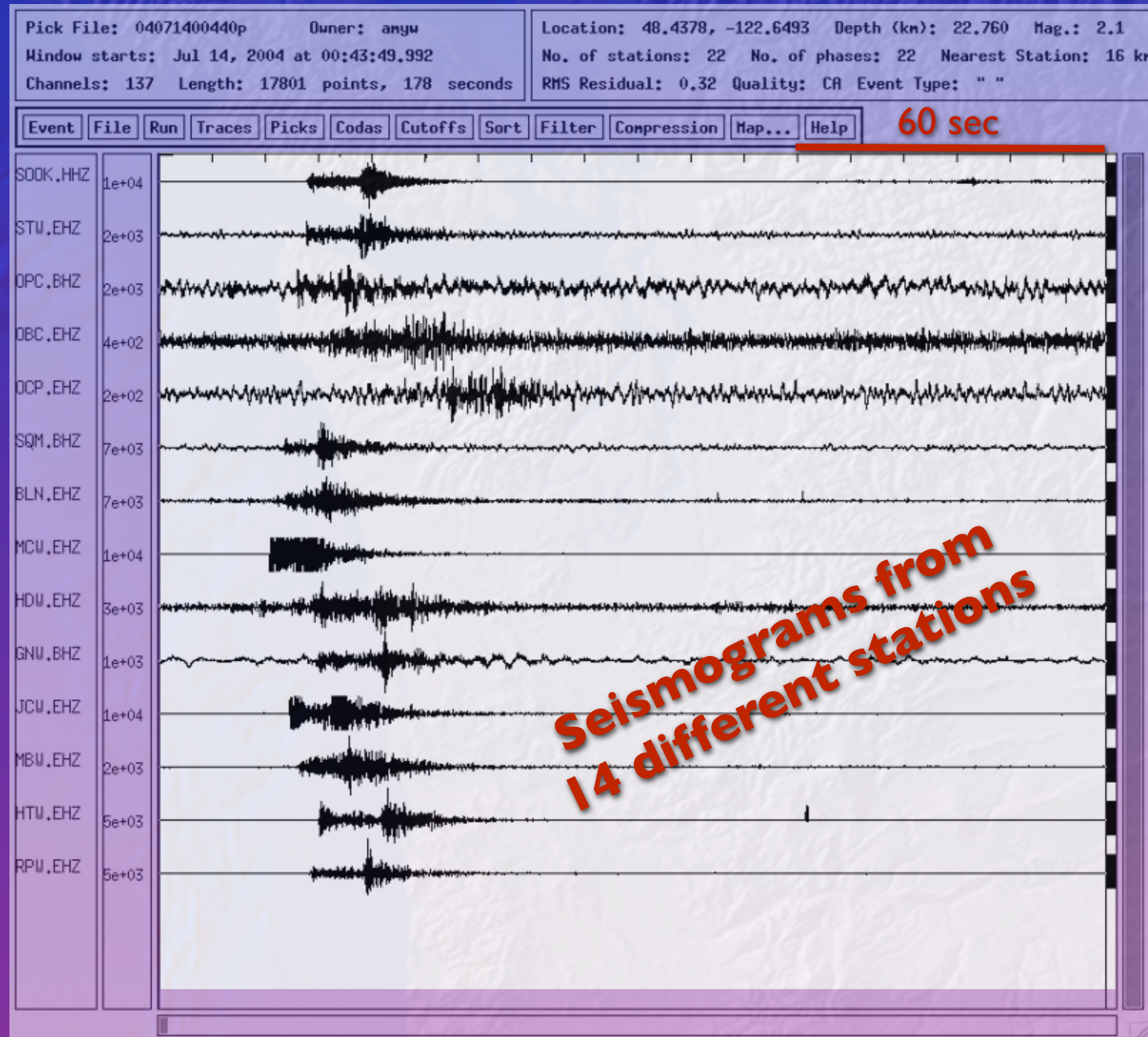
Recently discovered

Both geodetic and seismic evidence

Significance still not understood

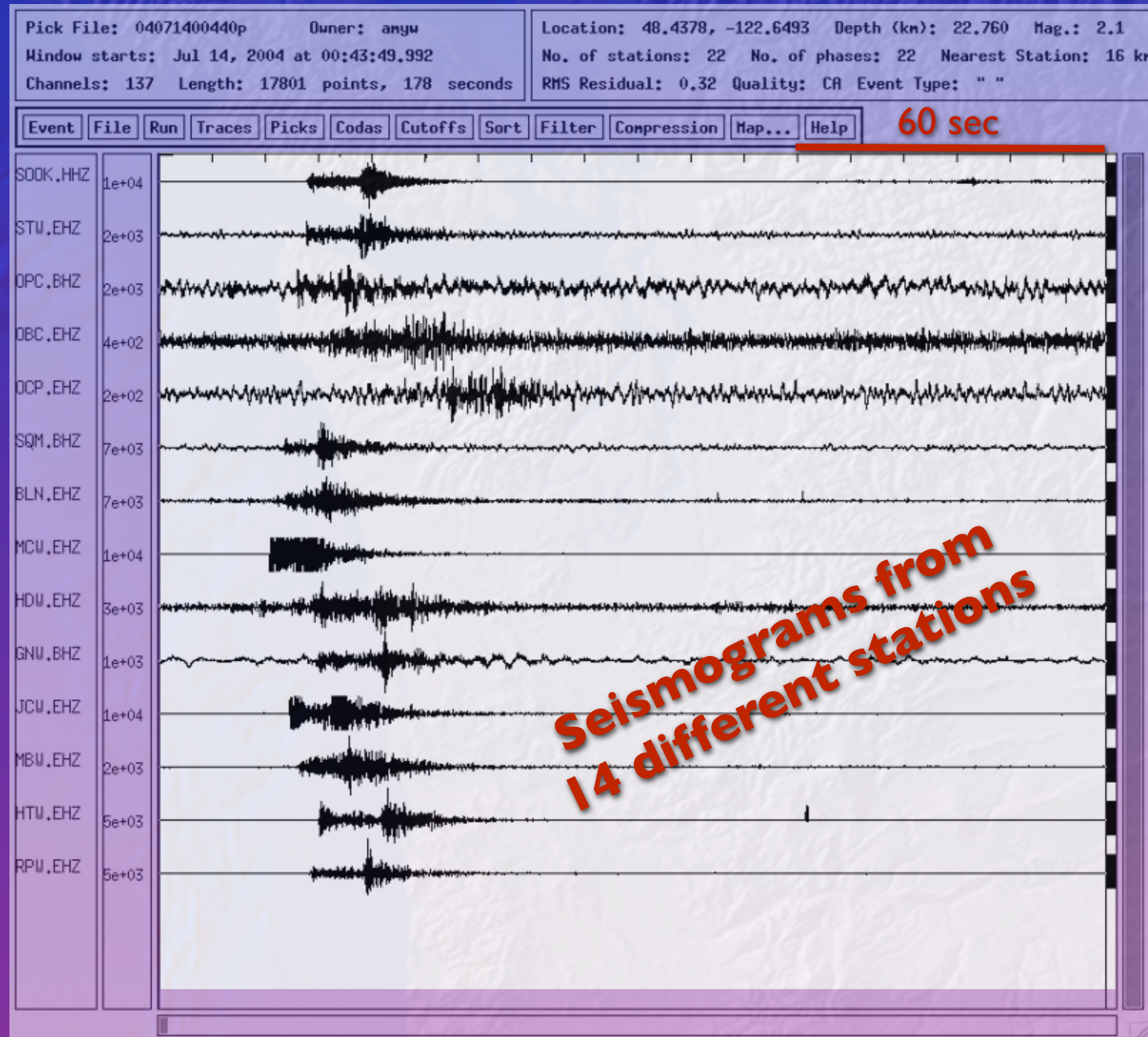


# Compare typical tectonic earthquake



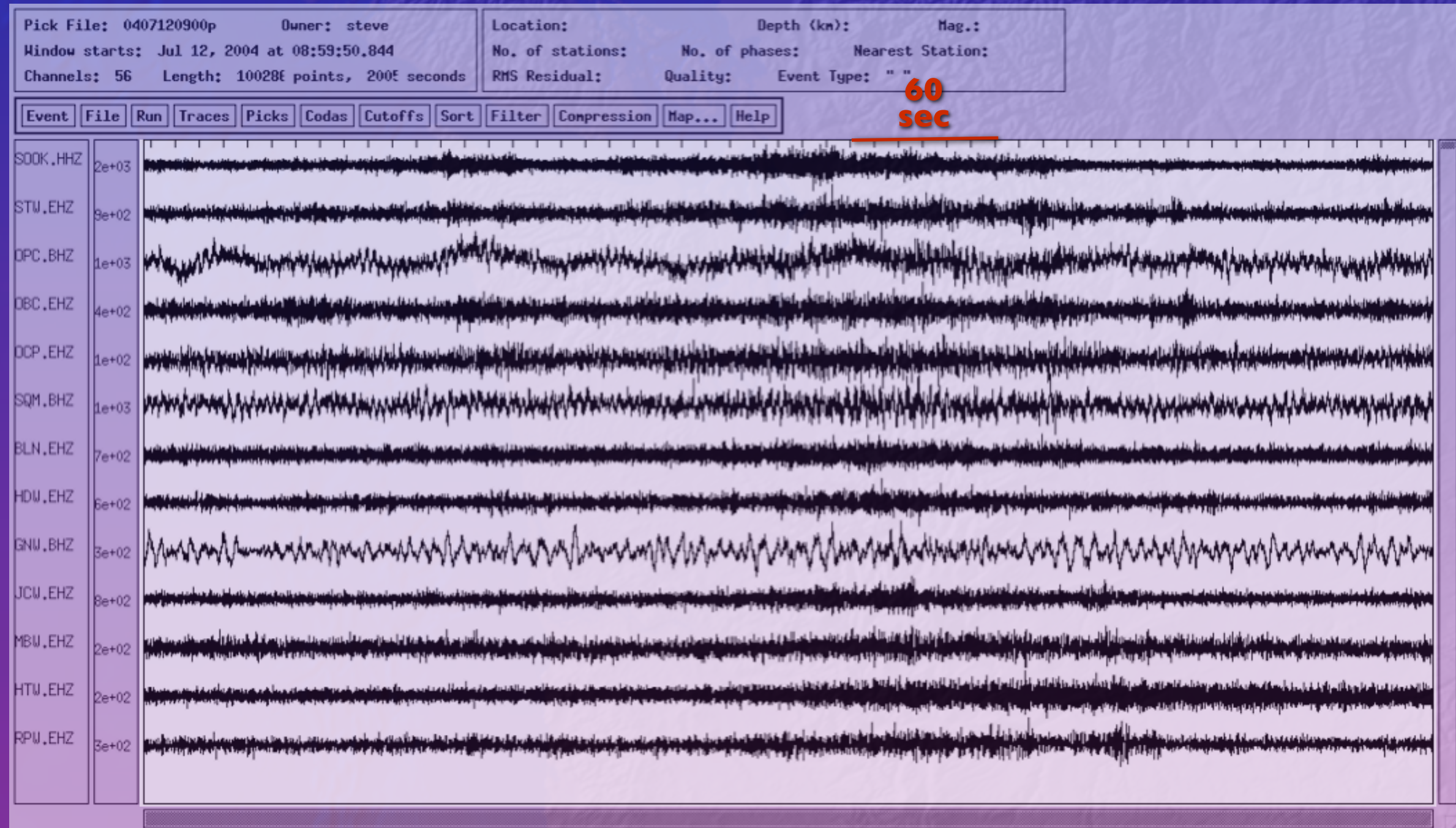


# Compare typical tectonic earthquake with...



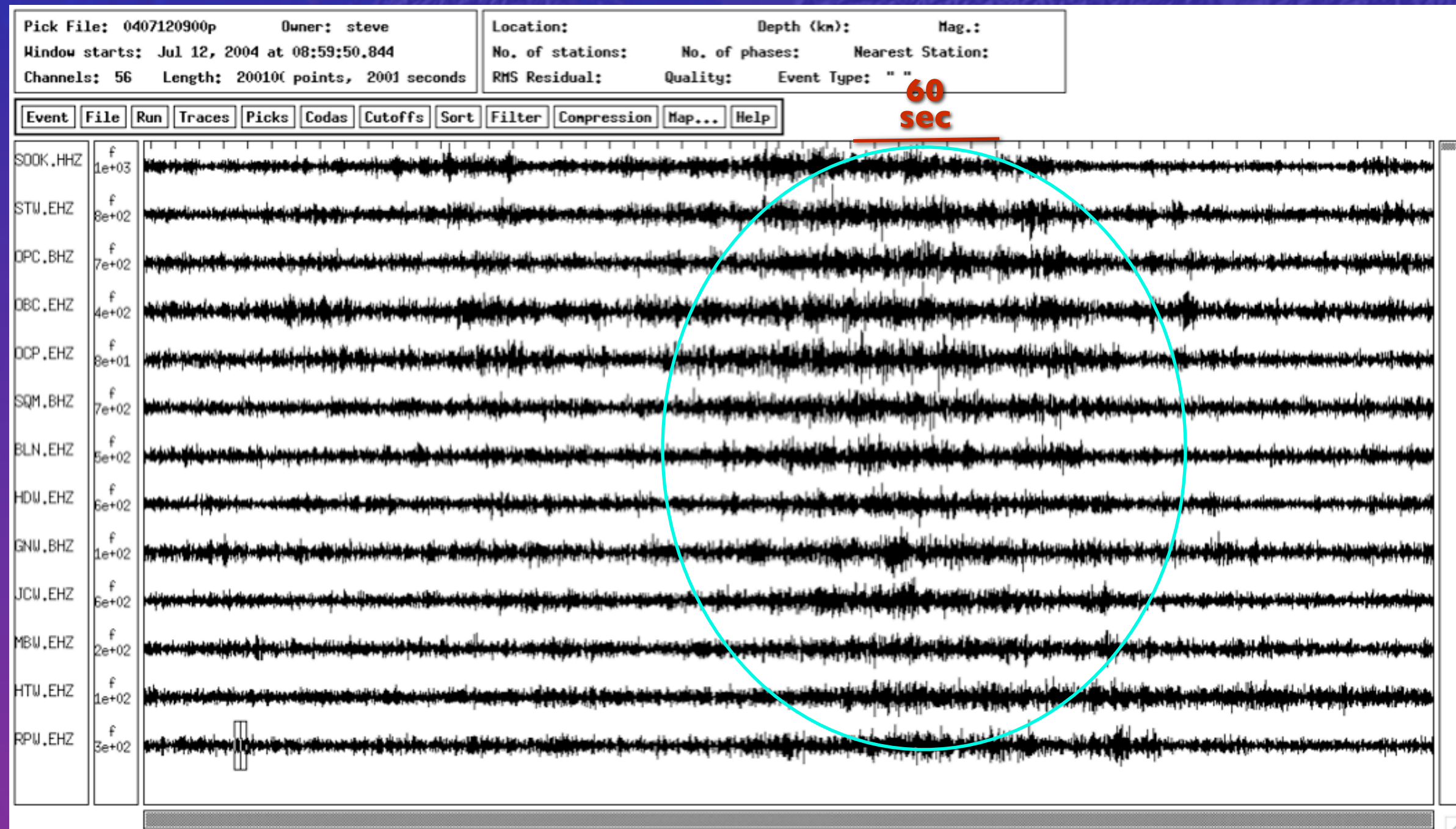


# Seismic background signals...





# Deep non-volcanic tremor





# What about the Episodic Slip



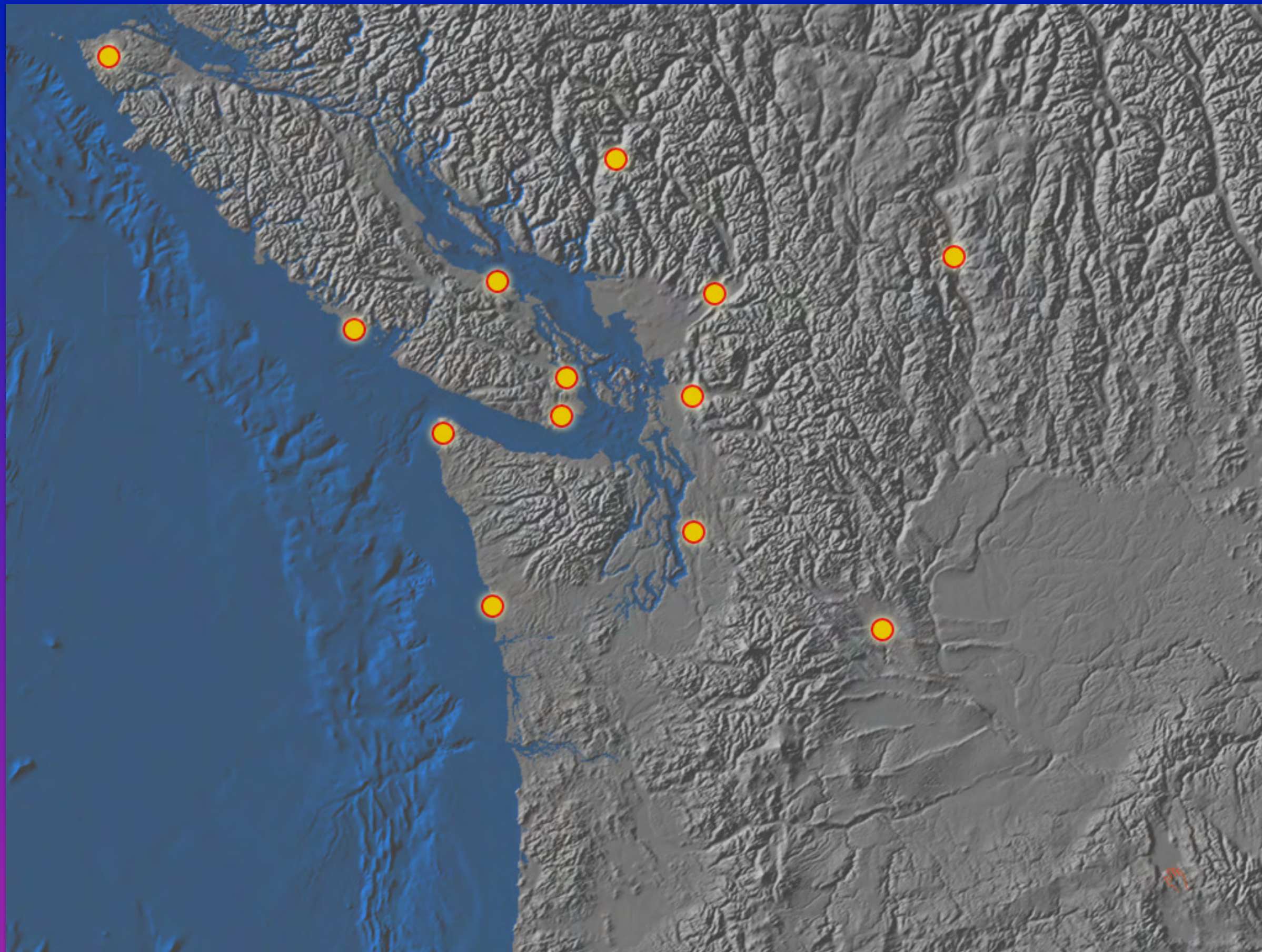


A topographic map of the San Andreas Fault system in California. The map shows the rugged terrain of the region, with the San Andreas Fault running diagonally from the top left towards the bottom right. The fault is highlighted in a darker blue color, contrasting with the brown and tan topographic relief of the surrounding land. The ocean is visible on the left side of the map.

What about the Episodic Slip

It can be measured with GPS  
receivers





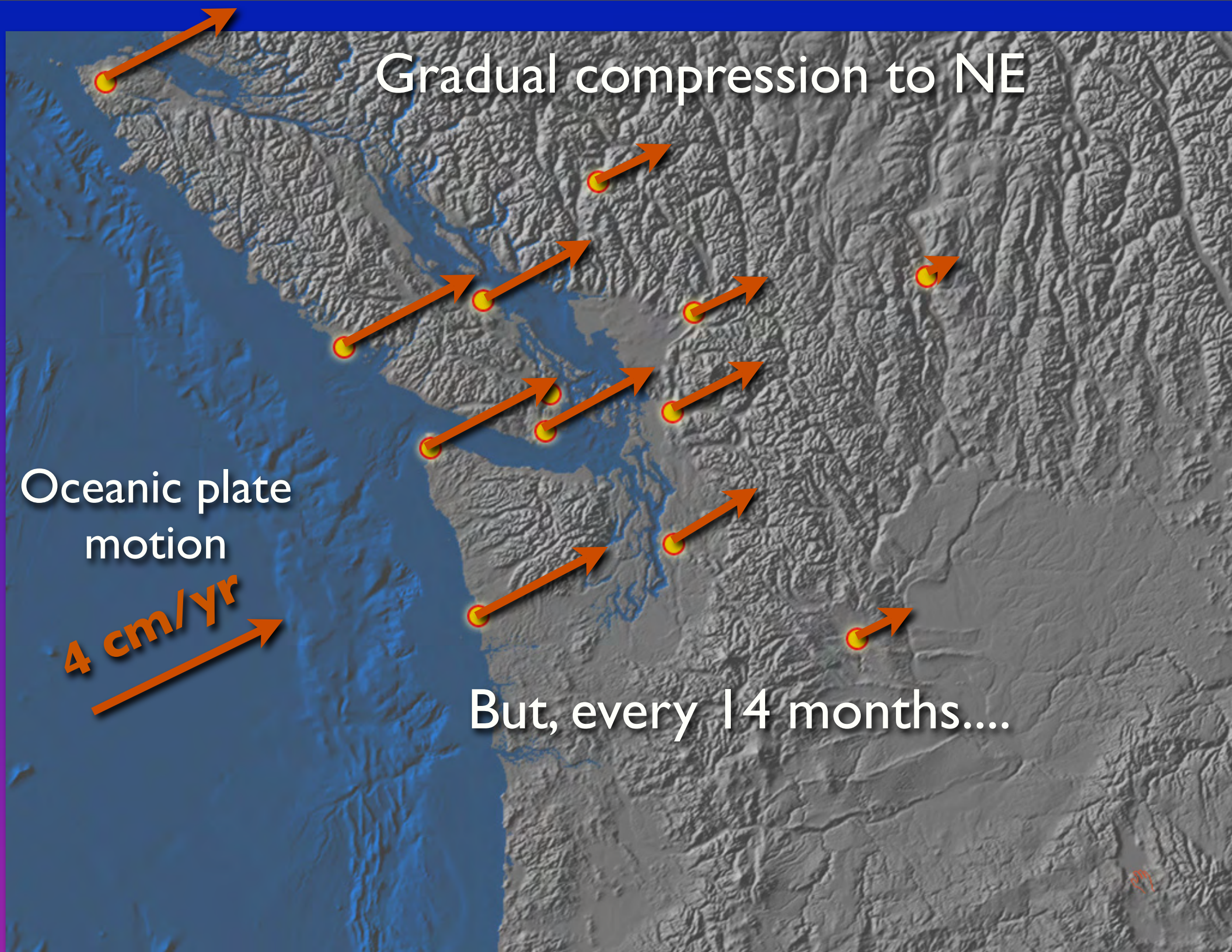


Gradual compression to NE

Oceanic plate  
motion

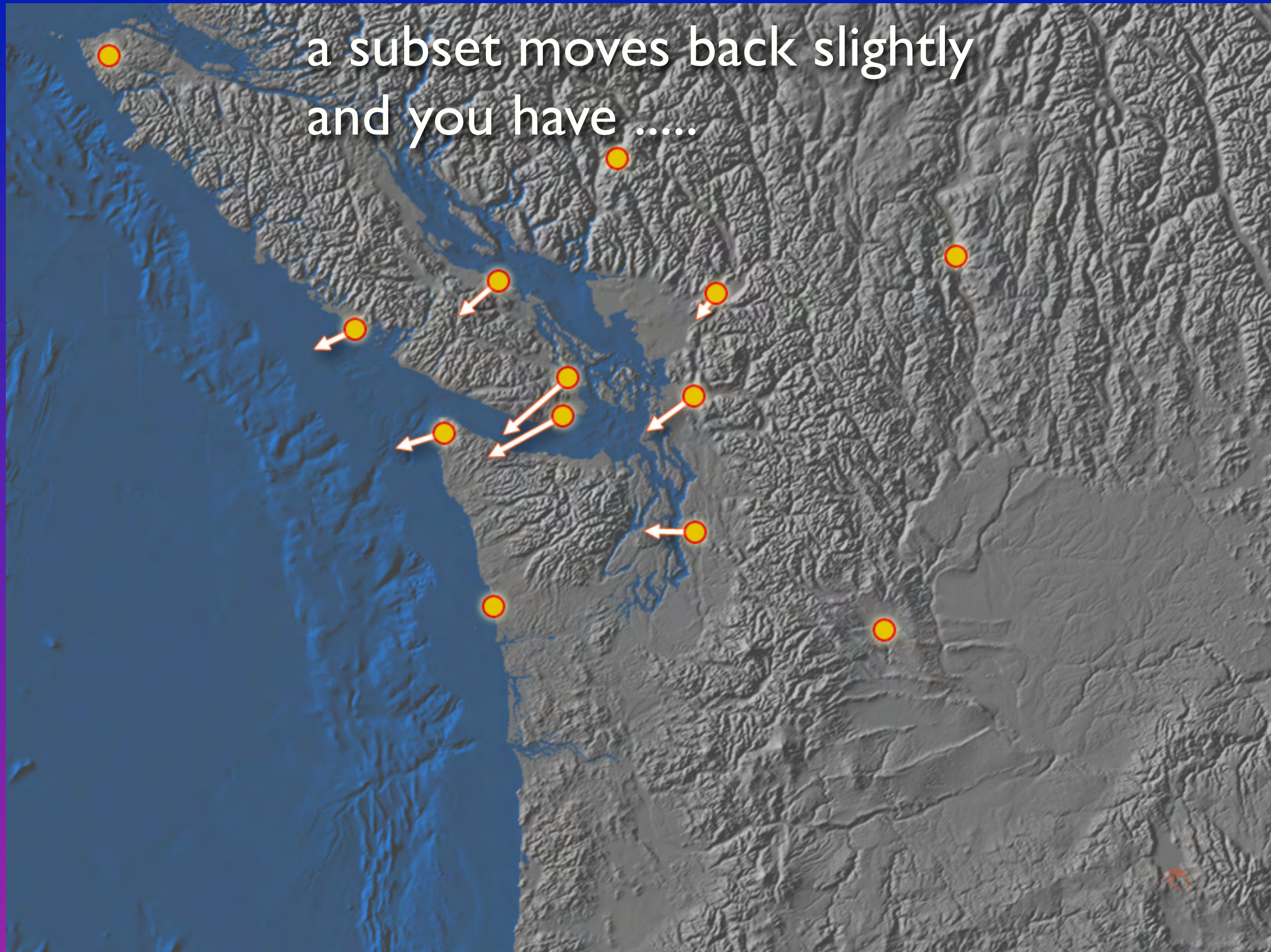
4 cm/yr

But, every 14 months....





a subset moves back slightly  
and you have .....





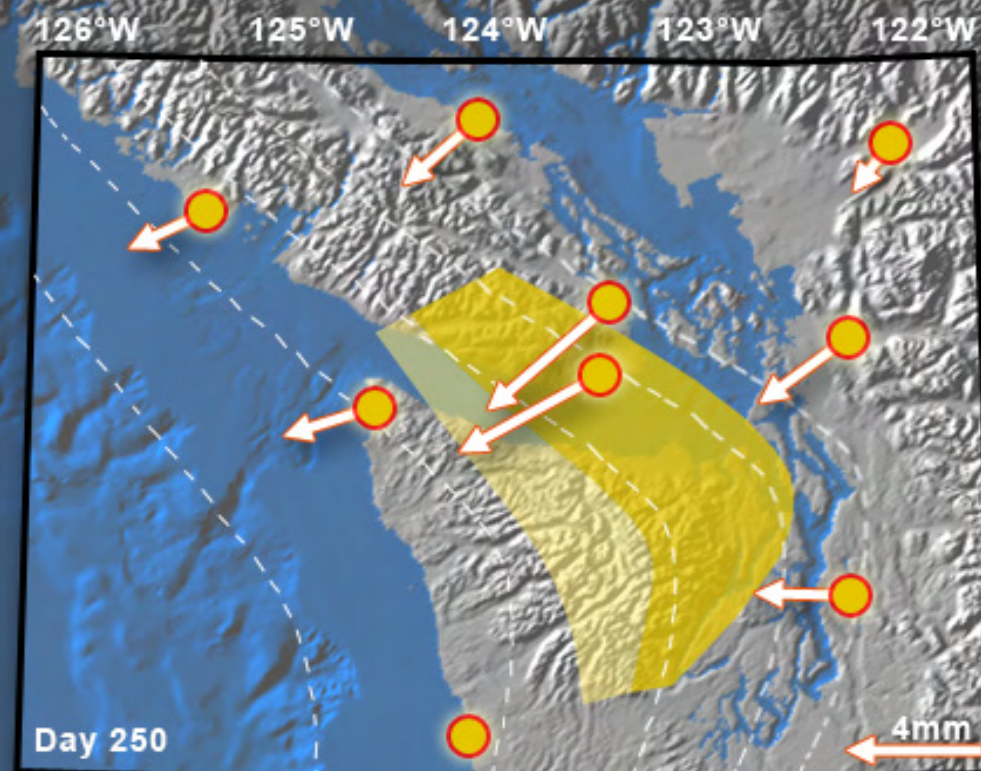
A topographic map showing a tectonic plate boundary, likely the San Andreas Fault. The map is color-coded with blue for the ocean and grey for land. Several yellow dots are placed along the fault line, with white arrows pointing in various directions, indicating the movement of the plates. The text "a subset moves back slightly and you have ....**Episodic Slip**" is overlaid on the map.

a subset moves back slightly  
and you have ....**Episodic Slip**

This can be modeled as slip on  
a patch

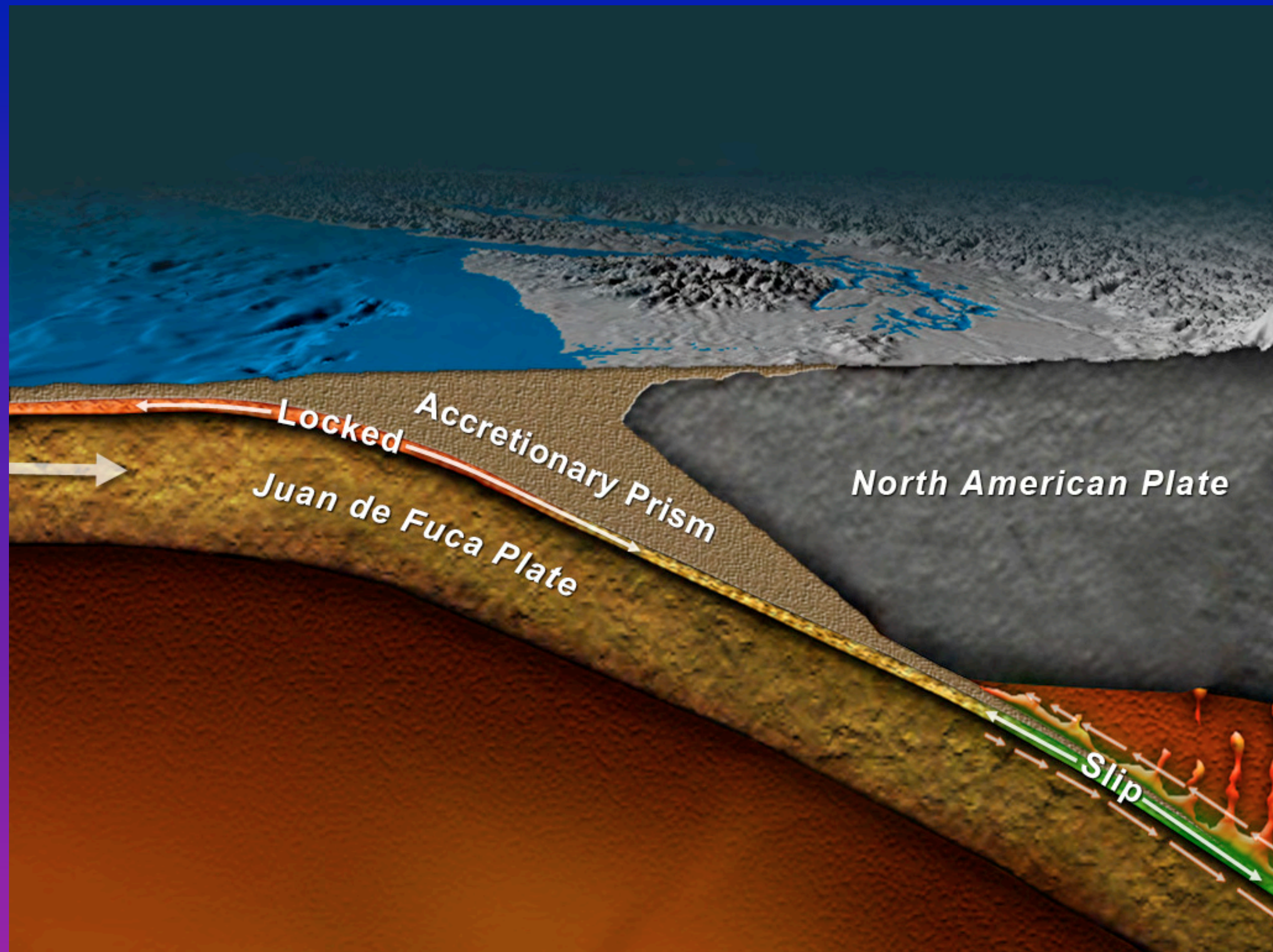


# Episodic Slip

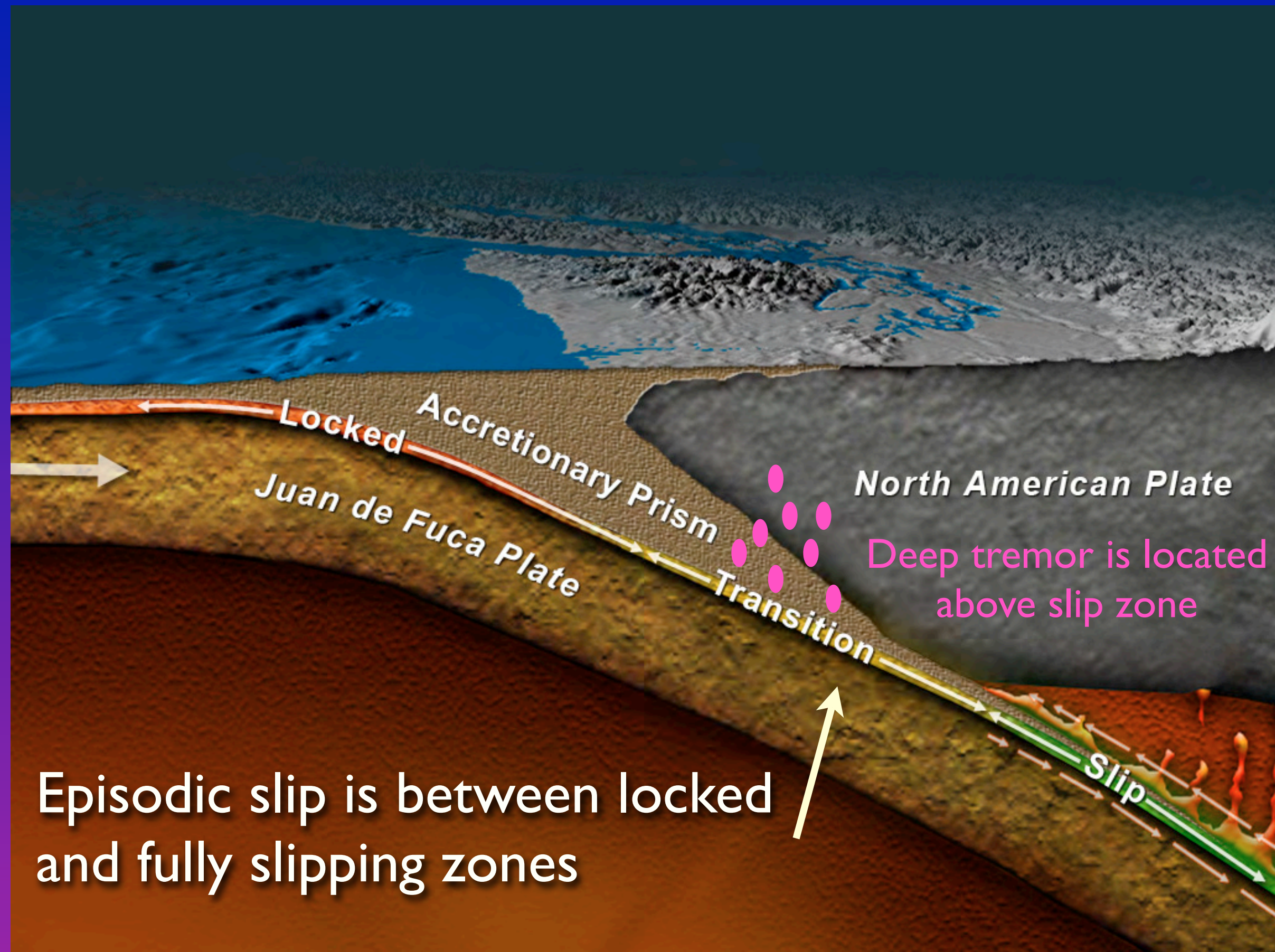


This can be modeled as slip on a patch on the plate interface



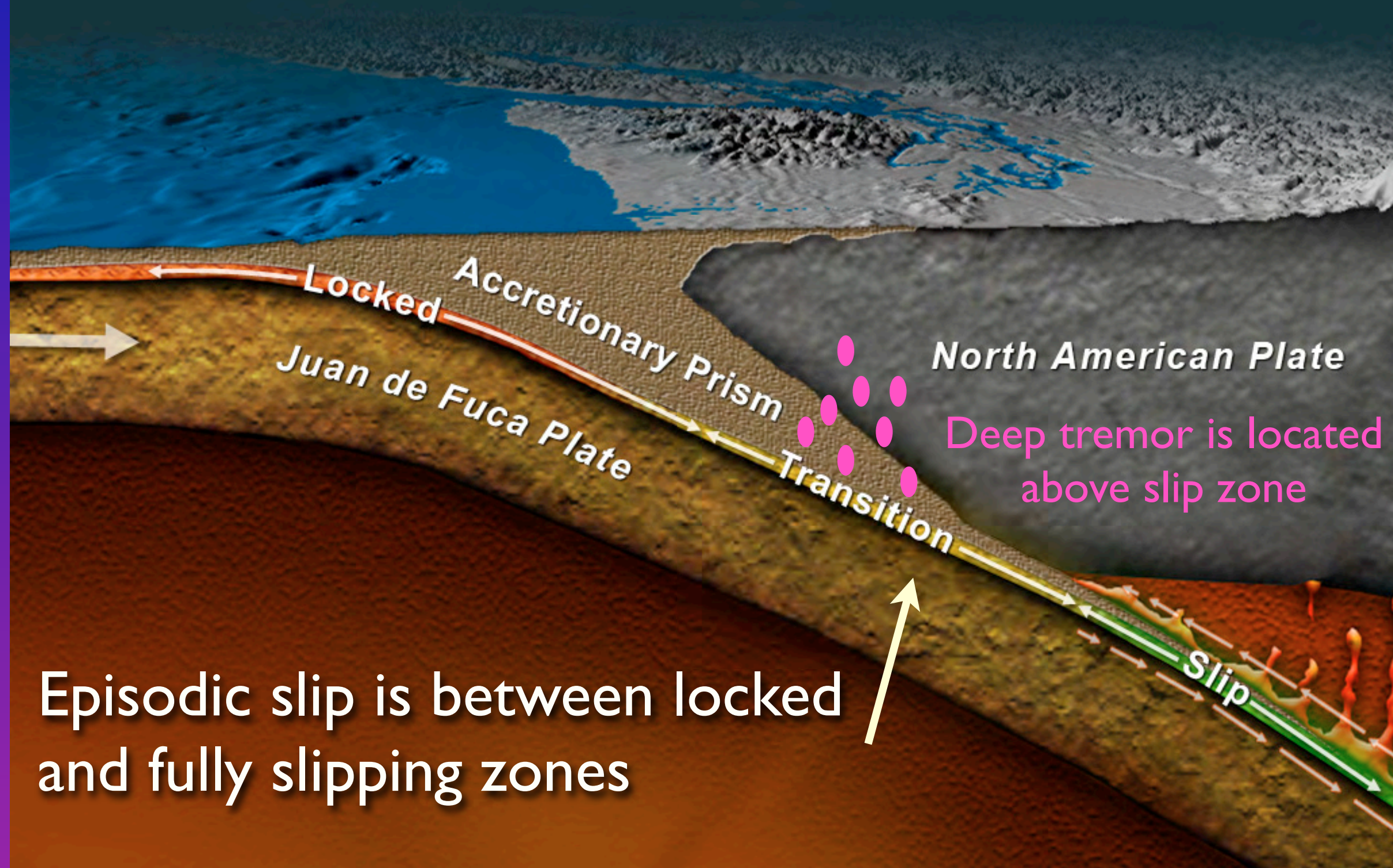








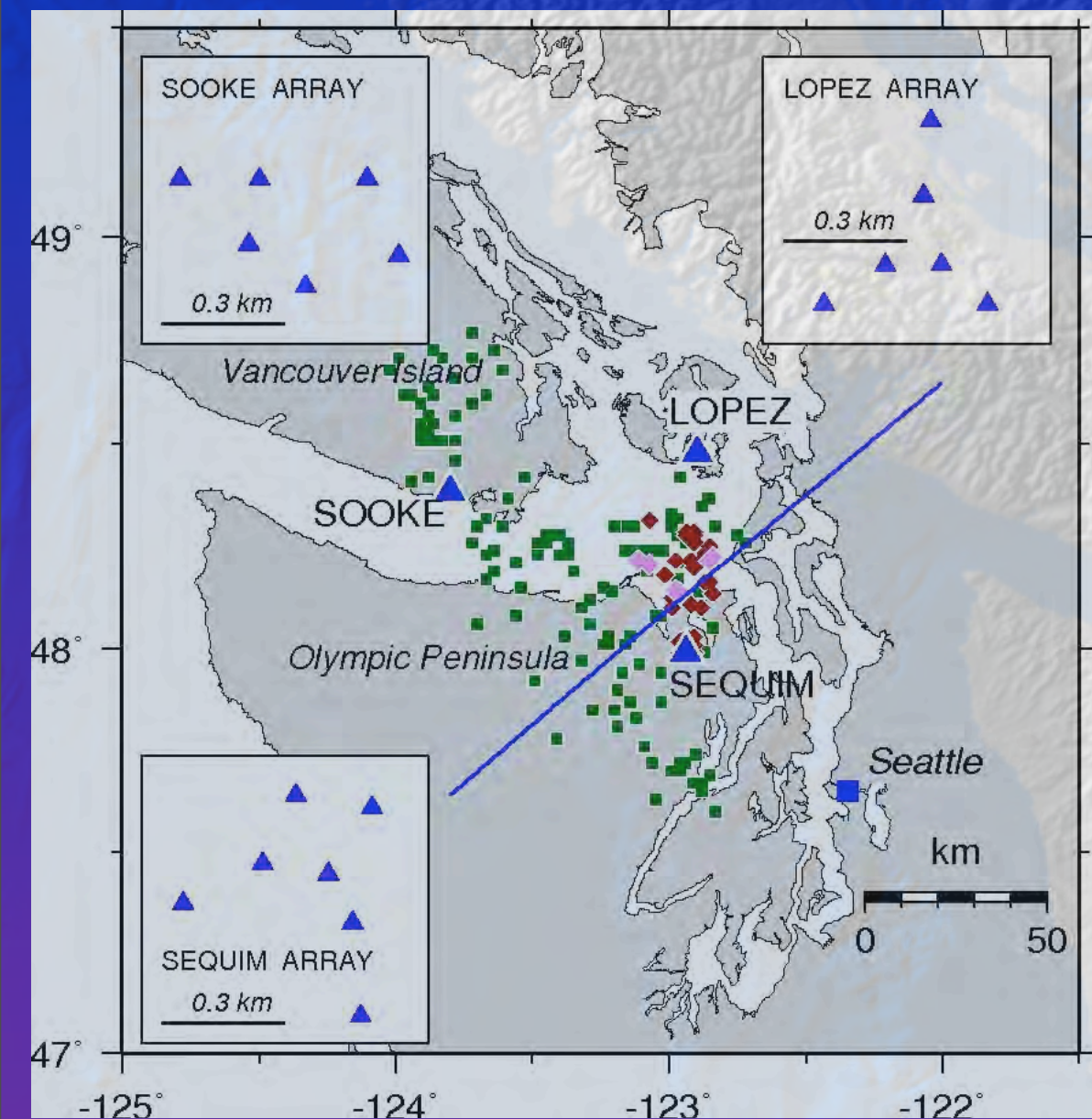
**But, very recent research .....**





# S-P depth control

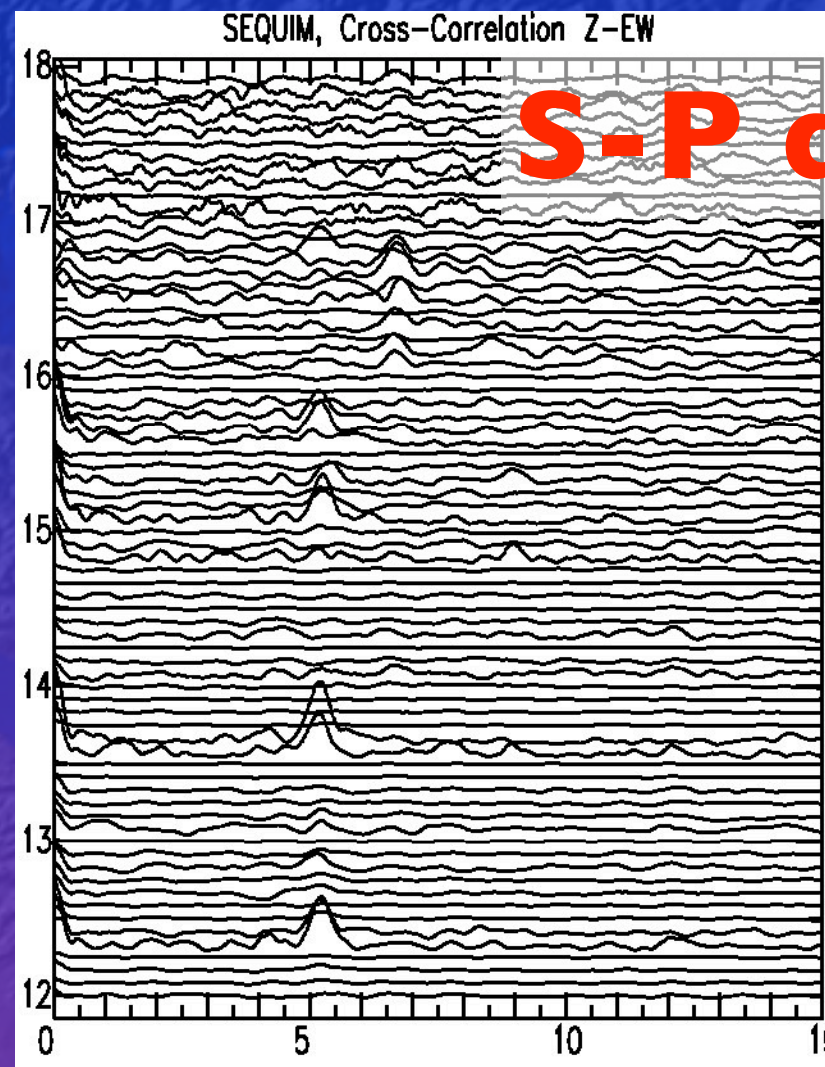
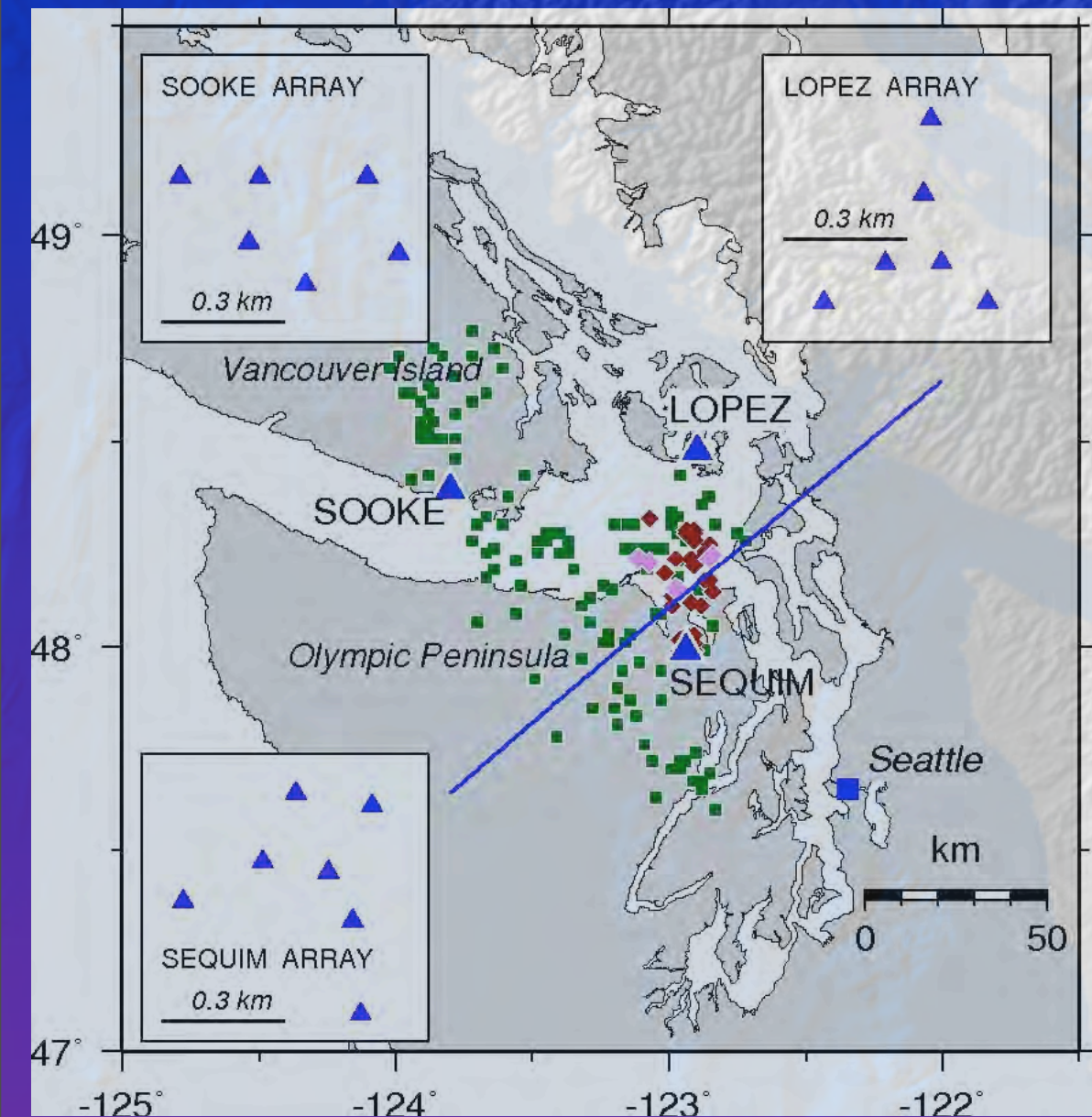
## Earthscope transportable array experiment



La Rocca et.al.  
submitted to  
*Nature*



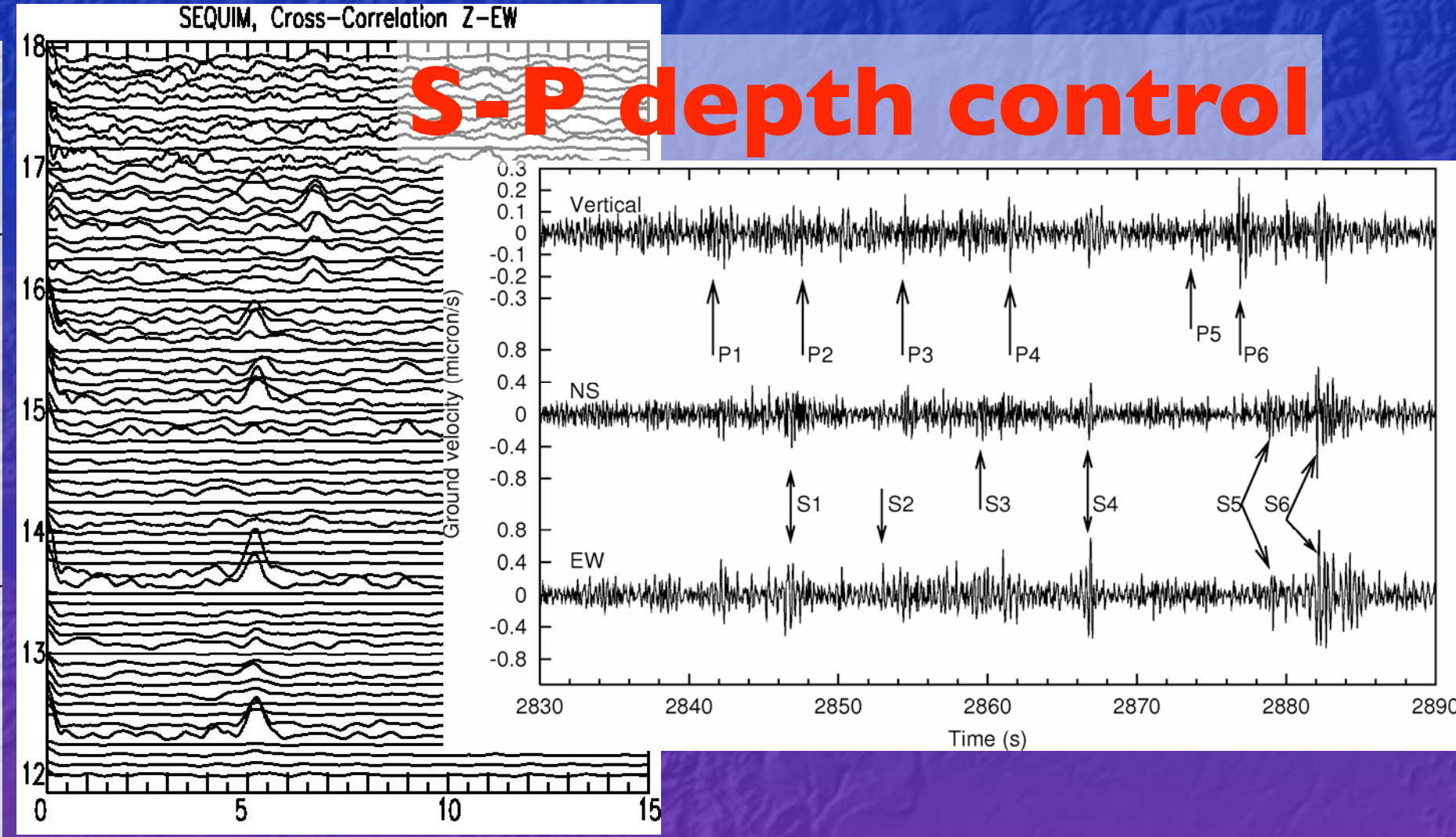
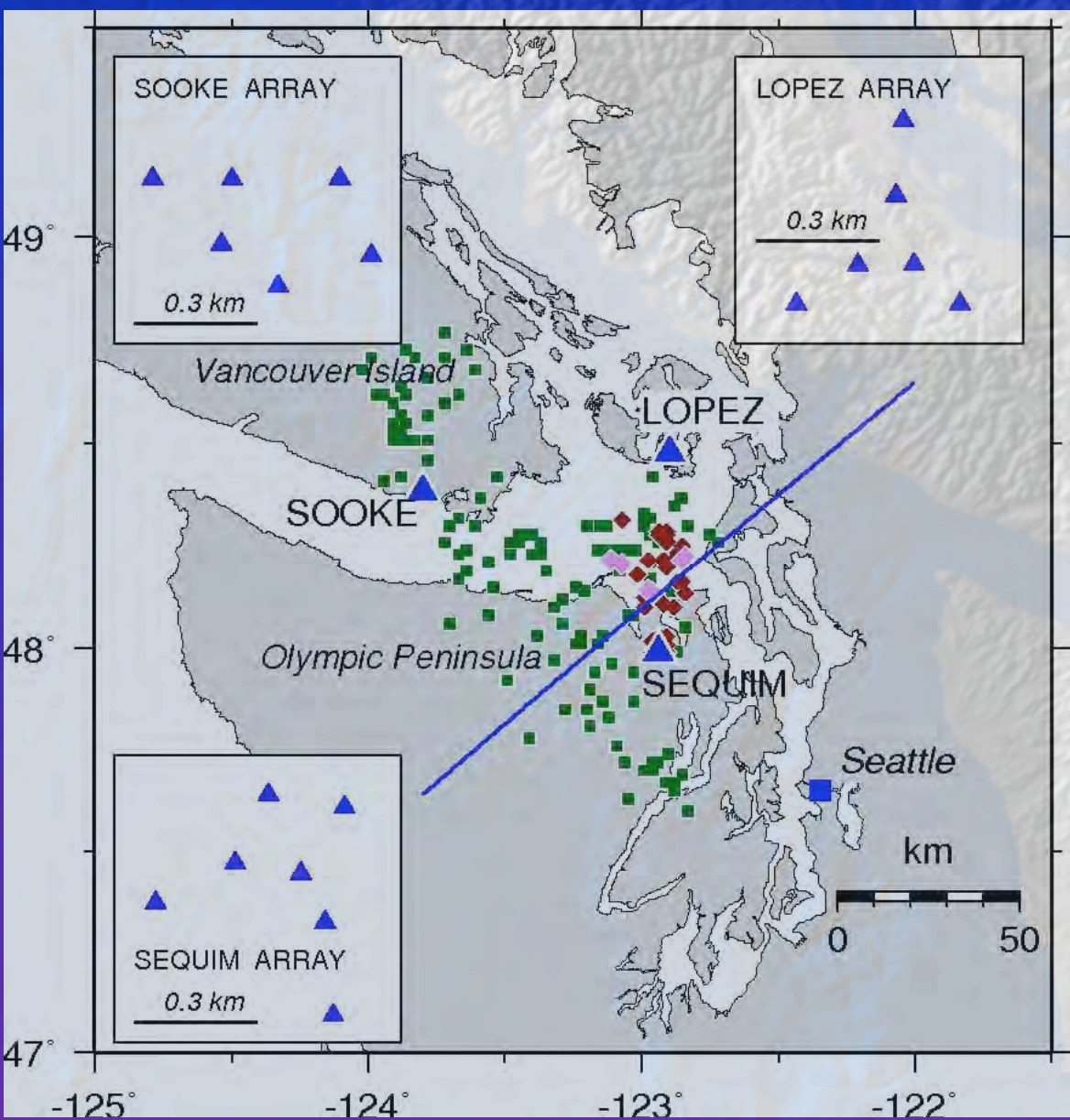
# S-P depth control



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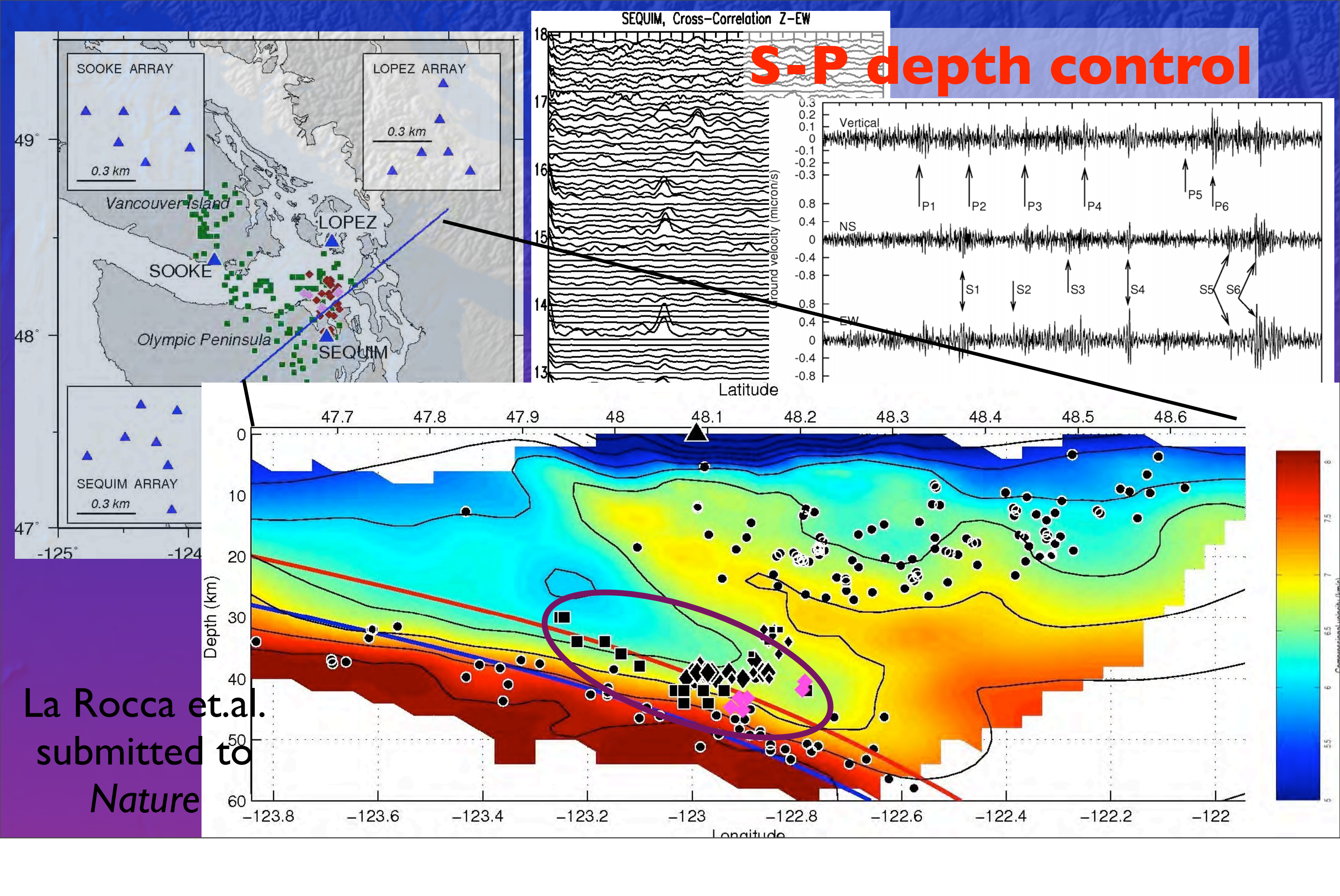
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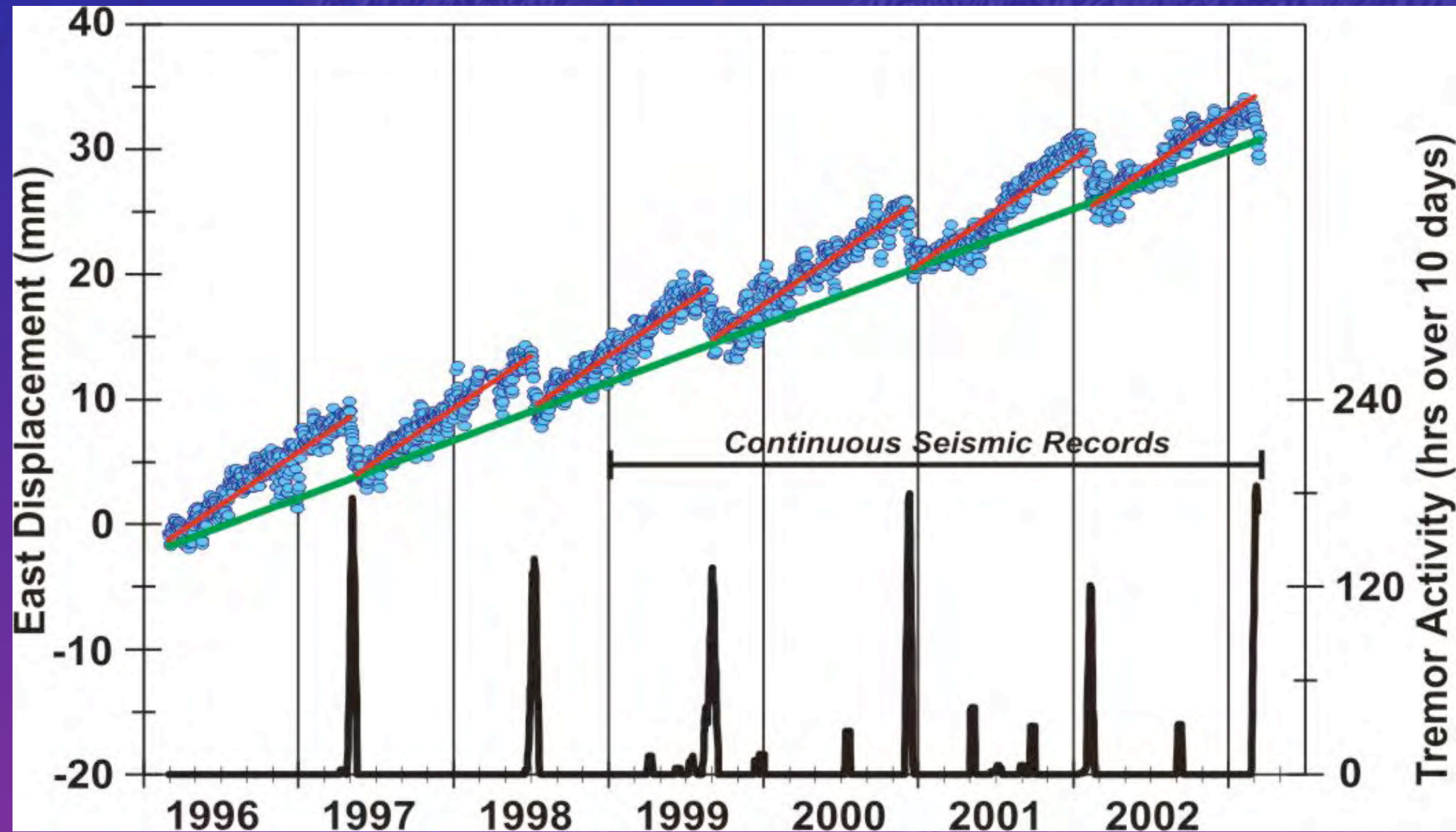
# S-P depth control



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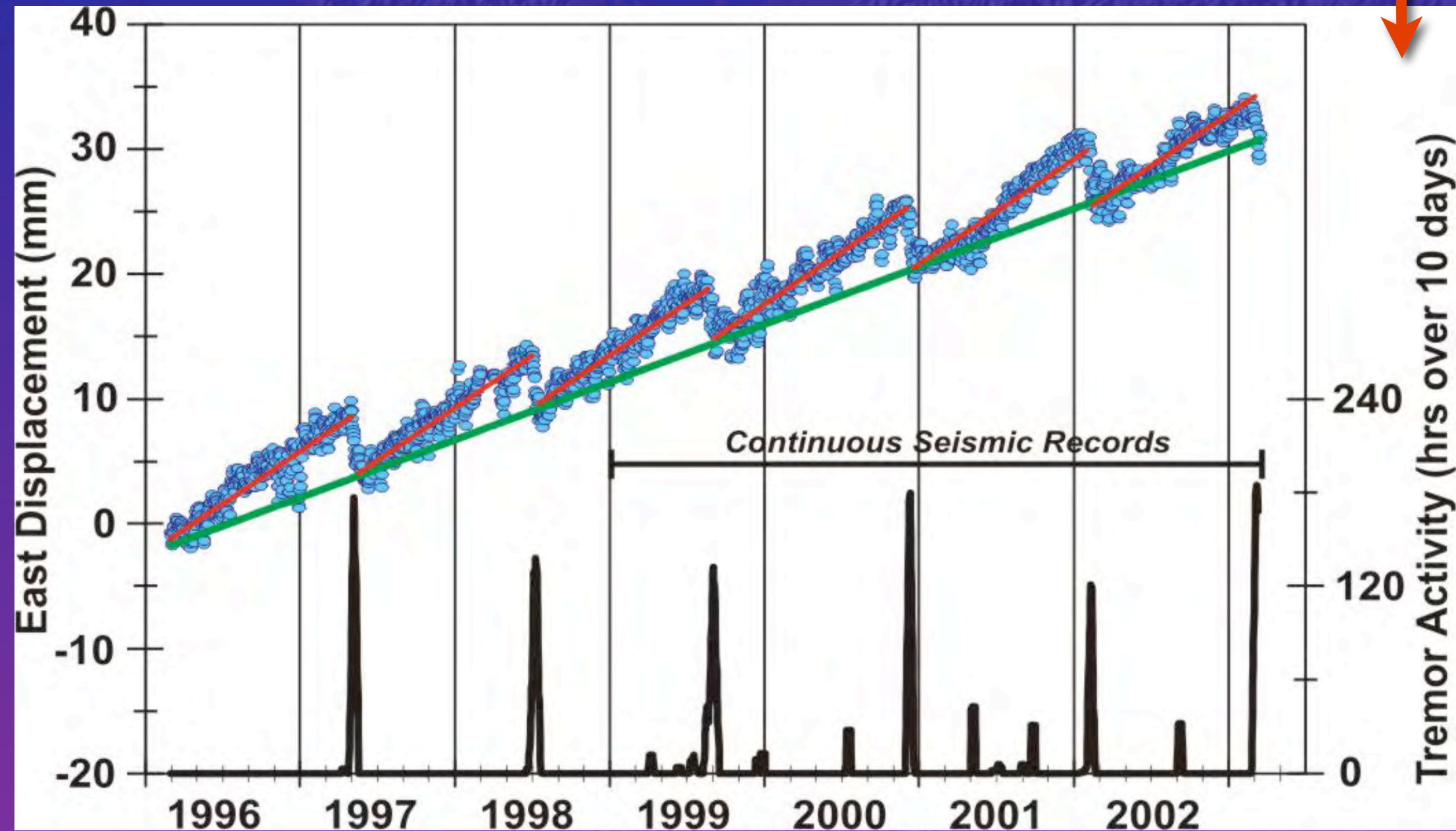


# Slip and tremor occur at the same time in a regular pattern



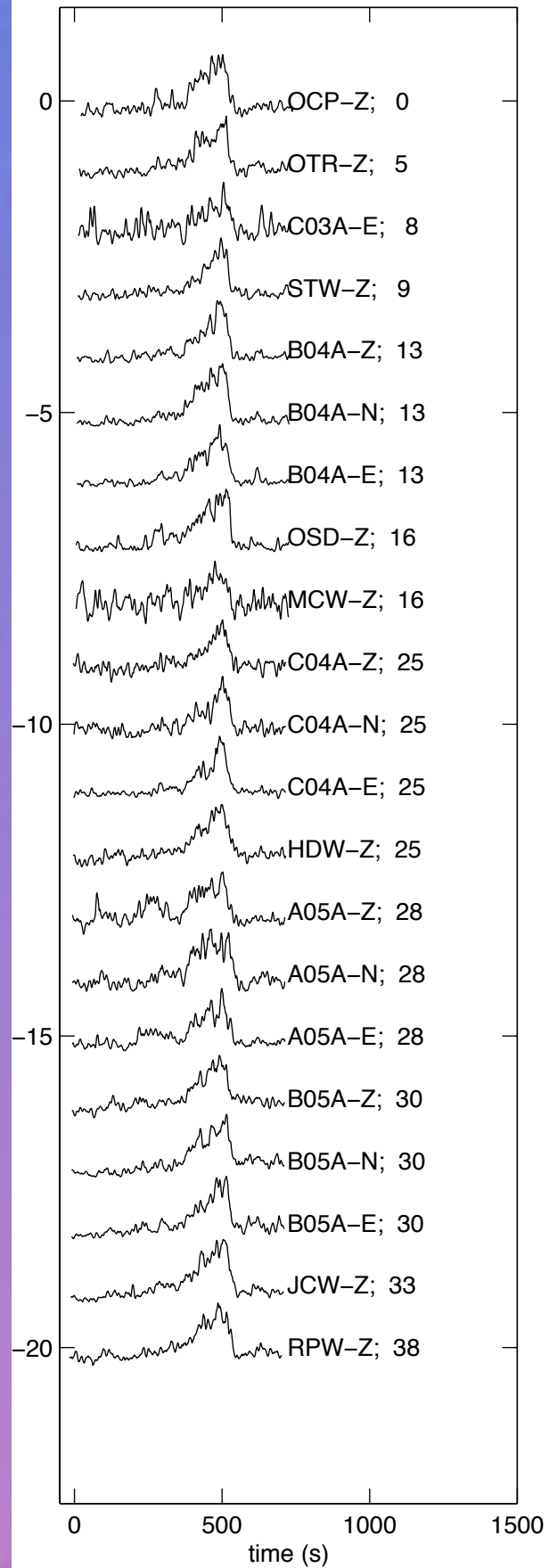


July, 2004, Sep, 2005, Jan 2007 predicted  
and did occur on schedule

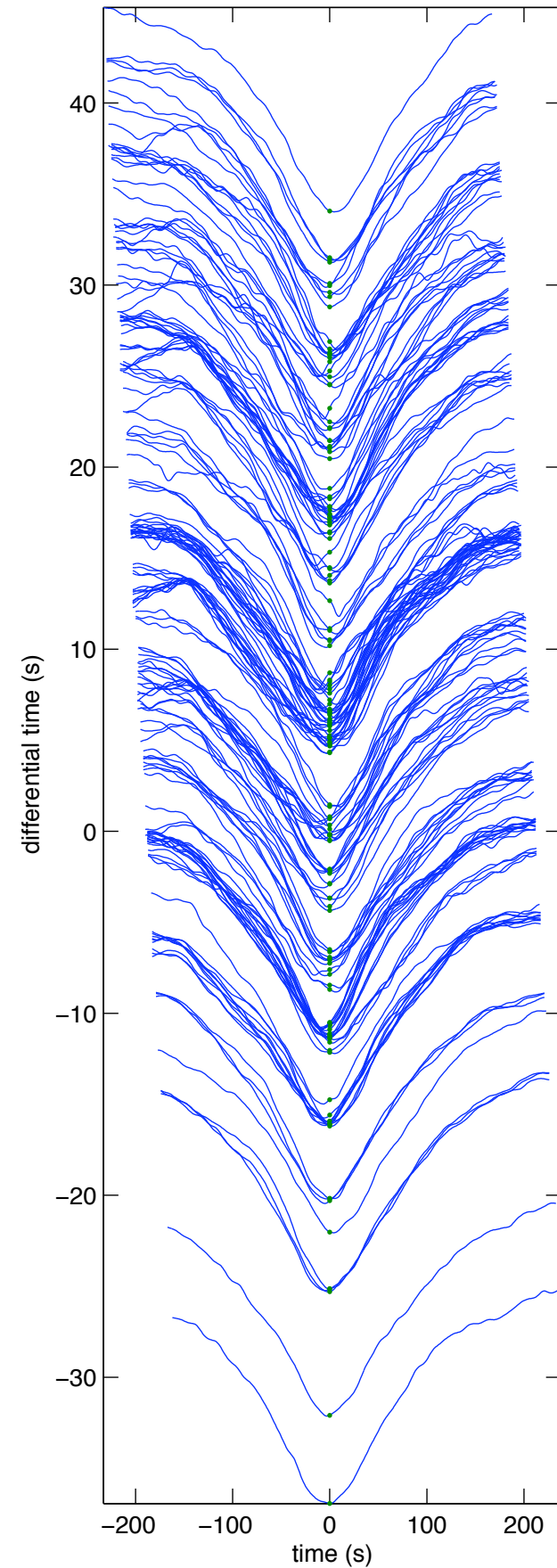




2006/11/10 5.10– 5.30; Smoothed Envelopes

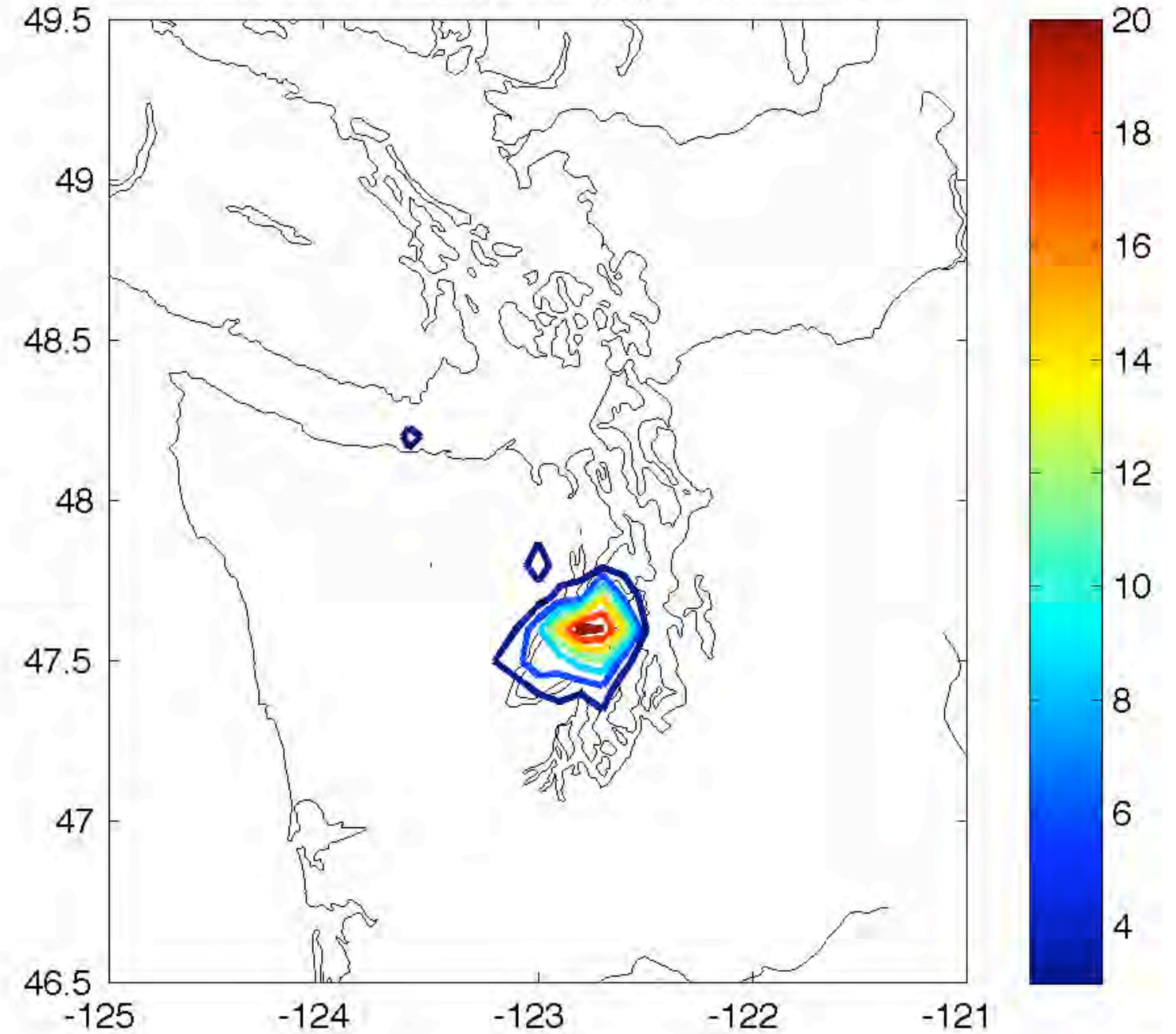


Cross Correlations of Envelopes; misfit: 1.07

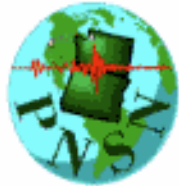


AND,  
last month tremor was detected

03/07/2008 Location Density (per 100 km<sup>2</sup>)







<http://www.pnsn.org/WEBICORDERS/DEEPTREM/winter2008.html>

Shortcuts:

[Seismic Envelope Plots](#) | [ETS diagnostic Webicorders](#) | [Main Webicorder Index](#) | [Spectrograms](#) |  
[Tremor hours summary](#) | [Auto-Tremor Map](#) | [Main Tremor Index](#) |

## **Cascadia Arrays For EarthScope (CAFE) -** **Deep Tremor News: Jan, 2008 - .... (Winter, 2008)**

This page will have frequent updates from observations and studies of Cascadia deep tremor expected during the winter of 2008 CAFE has [several different goals](#) including imaging the structure of the Cascadia subduction zone and a study of deep tremor associated with Episodic Tremor and Slip (ETS).

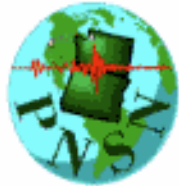
News will be posted on this page (latest at the top) and references to figures from time to time.

There is a PDF [Map of CAFE stations](#) in operation from fall of 2006, planned through summer of 2008.

### **NEWS (latest at the top)**

- Apr 4, 2009 - It has been very quite around here. No tremor in Washington for several weeks. However the PGC dudes (Honn Kao, Garry Rogers, Herb Dragert) report fairly strong tremor in the north Vancouver Island area lasting for four days and then quitting yesterday and without any detectable GPS motions. Maybe that section is mimicing the southern Puget Sound section and "faking" and ETS event starting.
- Mar 12, 2009 - No tremor for the past three days. A [21 day seismic envelope plot](#) of the period Feb 28 to Mar 12, 2008 shows the 7+ days of tremor that looked to be the beginning of an ETS. Note that it is quite strong on HDW but not nearly as obvious on the nearby stations, CPW, SMW and GNW though it can be seen above the noise there too. Other noises showing up on many stations are obviously diurnal cultural noises that even are lower levels on weekends. The [Auto-Tremor Map](#) for the past few days shows almost no tremor locations.
- Mar 9, 2009 - After some very strong tremor on Mar 7 tremor seems to have decreased during Mar 8. Over the past 24 hours (Mar 9 GMT) there has only been very weak tremor now and then. It seems that the ETS has either stalled or this is not the main event. As previously scheduled the almost 90 Texan seismographs in the Olympics were serviced, swapping existing ones for new ones.





<http://www.pnsn.org/WEBICORDERS/DEEPTREM/winter2008.html>

Seismic Envelope Plots | ETS diagnostic Webicorders |  
Tremor hours summary | Auto-Tremor Map | Main Tr

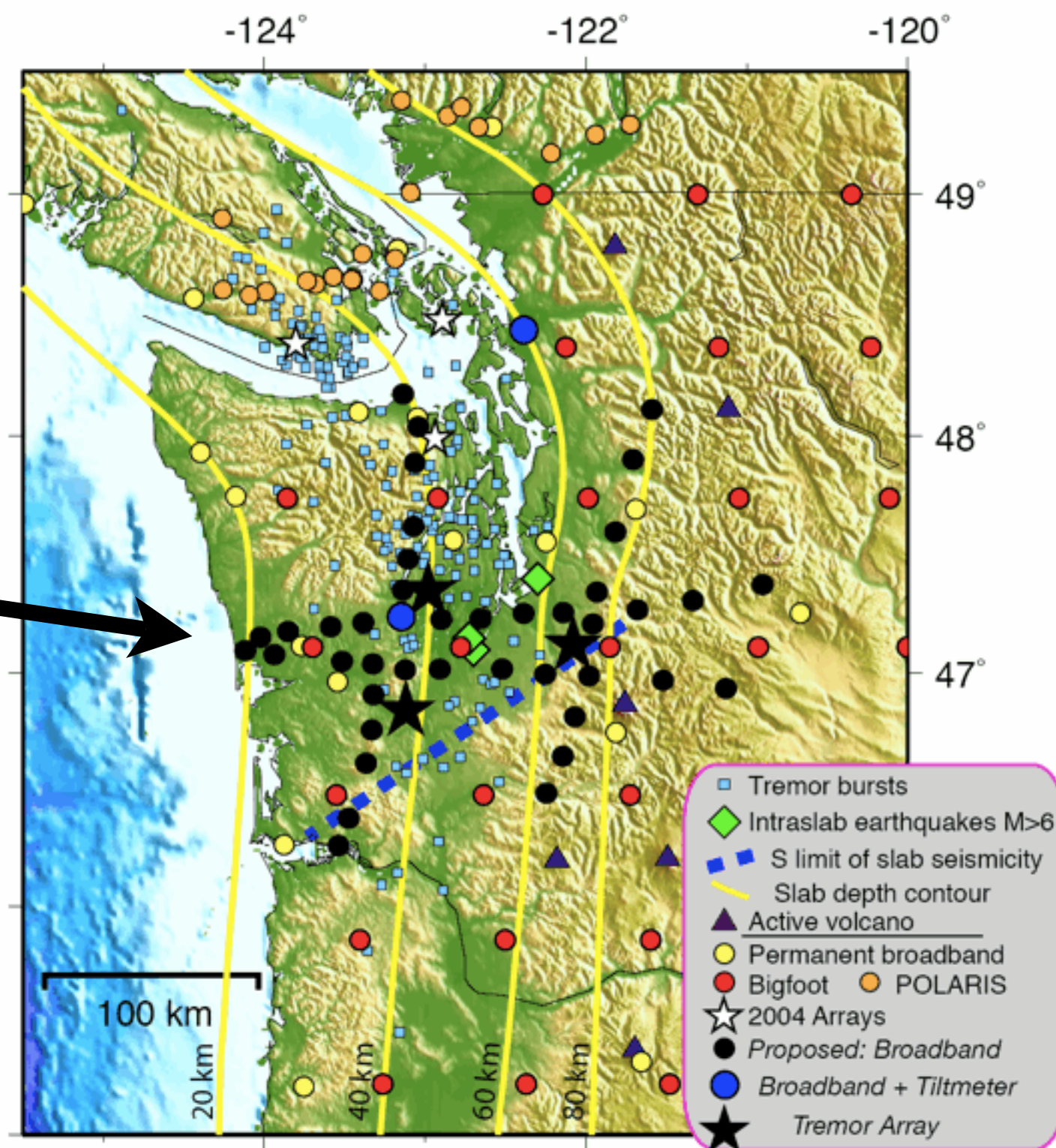
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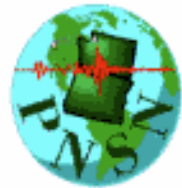
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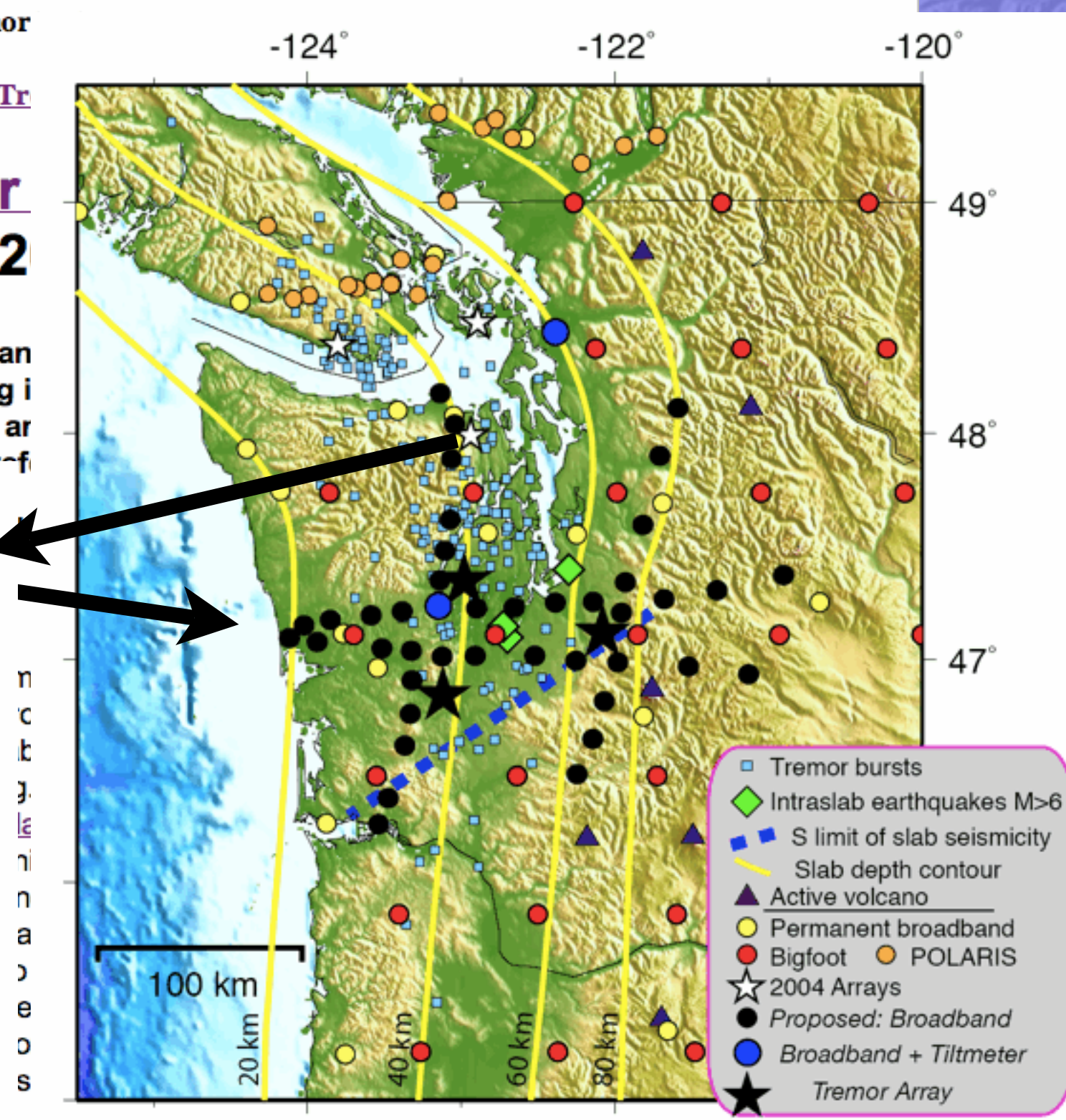
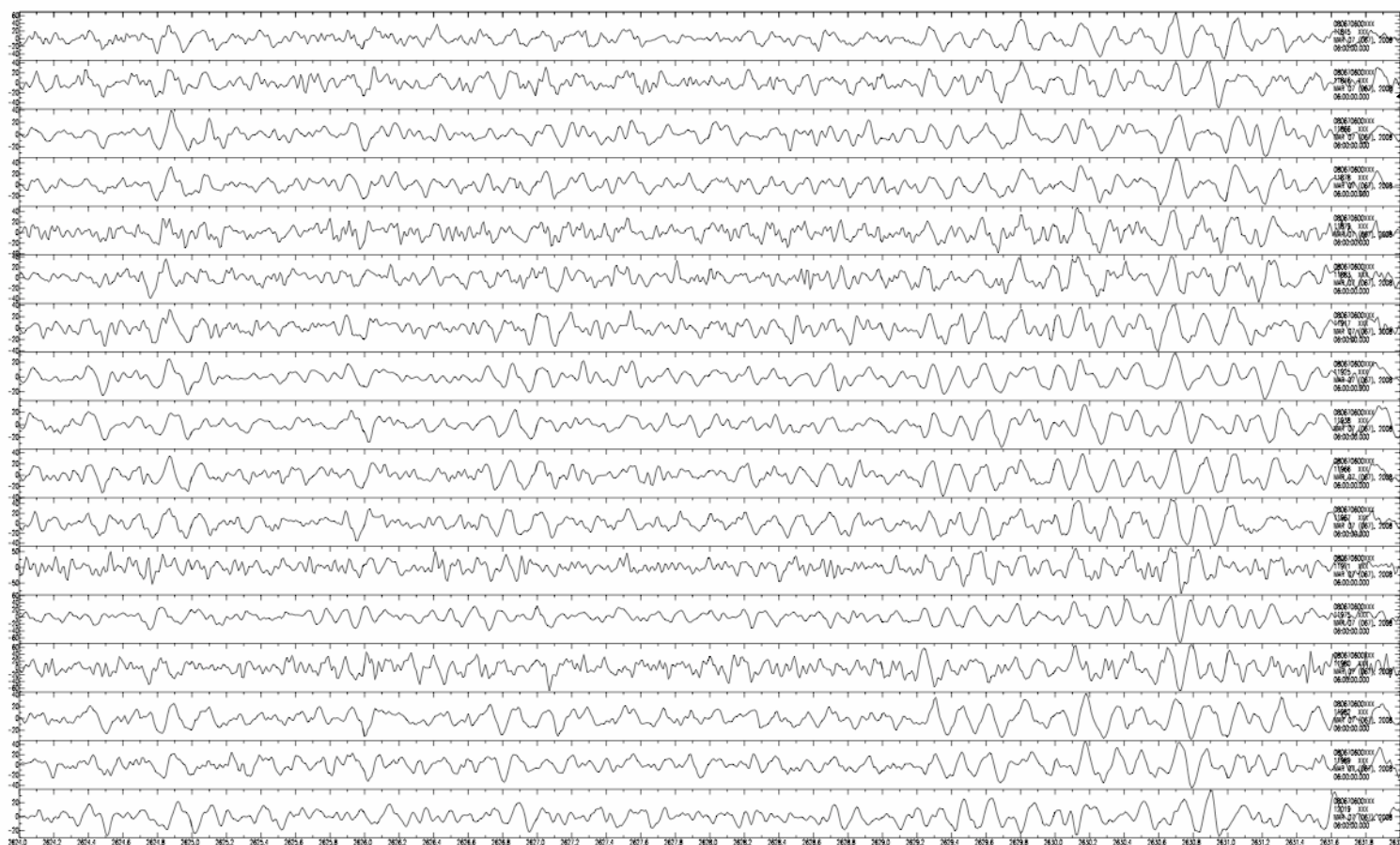


<http://www.pnsn.org/WEBICORDERS/DEEPTREM/winter2008.html>

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# Early Warning research





# Early Warning research

- Explosive eruption has started - Warn aircraft away from expanding ash cloud





# Early Warning research

- Explosive eruption has started - Warn aircraft away from expanding ash cloud
- Large subduction earthquake has occurred - warn coastal populations of tsunami

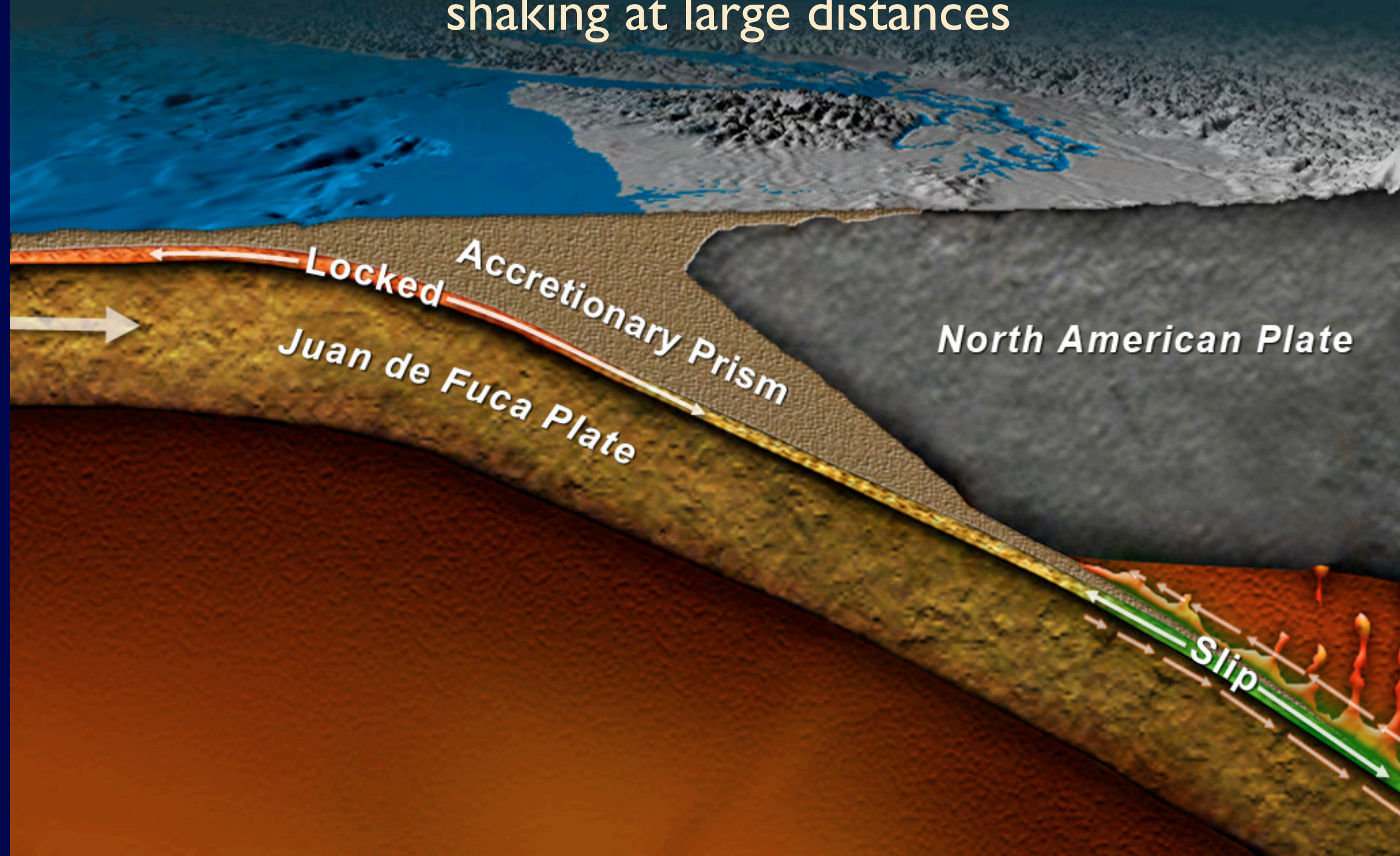


# Early Warning research

- Explosive eruption has started - Warn aircraft away from expanding ash cloud
- Large subduction earthquake has occurred - warn coastal populations of tsunami
- Large earthquake has started - warn population at distance of strong ground motion coming

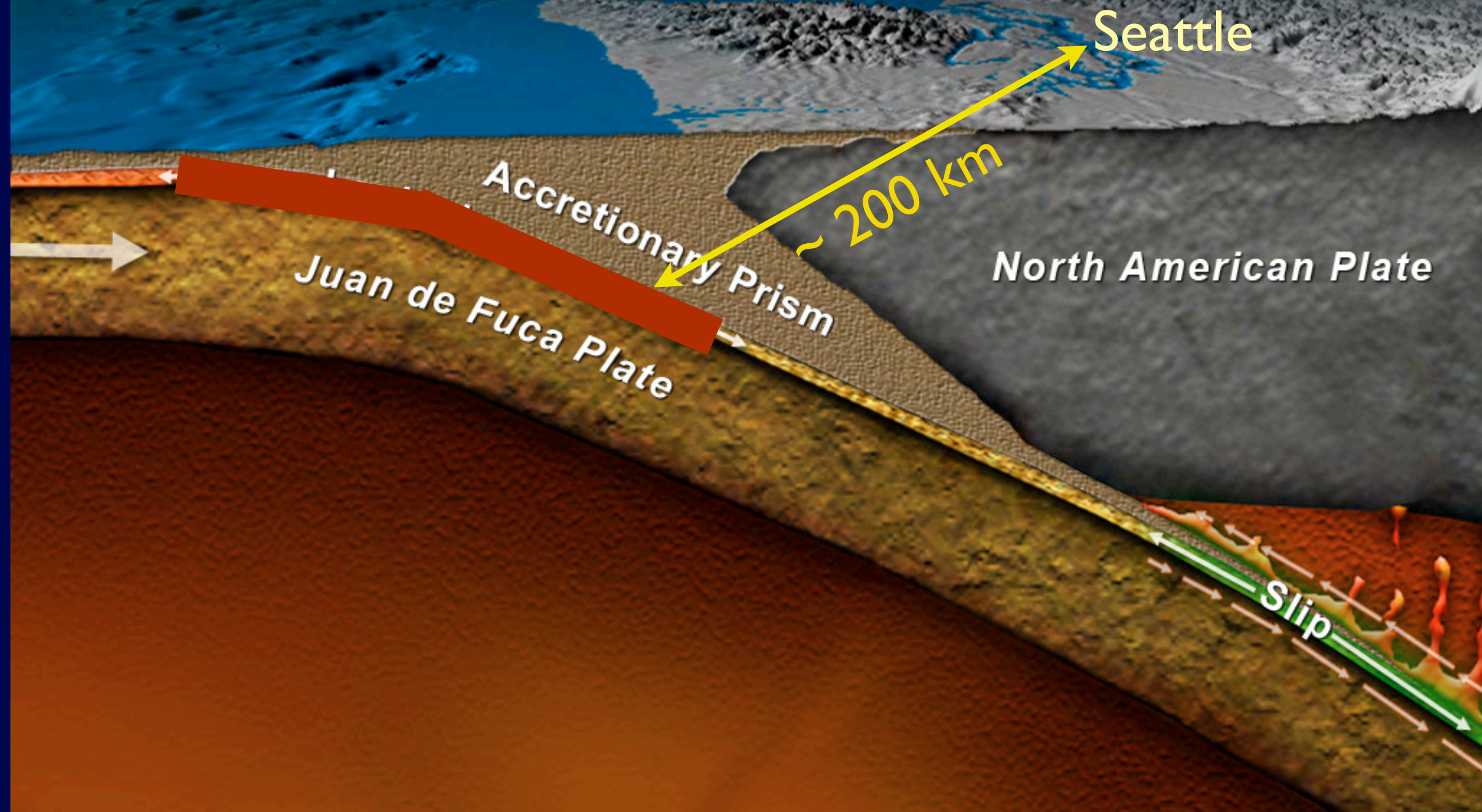


Locked section of Cascadia subduction zone  
starts breaking allows warning of strong  
shaking at large distances

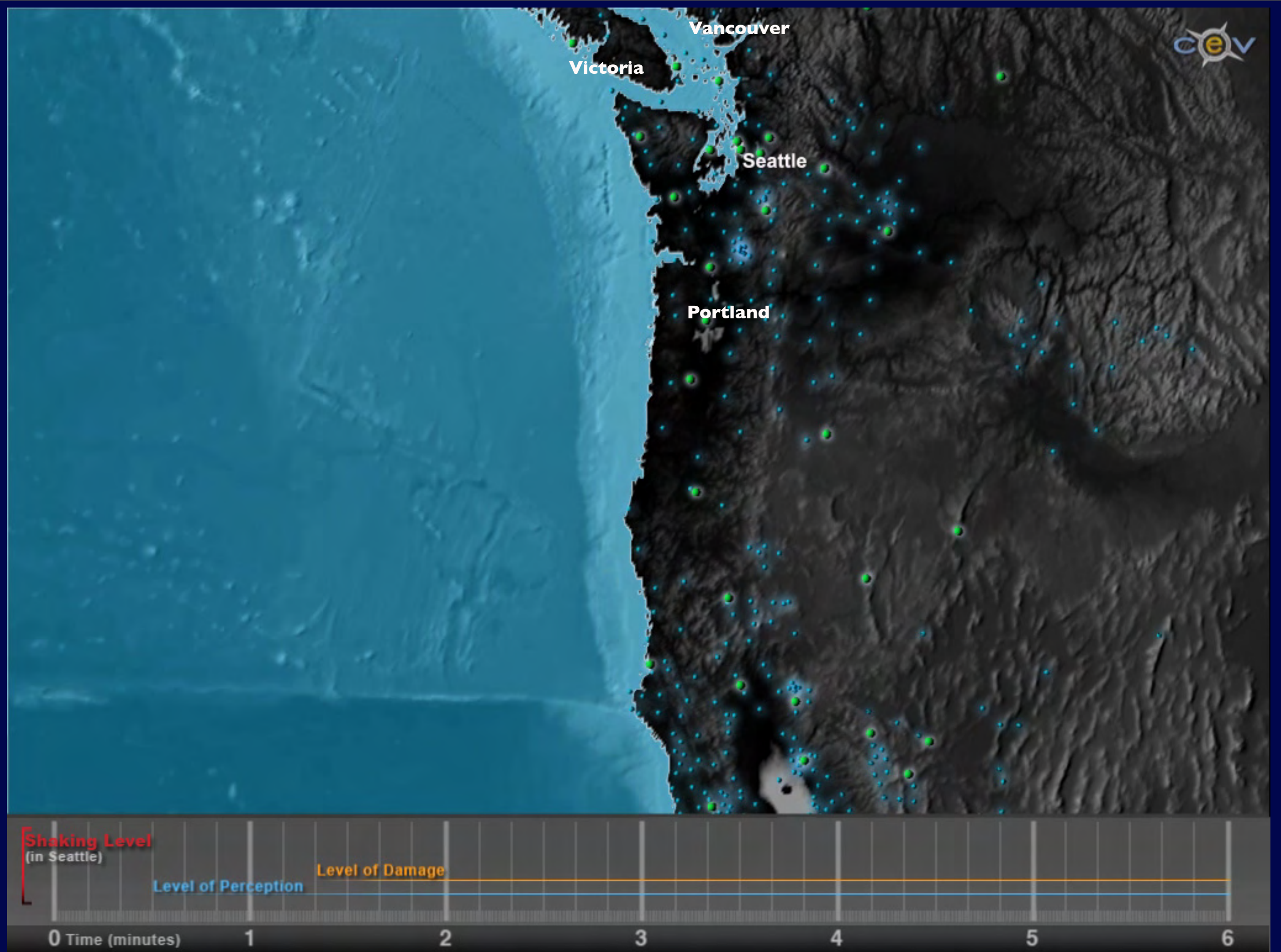




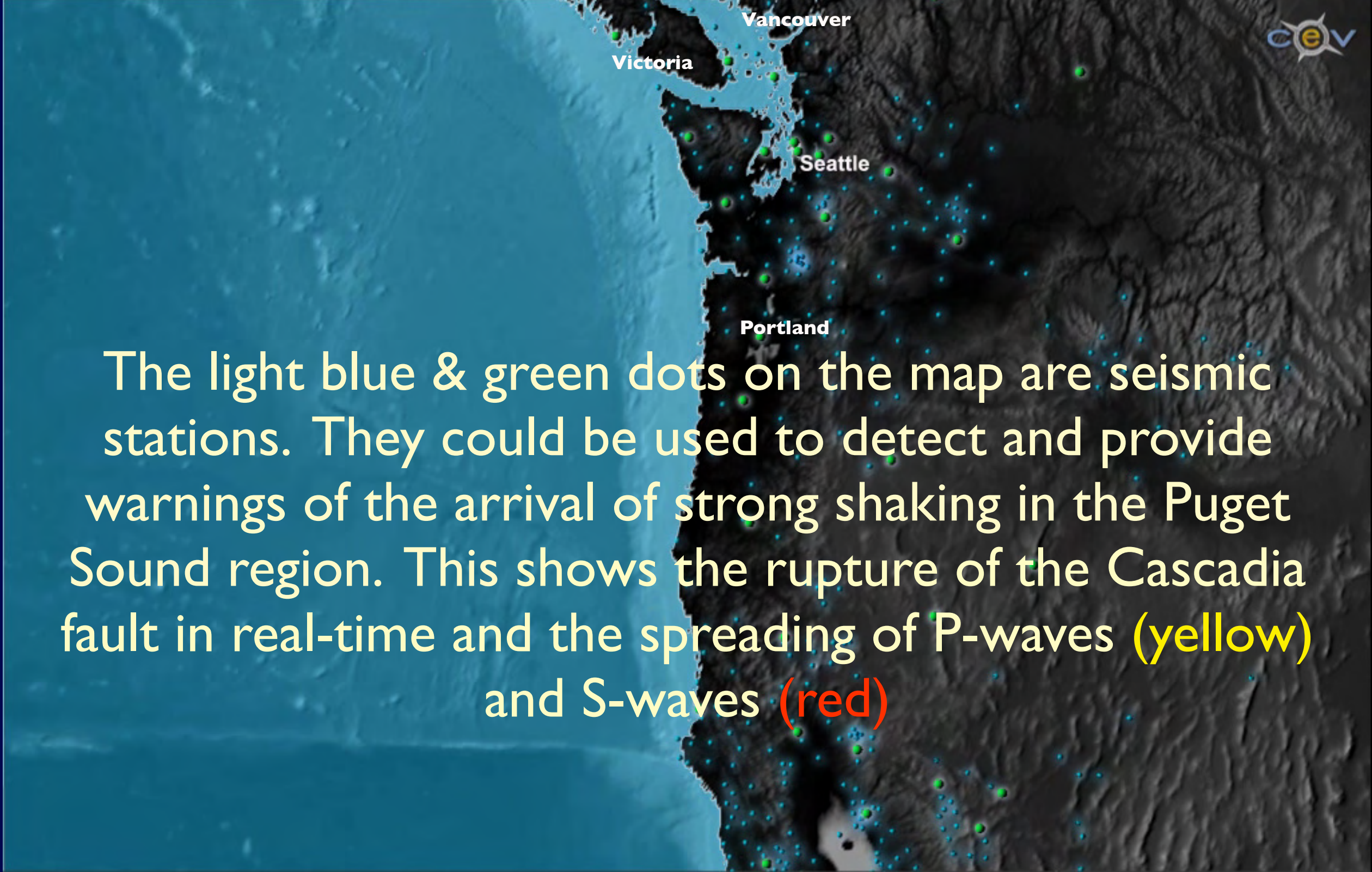
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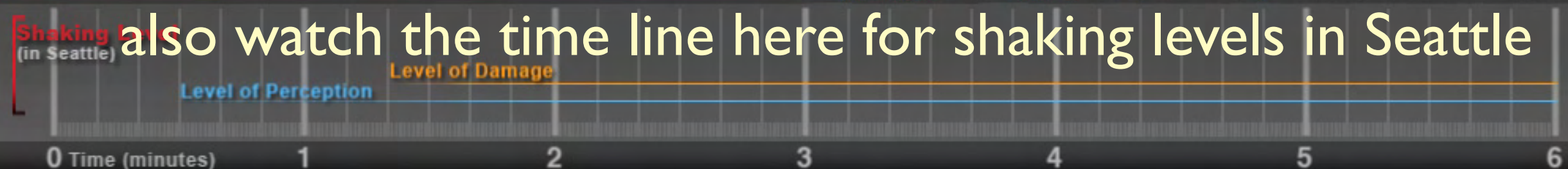




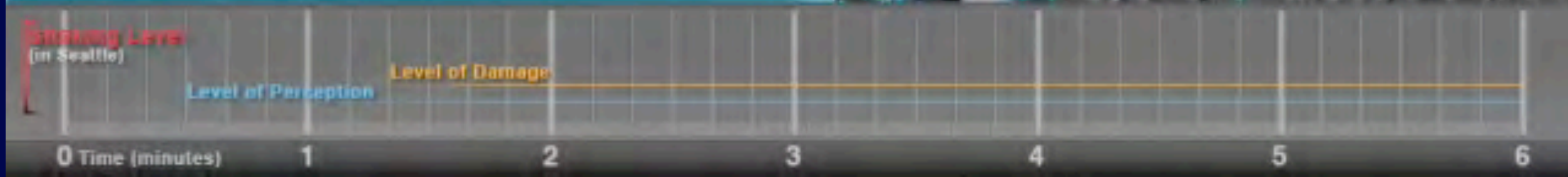
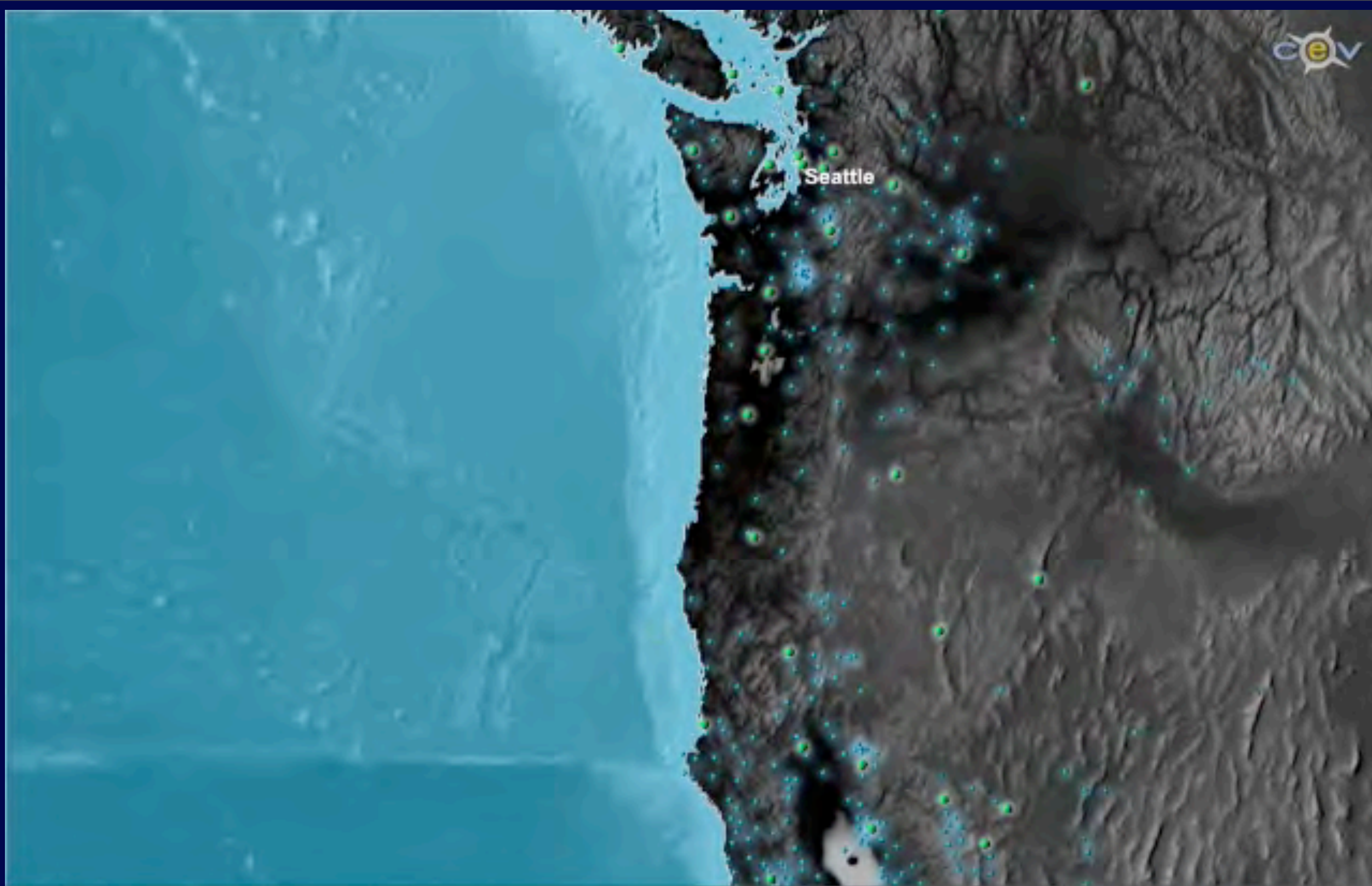




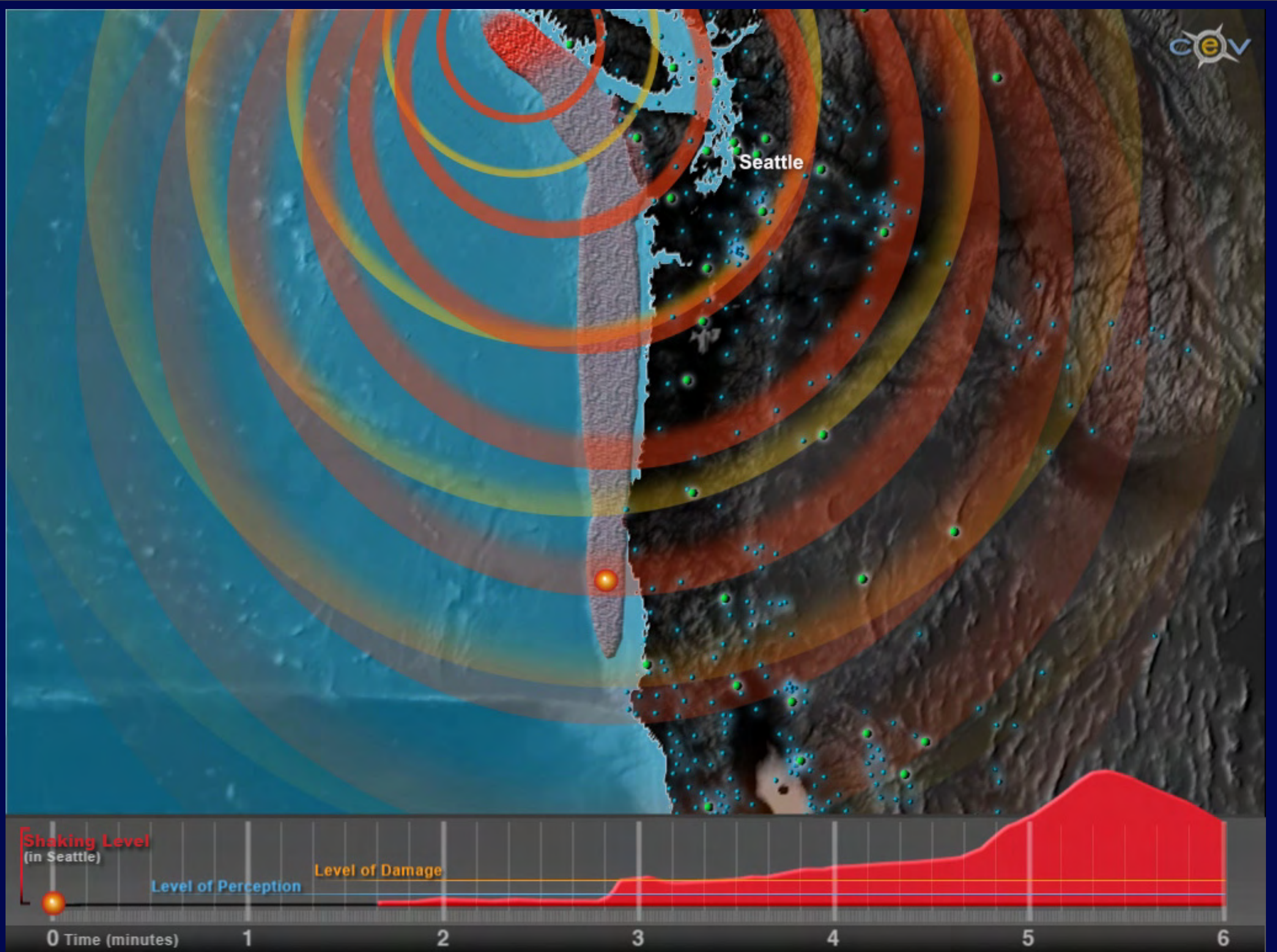
The light blue & green dots on the map are seismic stations. They could be used to detect and provide warnings of the arrival of strong shaking in the Puget Sound region. This shows the rupture of the Cascadia fault in real-time and the spreading of P-waves (yellow) and S-waves (red)













END

<http://www.pnsn.org> click on NEWS